

Mint of the United States.

March 19th, 1845.

Sir,

An application has been made to me
by from the Farmers and Mechanics Bank
of this city, to receive for their ^{fourth} quarter
divines and half-divines, ^{as ~~proposed~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~law~~} ~~the~~ an amount,
to some extent, of ~~the~~ ^{the} half-dollars, of
the old standard.

I am decidedly in favor of pressing,
very fully, with the propriety of grant-
ing this request, and respectfully apply
for your approbation of the measure.

~~There~~ There is no legal obstacle in the way,
but we have not hitherto ^{accepted} ~~received~~ ~~in~~ ~~de~~
posits, any ~~the~~ coins except those of gold
issued prior to the change of standard in
1834.

What I now propose is, that the au-
thority be given to the Director of the Mint
to receive ^{again} ~~proposed~~ ~~the~~ at his discretion,
the receipt of deposits for redemption of
silver coins of the United States, bearing
date prior to 1837; and that such coins
be received by weight, and as of their

Legal Standard, viz. 892.4 thousandths.

The measure thus proposed is rendered important by the circumstances of ^{the} increased demand for small coins, which will be caused by the new postage act, and by the scarcity of foreign silver for their manufacture. It is ~~also~~ certainly also desirable that our coins should, as far as possible, be confined of the same standard. I may add that the old coins are inferior to the present in their mechanical execution, so that this circumstance also makes their replacement desirable.

R. M. P.

Wm Robert A. Walker
Secy of Treasury

Branch of the State of Mo. Cas.
Rd at Charle. Mo. 19 Mar 1845

Dear Sir

I have recd your letter
of the 11th inst. with Receipts and
Memorandum of Deposits made by
Mr. Rippe for W. A. Williams and myself

Dr. R. M. Patterson
Director
Philadelphia

Very Respectfully
Yrs at St.
W. A. Lucas
Cash

Mr. Halick, Swedish and Norwegian Consul
begs leave to enquire for the information of his
Government, if the coin, Swedish Dollar, has
during the year 1844, undergone any change in
regard to weight ~~or~~ alloy, and if so, to what extent.
He would also try to be informed the standard of the
coin as it now is.

Stockholm, March 20. 1845.

Treasury Department
March 20. 1845.

Sir

Your letter dated yesterday has been received and as I can perceive no objection to the course proposed, you are authorized to receive, as suggested, on deposit for coinage, silver coins of the United States bearing date prior to the year 1837.

I am Respectfully
R. M. W. Miller
Sec. of the Treasury.

D. W. M. Patterson -
Director of the Mint
Philad^a

Mint of the United States

March 20th, 1855.

Sir,

I have the honor to request that you will issue your warrant, in favor of the Treasurer of the Mint, for Six thousand eight hundred dollars, out of the appropriation for the current fiscal year. viz.

For Salaries of Officers & Clerks \$4,800.

For Wages of Workmen — 2,000.
6,800.

Very respectfully,

Your faithful Servant,

R. M. P.

Director,

14

Hon. Robt. L. Walker,
Secy of Treasury

Treasurer of the State of N. Carolina
N. C. at Charlotte 21 March 1865

Dear Sir

I send you by Mr. Ellis here
with a small package of Gold Buttons which
please have assayed separately as follows

No 1.	4 Bars J. J. Ellarwell	160
2.	1 Bar. Wm. Abney	300
3.	3 Bars. Thos. Frolier	289 4
4.	1 Bar. J. H. Kennedy	109 15
5.	R. C. Conner 2 Bars	288
6.	2 Bars. W. W. Ellis	569 16
		\$2213 11

please deliver the Coin to Mr. Ellis and send
me the memorandum of assay by mail as
early as convenient

Very Respectfully
Yrs. at St.
W. A. Lucas
Cashier

D. R. M. Patterson
Director & Co
Philadelphia

Bank of the State of No Caro
N^o at Charlotte 21. Mar 1845

Dear Sir

I send you herewith by
Mr. Chas a package of Gold Buttons for
Mr W. A. Williams containing 1413 penny
weights of grain which please have assayed
as before and send me the Receipt and
Memorandum of assay by mail as early
as convenient.

Very Respectfully
Yrs. ad. S^r
W. A. L. Hoag
Cash

D^r R. M. Patterson
Director &c
Philadelphia

Min^{tr} of the U.S. States.
Phila^{del} Mar 22/45

Dear Sir, I received, this morning, your
letter of the 14th, and now comply with
your instructions, by sending you the
enclosed receipts and mem^o.

Very respy

W. M. C.

Director

(Director)

To
J. F. Hardy Esq.
Attn: Treas^r of the Bank,
Bank of Asheville N.C.

Min^{tr} receipt N^o 88. Gold Bullion 772⁸⁸ / 100 1/2
do do 89 do do 332⁸⁷ / 100 1/2
Mem^o Gold Bullion deposited Feb^r 14/45 value \$12,800.00

Chief of the United States
Philadelphia 22/45

Sir,

Our interest has been much excited
by the discovery of gold dust for coinage
by the Farmers Bank at Frederickburg,
and a rich ore found to weigh 75.52 ounces.
It is the heaviest single grain that we have
yet received from any of the Old Mines.

I am informed by Mr. Patton that it
was found on your land. Will you have
the goodness to let me know where and
when it was met with? Whether it
was on the surface, or in a mine;
whether the large grains, what accomp
it was from the same place; whether
any lump of the same size had before been
found in Virginia?

This and any other information
in regard to this curious specimen will
be very acceptable, and will be gratefully
acknowledged.

Very respectfully

Amiel N. Putnam Esq.

W. H. A.

Director

P.S. The fineness of the piece in question
is 897/1000 thousandths, so that it is
somewhat below standard. The weight
of gold in it is not yet ascertained.

Minist of the U. States
Phila Mar 22/45

Sir,

In answer to the inquiry made in
your note of the 20th inst., I have
to state that, by an act of Aug 18,
1837, the standard of the Silver coins
of the U. States was changed from
 $\frac{149.5}{1000}$, or about 892.4 thousandths, to 900
thousandths; and, at the same time,
the weight of the dollar was reduced
from 480 grains, to 412½. No change has
since taken place.

I may add that the act above
referred to also made 900 thousandths
the legal standard of our gold coins.

With great respect

Yours

R. M. P.

Director

To/

Mr. Habicht

U. S. Med. & Surg. Maj. (Genl.),
New-York.

Office of the United States.
March 24/45

Madam/

I recd. herewith a letter from Dr.
Forster, which was her

I learned, on Saturday, that there
was a box, at the Wash. Hotel, directed
to me, and, on sending for it, found it
was the missing package from Dr. Forster.
It ^{is} ~~was~~ the ^{sublimed} ~~letter~~ ^{package} ~~which~~ I was seeking.

I have looked at the supposed silene
one, and believe them to be nothing but
ordinary specimens of *Stachys*, ^(? *Stachys*) and
not *Stachys*, such are common in the neighbor-
hood of Philadelphia. They shall be
analyzed, tested, however, for silene, and
when the result is ascertained, I will
write to Dr. Forster.

R. M. P.

W.
Mr. Dr. Forster,
W. S. & Co. N. Y.

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,

24 March 1845.

Sir:

Enclosed you will receive *one* Treasury Draft
made payable to your order, together with a descriptive list of the same,
combined with a receipt therefor, which you will please to sign and return
to this office, by return of mail.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant,

WM. SELDEN,
Treasurer of the United States.

Isaac Roach Esq.

Mont. N.C. March 25/85.

Dear Sir,

I comply with the request made
in your letter of the 18th inst., by sending
you the enclosed memorandum.

The Mont. Receipt has been sent,
enclosed in your letter, to C. J. Cammann
Esq., Cash. Vt., New York, with a note
stating the value of the deposit.

R. M. D.

D

To
D. W. Stone, Esq.
Cash. Br. Bk. Cash. Fear
Raleigh N.C.

Albion, N.Y.
March 25 / 11.

Sir,
At the desire of Mr. Stone, I send
you the enclosed receipt. Its value
is one thousand six hundred & eighty-four
dollars & 73 cents (\$1684.73.)

R. M. P.

To
O. J. Canmann, Esq.
Care of
New York

Taunton March 8th 1842

Rev. William Lloyd

Director N. Unit.

Dear Sir -

We annex bill
of planchets, shipped to Sec. San. Gen. Co.
amounting to \$1,139.52.

The bill we have received
will thank you to forward us by the
return of the above named Selvon, say
two thousand dollars in cash - & the amount
of our bill say, \$2,139.52 - to Messrs. A. & J.
Orbit, to cash it & send it to New York.

We shall like the above in
keys of about \$100 each -

Very Respectfully
We remain
Yours.

Geo. R. Bro. & Co.

Legation of the U. States
Madrid 5th March 1842.

M. W. Patterson Esq.
Director of the Mint.
Philadelphia.

Sir

Referring you to my letter of the 20th of July last, in answer to your request of the preceding 29th of March for certain information from the Spanish Government on the subject of coinage, I now transmit to you a Table drawn up at the Royal Mint in this City containing the first instalment of the information promised to me, which as having to be drawn from the several mints of the Kingdom, can only be furnished as received from those establishments agreeably to the orders which have been given them to that effect. If received while I continue at the Legation, it shall with much pleasure be transmitted by,

Yours Obedt. Servant.

A. Hall.

Mint of the United States in use with T. W. Fenning Esq.
March 20th By Cashier from Springfield for
13 Bank Notes rec'd from N. Orleans \$493.97

1842

Feb 19 To Postage for Philadelphia v. 12

" 25 " do " do v. 13

March 2 " On forwarding & delivering

1366 Imps 1 pack on a/c \$5.19

New York March 20th 1842. \$488.78

No 23 Merchant Exchange, New York
New York March 20th 1842

Refd, Above you have a/c ~~the~~ of the receipt
and delivery of the 13 bank Imps - the proceeds \$488.78
are in hand, subject to your order - Mr. Fenning
paid in Bank notes, but if you wish, I can procure
it for you -

R. M. Patterson Esq.
Director of U.S. Mint, Phila. T. W. Fenning

Wash. Co. 24. 1861.

Sir,

I rec^d. Yours of 22nd, last evening. I have not
examined the printed bill, regarding the currency &c., &
have not the papers at hand to examine.

The bill however which was reported by the
Committee, was the manuscript copy received
from you, some time ago - & has been printed from
that. The error which you noticed may be
a typographical one - but from whatever source it
has arisen, shall be corrected.

Very respectfully

Yours &c. &c. &c.

G. Evans

N. M. Pittman Esq.

Union Trust Co. &c.

Mint of the U. S.

April 22, 1822.

Sir, I received, this morning, from Mr. Jas. H. Ingersoll, a copy of the bill reported by you on the 13th inst., "regulating the currency of gold and silver coins in the United States." I am already, I know very well, as to this important bill, and I now write merely for the purpose of calling your attention to what I believe to be a mistake at the close of the 3d Sect. In the project which I took the liberty of sending to you, I set down the average weight of the five franc piece at 384 grains; in the bill, I see it given at 385, and I think that the former number should be restored.

The following list shows the weight which we have found, at the Mint, for the five franc pieces of different issues.

Year 17	Republic	383
1803-44	Bonaparte Consul	383
1804-14	Napoleon, Emperor	383½
1815-24	Louis XVIII	384
1825-30	Charles X	384½
1831-38	Louis Philippe	385

Mean, — 383.33

According to the law of France, 200 francs of silver, at the standard fineness, should weigh a kilogramme, which would make the 5 fr. piece weigh 385½ grs.; but the actual average weight of this coin in circulation, may be assumed at 384 grs.; and at this weight it is worth 93c. I hope, therefore, that the bill will be amended accordingly.

Wm. Geo. Coates,
Ch. Com. Finance,
U. S. Senator.

R. M. P.
S.

27th CONGRESS,
2d Session.

H. R. 399.

(No Report.)

APRIL 20, 1842.

Read twice, and committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. J. R. INGERSOLL, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the following bill:

A BILL

To fix and provide for certain incidental expenses of the departments and offices of the Government.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives*
2 *of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That*
3 *for the purpose of limiting the incidental and contingent ap-*
4 *propriations for the necessary expenses of the Government*
5 *to specific objects, as far as practicable, the following sums*
6 *are hereby appropriated for the year eighteen hundred and*
7 *forty-two, out of any unappropriated moneys in the Treasury,*
8 *to the objects hereinafter specified, namely:*

9 NAVY DEPARTMENT.

10 No 1. In the Secretary's office:

11 For blank books, binding, and stationery, six hundred
12 dollars.

13 For extra clerk hire, fifteen hundred dollars.

14 For printing, three hundred dollars.

15 For labor, one hundred dollars.

16 For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars.

17 For newspapers and periodicals, one hundred dollars.

- 18 No. 2. In the Navy Commissioners' office :
- 19 For blank books, binding, and stationery, five hundred
- 20 dollars.
- 21 For extra clerk hire, five hundred dollars.
- 22 For labor, three hundred dollars.
- 23 For miscellaneous items, six hundred and fifty dollars.
- 24 No. 3. For the southwest Executive building :
- 25 For labor, three hundred and twenty-five dollars.
- 26 For fuel and light, one thousand three hundred and fifty
- 27 dollars.
- 28 For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred and
- 29 fifty dollars.
- 30 No. 4. For the northeast Executive building :
- 31 For labor, one thousand two hundred dollars.
- 32 For fuel and light, one thousand four hundred dollars.
- 33 For miscellaneous items, seven hundred dollars.
- 34 WAR DEPARTMENT.
- 35 No. 5. In the office of the Secretary of War :
- 36 For blank books, binding, and stationery, six hundred
- 37 dollars.
- 38 For newspapers and periodicals, two hundred and fifty
- 39 dollars.
- 40 For labor, three hundred dollars.
- 41 For printing, three hundred dollars.
- 42 For miscellaneous items, five hundred and fifty dollars.
- 43 For books, maps, and plans, one thousand dollars.

- 44 No. 6. In the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs :
- 45 For blank books, binding, and stationery, six hundred
- 46 dollars.
- 47 For labor, fifty dollars.
- 48 For miscellaneous items, eight hundred and fifty dollars.
- 49 No. 7. In the office of the Commissioner of Pensions :
- 50 For blank books, binding, and stationery, five hundred
- 51 dollars.
- 52 For printing, four hundred dollars.
- 53 For fuel, one hundred and fifty dollars.
- 54 For miscellaneous items, four hundred and fifty dollars.
- 55 No. 8. In the office of the Commanding General :
- 56 For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.
- 57 No. 9. In the office of the Adjutant General :
- 58 For blank books, binding, and stationery, two hundred
- 59 dollars.
- 60 For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.
- 61 No. 10. In the office of the Quartermaster General :
- 62 For blank books, binding, and stationery, three hundred
- 63 dollars.
- 64 For labor, one hundred dollars.
- 65 For printing, one hundred dollars.
- 66 For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars.
- 67 No. 11. In the office of the Commissary General of Pur-
- 68 chases :
- 69 For blank books, binding, and stationery, one hundred
- 70 dollars.

- 71 For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.
- 72 No. 12. In the office of the Commissary General of Sub-
- 73 sistence:
- 74 For blank books, binding, and stationery, two hundred
- 75 dollars.
- 76 For extra clerk hire, six hundred dollars.
- 77 For printing, five hundred dollars.
- 78 For labor, one hundred dollars.
- 79 For fuel, one hundred dollars.
- 80 For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.
- 81 No. 13. In the office of the Paymaster General:
- 82 For blank books, binding, and stationery, two hundred
- 83 dollars.
- 84 For fuel, one hundred and twenty-five dollars.
- 85 For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars.
- 86 No. 14. In the office of the Surgeon General:
- 87 For blank books, binding, and stationery, two hundred
- 88 dollars.
- 89 For printing, fifty dollars.
- 90 For fuel, seventy-five dollars.
- 91 For miscellaneous items, one hundred and fifty dollars.
- 92 No. 15. In the office of the Chief Engineer:
- 93 For blank books, binding, and stationery, six hundred
- 94 dollars.
- 95 For printing, one hundred and five dollars.
- 96 For fuel, one hundred and fifty dollars.

- 97 For miscellaneous items, fifty dollars.
- 98 No. 16. In the office of the Colonel of Ordnance:
- 99 For blank books, binding, and stationery, four hundred
- 100 dollars.
- 101 For printing, seventy-five dollars.
- 102 For fuel, one hundred and fifty dollars.
- 103 For miscellaneous items, one hundred dollars.
- 104 No. 17. In the bureau of Topographical Engineers:
- 105 For blank books, binding, and stationery, four hundred
- 106 dollars.
- 107 For labor, one hundred dollars.
- 108 For fuel, two hundred and fifty dollars.
- 109 For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.
- 110 No. 18. For the northwest Executive building:
- 111 For labor, four hundred dollars.
- 112 For fuel and light, two thousand dollars.
- 113 For miscellaneous items, one thousand six hundred and
- 114 seventy dollars.
- 115 **TREASURY DEPARTMENT.**
- 116 No. 19. In the office of the Secretary of the Treasury:
- 117 For blank books, binding, and stationery, three thousand
- 118 five hundred dollars.
- 119 For newspapers and periodicals, one hundred dollars.
- 120 For labor, one hundred and fifty dollars.
- 121 For extra clerk hire, one thousand five hundred dollars.

- 122 For printing, (including the printing of the public ac-
 123 counts,) two thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.
 124 For miscellaneous items, seven hundred dollars.
 125 For translating foreign languages, one hundred and fifty
 126 dollars: *Provided*, That no part of said sum or sums be paid
 127 to any clerk, or other officer of the Government, beyond his
 128 salary, for taking charge of or transmitting passports or sea
 129 letters.
 130 No. 20. In the office of the First Comptroller:
 131 For blank books, binding, and stationery, one thousand
 132 dollars.
 133 For labor, four hundred and fifty dollars.
 134 For extra clerk hire, two hundred and fifty dollars.
 135 For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.
 136 No. 21. In the office of the First Auditor:
 137 For blank books, binding, and stationery, five hundred
 138 dollars.
 139 For labor, two hundred dollars.
 140 For extra clerk hire, two hundred dollars.
 141 For miscellaneous items, one hundred dollars.
 142 No. 22. In the office of the Second Auditor:
 143 For blank books, binding, and stationery, three hundred
 144 dollars.
 145 For labor, two hundred and fifty dollars.
 146 For extra clerk hire, three hundred dollars.
 147 For miscellaneous items, one hundred dollars.

- 148 No. 23. In the office of the Fourth Auditor:
 149 For blank books, binding, and stationery, six hundred
 150 dollars.
 151 For labor, fifty dollars.
 152 For extra clerk hire, one hundred dollars.
 153 For printing, forty dollars.
 154 For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars.
 155 No. 24. In the office of the Fifth Auditor:
 156 For blank books, binding, and stationery, two hundred
 157 and fifty dollars.
 158 For labor, one hundred and twenty-five dollars.
 159 For extra clerk hire, fifty dollars.
 160 For miscellaneous items, one hundred and twenty-five
 161 dollars.
 162 No. 25. In the Treasurer's office:
 163 For blank books, binding, and stationery, five hundred
 164 dollars.
 165 For labor, three hundred and seventy-five dollars.
 166 For printing, seven hundred dollars.
 167 For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars.
 168 No. 26. In the Solicitor's office:
 169 For blank books, binding, and stationery, five hundred
 170 dollars.
 171 For labor, one hundred dollars.
 172 For extra clerk hire, four hundred dollars.
 173 No. 27. In the Register's office:

- 174 For blank books, binding, and stationery, one thousand
175 dollars.
- 176 For labor, three hundred and fifty dollars.
- 177 For printing, five hundred dollars.
- 178 For miscellaneous items, (including one thousand dol-
179 lars for cases for the preservation of the records,) two thou-
180 sand dollars.
- 181 No. 28. For the General Land Office:
- 182 For blank books, binding, and stationery, and parch-
183 ments, twelve thousand dollars.
- 184 For labor, five hundred dollars.
- 185 For printing, four thousand dollars.
- 186 For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.
- 187 For office of the Commissioner of the General Land
188 Office, for arrearages since 1834, of cost of printing patents,
189 publishing proclamations, printing circulars and blank forms,
190 for the land offices, twenty-two thousand six hundred twenty-
191 eight dollars and seventeen cents, or so much thereof as
192 may be found necessary, on auditing the accounts by the
193 appropriate officer.
- 194 For compensation of extra clerks and draughtsmen in
195 the offices of the surveyors general, to transcribe field notes
196 of survey, for the purpose of preserving them at the seat of
197 Government, in addition to the unexpended balances of
198 former appropriations, fourteen thousand dollars, namely:
- 199 For office of surveyor general northwest of the Ohio,
200 four thousand five hundred dollars.

- 201 For office of surveyor general of Wisconsin and Iowa,
202 one thousand dollars.
- 203 For office of surveyor general of Illinois and Missouri,
204 four thousand five hundred dollars.
- 205 For office of surveyor general of Arkansas, one thou-
206 sand dollars.
- 207 For office of surveyor general of Louisiana, three thou-
208 sand dollars.
- 209 No. 29. Southeast Executive building:
- 210 For labor, two thousand two hundred dollars.
- 211 For fuel and light, three thousand seven hundred dollars.
- 212 For extra watchmen, one thousand six hundred dollars.
- 213 For miscellaneous items, one thousand nine hundred
214 dollars.
- 215 No. 30. In the Auditor's office of the Post Office Depart-
216 ment:
- 217 For blank books, binding, and stationery, one thousand
218 seven hundred dollars.
- 219 For labor, one thousand one hundred dollars.
- 220 For extra clerk hire, six hundred dollars.
- 221 For miscellaneous items, six hundred dollars.
- 222 POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.
- 223 No. 31. For blank books, binding, and stationery one thou-
224 sand one hundred and ninety dollars.
- 225 For newspapers and periodicals, one hundred dollars.

226 For fuel and oil, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-
227 nine dollars.

228 For miscellaneous items, one thousand two hundred and
229 thirty-seven dollars.

230 For printing, four hundred and fifty-three dollars.

231 For labor, three hundred and thirty-eight dollars.

232 For extra clerk hire, six hundred dollars.

233 UNITED STATES MINT AND BRANCHES.

234 No. 32. For coinage expenses, including materials and
235 implements, fuel, new machinery and repairs of old, die
236 making, and wastage of gold and silver, at the Philadelphia
237 mint, fifteen thousand two hundred dollars.

238 For house expenses, including water rent and taxes, re-
239 pairs, lighting, cleaning, and watching at the same, four thou-
240 sand dollars.

241 For office expenses, including stationery and postage,
242 ^{at the same} six hundred dollars.

243 No. 33. For coinage expenses, including materials and
244 implements, fuel, repairs, and wastage of gold, at the Char-
245 lotte branch mint, one thousand two hundred dollars.

246 For house expenses, including repairs, lighting and
247 cleaning at the same, two hundred dollars.

248 For office expenses, including stationery and postage at
249 the same, one hundred dollars.

250 No. 34. For coinage expenses, including materials and

251 implements, fuel, repairs, and wastage of gold, at Dahlonega

252 branch mint, six hundred dollars.

253 For house expenses, including repairs, lighting and
254 cleaning at the same, two hundred dollars.

255 For office expenses, including stationery and postage at
256 the same, one hundred dollars.

257 No. 35. For coinage expenses, including materials and
258 implements, fuel, repairs, and wastage of gold and silver, at
259 the New Orleans branch mint, eleven thousand and fifty-two
260 dollars.

261 For house expenses, including water rent and taxes, re-
262 pairs, lighting, cleaning, and watching, three thousand five
263 hundred and ninety-eight dollars.

264 For office expenses, including stationery and postage,
265 three hundred and fifty dollars.

266 No. 36. For the purchase of a lot adjoining on the west
267 the mint at Philadelphia, twenty feet front by one hundred
268 and four feet deep, at an entire cost not exceeding five thou-
269 sand dollars.

270 JUDICIARY.

271 No. 37. For the contingent expenses of the Attorney
272 General's office, five hundred dollars.

1 Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That in case the
2 sum appropriated for any object shall be found more than
3 sufficient to meet the expense thereby contemplated, the sur-
4 plus may be applied, under the direction of the head of the

* The following estimate is given as follows:
Coinage expenses, \$ 12,600
House expenses, 4,000
Office expenses, 600
For the other mints the bills correspond
with the estimates. \$ 17,200

5 proper Department, to supply the deficiency of any other
6 item in the same department or office: *Provided*, That the
7 expenditure for newspapers and periodicals shall not exceed
8 the amount specifically appropriated to that object by this
9 act.

1 Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That no allowance
2 shall be made, out of any moneys appropriated by this bill,
3 to any clerk or other officer, for the discharge of duties the
4 performance of which belongs to any other clerk or officer
5 in the same or any other department, and that no allowance
6 shall be made for any extra services whatever, which any
7 clerk or other officer may be required to perform, and that
8 no part of the moneys hereby appropriated for miscellaneous
9 items shall be applied to the purchase of "newspapers and
10 periodicals."

RECEIVED

No. 1234

Dec. 21/12

Wm. H. R. Hargrave
New York, N.Y.

St. Louis, Mo.

Apr. 18, 1872.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th inst., in which you send me a memorial from Messrs. Glasgow, Harrison, Boyd, & Co., and ask my opinion with regard to the object of their petition.

In the memorial, complaint is made of the Mint charge for parting gold and silver when these metals come combined, and it is suggested that if the process were performed at our allies "gratis", it would make it an object for merchants to make their shipments to this country instead of Europe.

Let me, in the first place, remark, that the parting of gold and silver is not a properly a mint operation. In the European mints, this is required to be performed, before the metal can be deposited for coinage, and is done in ^{the} ~~the~~ ~~laboratory of individuals~~ ^{private establishments}. It is true that there is a laboratory ^{for the purpose} ~~of this kind~~ in the British Mint, but the parting is done there by an individual, even when for the government, and at a charge greater than that made ^{by us} ~~at the Mint~~ mints. When the process is conducted in private refineries, it is ~~insured at a high price~~ ^{the price is high}, and I should be very glad if some competent person

would undertake it ~~well in the U. S.~~, as at other
places, though I doubt whether the ~~the~~ France,
the refining is done altogether in private establish-
ments, out of the mint. In the United States, the
amount of ~~such~~ this kind of work ~~to be done~~ is
not sufficient for the support of such establishments,
and hence it has become necessary to conduct
these refining and parting processes at the mint
themselves. It seems to me quite unjust, however,
that the work should be done entirely at the pub-
lic cost. ~~Nothing can be more fair and~~
~~liberal than the system of Mint charges.~~ Nothing
can be more fair and liberal than our system
of Mint charges, and I think we could not vary
from it with propriety. It is the only one by
which all depositors can be put upon the same
footings. If standard silver and ductile silver or
gold be deposited with us, the whole of it is ~~do~~
returned to the depositor in coins, — the government
bearing the cost of the manufacture and of matter.
But if the bullion be either above or below stand-
ard, or be brittle, or if the gold and silver be
combined, the depositor is charged for the actual
and necessary expense incurred in bringing the
material to standard, toughening them, or parting
them.

To justify ^{amount of} the charges made for separating gold
from silver, I present to you the following estimate.

Since the opening of the Treasury, Jan. 28th 1857,
when the system of charges, authorized by the act of the
18th of the same month, was adopted.

"Expense of separating gold from silver."

"The day's work is on 15 lbs of material, &c. —
45 cts per lb." [Copy from note book, pp. 86 & 87]

In the Paris refining, the charge is ~~but 20 cts~~
3 p. 2 p. per kilogramme, corresponding to 2 cts per oz. The
greater economy is due to two circumstances, — the large
amount of work done, and the different process pursued.
In these works, the silver is dissolved by
sulphuric acid, and not, as with us, by nitric acid.
Also the weight of sulphuric acid requisite is less by
about one-quarter, and the cost per lb. is ~~but less~~
^{by} two-thirds. Unhappily we cannot ~~can~~ pursue
this process ^{and} for two reasons. First, because the expense
of the apparatus is too great, — ~~Large retorts~~
of platinum are required, and other expensive apparatus.
The platinum retorts ^{alone} cost the British Mint 3000 l. sterling. A second
reason is that, (to use the words of Dr. Wre,) "Refining by
sulphuric acid is always a nuisance to a neigh-
borhood," — so that the laboratory could not ^{be established}
~~be established~~ ^{be established} at all with propriety, in a City Mint.

The cost per cent. of parting gold from silver
depends ~~on~~ in a great measure, upon the quantity of
gold present. When this is small, it may reach 2
per cent. as stated by the memorialists. If there are

Suppose it sent to the Paris refiners, which are the most economical, the saving would be *enormous*. Would this difference change the course of trade? I should judge not. Our country may be said to be on the road from Spanish America to Europe. Does not our proximity to the mines give us an advantage greater than is sufficient to counterbalance the increased cost of packing the mined metals? Or, in other words, would not the cost of freight, insurance, and other charges of transportation, reach to one per cent. of the value of the metals?

I have confined my remarks to the case mentioned by the memorialists; but the ~~question would not~~ ^{in fact, be} action of Congress, ~~would not be~~ if judged expedient, could not be limited to this case. All the other Mint Charges would have an equal claim to be abolished; ~~these metals would have to be refined, and the difference in value~~ ^{understand} and thus the whole system founded on the Mint, changed. The expense to the government would be very considerable, - would be unjust, and, in my judgment, without any equivalent advantage.

R. M. P.

Wm. Geo. Evans,
Ch. Comm'r. Finance,
U. S. Senate.

P. S. - I find that I have overlooked one request, made at the close of your letter, that I would inform the Committee "whether there are any charges, and to what extent, for coining gold and silver belonging to individuals." I now supply the omission by annexing a copy of the 15th Section of the Mint Act of Jan 18th, 1837, and of the Mint Charges established under it, and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, on the 1st of February following.

Section 15th of Mint Act.

Be it enacted That the only subjects of charge -
- - (those copy the whole Section.)

Mint Charges.

(for the depositors of silver.)

1. When the silver requires refining or tryting, &c.

[Then copy from State Book, page 62 & 63.]

IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

APRIL 13, 1842.

Mr. EVANS, from the Committee on Finance, reported the following bill; which was read, and passed to a second reading.

A BILL

Regulating the currency of foreign gold and silver coins in the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, the following foreign gold coins shall pass current as money within the United States, and be receivable, by weight, for the payment of all debts and demands, at the rates following, that is to say: the gold coins of Great Britain, of not less than nine hundred and fifteen and a half thousandths in fineness, at ninety-four cents and six tenths of a cent per pennyweight; and the gold coins of France, of not less than eight hundred and ninety-nine thousandths in fineness, at ninety-two cents and nine tenths of a cent per pennyweight.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, the following foreign silver coins shall pass current as money within the United States, and be receivable, by tale, for the payment of all debts and demands, at the rates following, that is to say: the Spanish pillar dollars, and the dollars of Mexico, Peru, and Bolivia, of not less than eight

2
7 hundred and ninety-seven thousandths in fineness, and four
8 hundred and fifteen grains in weight, at one hundred cents each;
9 and the five-franc pieces of France, of not less than nine hundred
10 thousandths in fineness, and three hundred and eighty-five grains
11 in weight, at ninety-three cents each.

1 Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the
2 duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause assays of the coins
3 made current by this act to be had at the mint of the United
4 States, at least once in every year, and to make report of the
5 result thereof to Congress.

1 Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts
2 of acts heretofore passed, making foreign coins current in the
3 United States, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

From W. H. Burges.
Apr. 20/42.
Re: 22d.

Wash^g Apr. 14. 1842

W. M. Patterson Esq

Sir, I forward to you herewith, a petition which has been presented to the Senate, & is now before the Committee on Finance.

The Committee will feel greatly obliged to you, for any suggestions as to the propriety of adopting the measure proposed in the Memorial, which you may deem proper to submit.

Will you have the goodness also to inform them whether there are any changes, & to what extent, for entering gold & silver, belonging to individuals?

The return of the Memorial, with your answer is requested.

Very respectfully

Your obt^d serv^t
Jas Evans

The following might be a judicious way of responding (from the Mint) to this memorial —

1. To take a certain period, say 6 months, of some recent year in which we have done a good deal of parting (perhaps 1850) & from the register collect the amt deposited in goldish silver, & the silvery gold, & the expenses of parting these: — this will show what is the average percentage of cost — which is far less than two per cent.

2. To ascertain what are the changes in London & Paris — see here, p. 1062.

3. To ascertain what would be the expenses of shipment ^(freight, insurance &c.) of bullion to London & Paris for the purpose of parting, irrespective of the state of exchange. —

4. To decide from these data, whether our proximity to the Mexican mines does not counteract the cheap rate of parting in Europe.

5. Shd not the petitioners be encouraged to set up for themselves a sulphuric-acid refinery, which (if their assertion be true, that cheap parting w^d draw the metals to the U.S.) would abundantly repay them. —

6. As nearly all our Southern gold w^d have to be parted for the deposits, gratis, it might be worth while to ascertain what this item is? cost the Mint, at 12 cents per ounce.

Slaves of the United States.
April 9th, 1842.

Gentlemen,

I must be under the necessity
of ~~informing you~~ ^{informing you} ~~that~~ ^{that} ~~your~~ ^{your} ~~subscription~~ ^{subscription} to the Intelligencer for the
U.S. Slave cannot be continued after the
expiration of the year on the 17th inst.

Very respectfully,

Your faithful servant,
R. M. Patterson,
Clerk

Editor of National Intelligencer,
Washington.

Washington April 8-1842.

Dear Sir

It was a most unfortunate general order of the house that directed all contingencies to be struck from the appropriation Bills. But I see not in any mode of amending the appropriation to the provision for your expenses. They are not in their nature specific, and cannot be increased in any change of phrase. But a resolution was passed some little time since for the purpose of affording a remedy. It runs thus: "That the Committee of Ways and Means be instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a Bill for such contingent funds as have been or may be struck from the civil and diplomatic Bill and for abolishing such offices as are useless and unnecessary for the public service, and to reduce the items to specification so far as practicable."

I am endeavoring to prepare a Bill to meet these objects: and an effort will be made to get it passed as early as the Bill for which the claim have been struck that no

harm can happen. Your letter you will perceive
must be read as nearly as possible as may be. If you
can divide and even subdivide them, it will be
better. Cannot you give separate estimates for "Wholesale
of your business"? - for price? &c. &c. Ought you not
to get rid of the item of tapes? Sometimes there is a little
demon in the house is allowing tapes for U.S. property.
And where a regular cabin has been made to the general
government I believe the State authorities have usually
yielded to an application for exemption.

I will endeavor to conciliate opinion in favor of
your purchase of the caprine lot.

Yrs very faithfully

J. R. Rogers

W. C. M. Patterson

R. M. Battison Esq.
Sincerely Dear Sir.

Taunton Feb. 7. 1842.

We are in receipt
of your favor of the 4th inst.
On receipt of this you will
oblige us by shipping by freight of the
quantity to Boston, to Messrs. W. & H. Hosken
& Co., the \$1,000 in cuts - & as soon
as you have them ready, say \$1,000
to Messrs. Bennett & Battelle, & \$1,139⁰⁰
to - At. Villars - both by New York
by canal & R.R. - Much obliged
Yours.

Very Respectfully

Geo. K. Bond. W. L.

Mont. U. S.
April 8th, 1842.

Bombay.

From the report of the proceedings of the House of Representatives on Monday, I deduce that, under ^{general} order of the House with regard to Contingent Expenses, the item, (see 113,) under this head, for the appropriations for the outfit, for the present year, was stricken out.

The phrase "Incidental or Contingent Expenses" has been used, to ~~exclude~~ from the ^{regular} account of the outfit, to comprise all the ^{regular} expenses except salaries and wages, and occasionally, and without this of-
fensive, under some title, the operations of the outfit must necessarily be ascertained.

Perhaps the term "Incidental" would not come under the rule of the House. If it should, ~~and~~ the item may be given simply thus:

Expenses, including postage of gold and silver, ^{rewards and gratuities,}
repairs, additions, fuel, materials, ^{Stationery, water}
rent, ^{and taxes, repairs, and additions.} \$ 19,800.

In ~~the~~ form, the item must certainly be retained, or we shall have no appropriations except for salaries and wages.

My remarks apply with equal force, to the Branch outfits, which would be as effectually destroyed by omitting the items in question, as by the motion of Mr. Davis.

Mint of the U.S. State,
Treasurer's Office, April 1842

Sir,

I herewith forward you the
quarterly account of the operations of the
Mint for the quarter ending the 31st day
of March 1842, which I hope you will
find to be correct.

Very respectfully,
Yours ob^d Serv^t

(Signed) Isaac Roach
Treasurer

Wm. Miller Esq.
Wt. Auditor of the Treasury

Treasury Department
April 4. 1842

Sir,

The Boxes of dies referred to by
yours of the 28th & 30th ultimo were duly received
and forwarded.

I have also to acknowledge the
receipt of yours of the 31st enclosing the letter
from Charles E. Wetherill.

Very Respectfully

Wm. Forward
Sec. of the Treasury.

J. M. Patterson
Philad^a.

(Copy)

Mint of the United States

Treasurer's Office April 1st 1872

Sir,

I forward you herewith, the quarterly
accounts of the ordinary receipts and expenditures of the Mint,
for the first quarter of the present year; which I hope you
will find to be correct.

Very respectfully,

Your most obed. Servt.

Wm. S. Board

Treasurer.

Before Me, Ellen C. Lytle
First Auditor of the Treasury

Albion, Mass.

May 31st, 1842.

Gentlemen,

Your letter of the 25th was handed to me yesterday by Mr. Martineau, whom I found an intelligent and well informed gentleman, and thank you for introducing to me.

I send you copies of the memorandums for which you ask. You will see that the deposit in question was made in June, - not in July. We have no other note of the mounds than you see well referred to in the memorandums; but I find the a copy of a letter written to you on the 21st of June, 1841, to the following effect:

"The two boxes of shells sent, on your account from Petersburg, arrived on Saturday, and were opened this morning, and the contents found to correspond with the enclosed bill of lading, as nearly as their broken condition would permit the comparison to be made. The boxes had evidently not been opened, and we have no doubt that all is right."

It appears that ~~the~~ your copy of the bill of lading was returned to you. If you still have it, it would probably satisfy the doubts which seem to exist in the minds of the parties to whom you refer.

Wm. Peter Harmon, Esq.
St. Louis, Mo.

R. M. P.

New York May 23rd 1842

To The Director of the Mint of the U. States
Philadelphia

Sir

We take pleasure in introducing to you
our highly Respectable friend Don Jose Vicente
Martinez of Poyota who has a quantity of Gold Dust
he is desirous to make a trial at the U. Mint
in order to decide whether it will be more to his
advantage to have it made into coin here or carry
it with him to Europe. We feel confident that
you will take pleasure in rendering to this friend
the information he requires, and thereby confer a
favor on us. Permit us to request that you will
send us Copies of the Certificates of coin made
for us in July 1841 from a quantity of Bullion
received at the Mint from St. Louis via Pittsburgh
the Parties interested find some difference in their
respective amounts, please be particular as to the
original marks on the Packages. We are

With great Respect
Yours most truly
Peter H. Murray &c.

(Copy)

Minist of the United States

Treasurer Office May 27. 1862

Sir,

I have received your letter of 21 May 1862,
together with the following Treasury notes, payable to my order,

No. —	to No. —	of \$1000. each —	=	\$
No. 3644	to No. 3651	8 of 500. each —	=	4000.00
No. —	to No. —	of 100. each —	=	—
No. 3662	to No. 3671	10 of 50. each —	=	500.00
No. —	to No. —	of — — —	=	—
Total amounting to —				\$ 4500.00

I have a Treasury warrant No. 1246. in my favor for that amount

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

William Belden, Esq.,

Sir, J. Roach

Treasurer of the United States.

Treasurer.

Treasury of the United States,

21 May 1842.

Sir:

Enclosed you will receive one hundred ~~and~~ ^{and} Treasury Note
made payable to your order, amounting to \$ 10.000; also a
receipt, in detail, therefor, which you will please to sign and return
to this office, by return of mail, the same being necessary as a voucher
for the payment of the Warrant upon which issued.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant,

WILLIAM SELDEN,
Treasurer of the United States.

Dear Sir

The Building Committee of the new Mth Church
have requested me to ascertain from you whether you
are now disposed to purchase 20 feet of their lot adjoining
the street as they must now decide when the street to
front the stone - please inform me by the bearer of your
answer whether the appropriation bill has passed & whether
you wish to make the purchase - I oblige

J^r R^m Patterson

D^r Sir yours truly
Thomas G. Smith
May 25/42

New York May 25th 1841

To the Treas of United States Mint Philadelphia

forward you together with this 4280 Half Crows
for which we wish the value in Half Dollars

Respectfully Yours

Wm W Prother
per Kallwoodburg

If you furnish certificates of Deposits will you please
inform us how soon we may expect to receive it
as we would prefer that to a remittance of
coin

Yrs &c

C. & R. P.

Per Adams & Co Express Linn

Treasury Department
May 25th 1812

Sir,

In reply to your letter of the 23rd inst. which was
received this morning, I have to remark, that your requisition of the 14th inst
is as follows,

For Salaries of Officers & Clerks	5000
Compensation to Workmen	5000

I received early attention upon the passage of the Act making appropriations
for the civil & diplomatic expenses of Government for the year eighteen
hundred & forty two; a warrant, bearing, on the 18th inst. issued on that
requisition, in favor of Isaac Roach Esq. Treasurer of the Mint of the U.S.
for the sum of \$10,000. The great & immediate accumulation of
business consequent upon the passage of the Act has occasioned some
unavoidable delay, but I have been engaged at the Treasury Office this
morning, that it is expected the remittance for Mr. Roach will be made
this day.

Very Respectfully, Sir,
Your Obedt. Servt.

Wm. Forward
Secretary of the Treasury

R. M. Patterson Esq.
Mint U.S. Mint
Philadelphia.

Mint of the United States,
May 24. 1822.

Sir,

I send enclosed a memorandum of the
result of the result of your deposit made on the
13th inst. The amount will be paid at
any time on your order. I regret that it will
be so small a sum toward paying your pec-
uniary loss: the honorary value, dollars & cents,
could not supply.

Very respectfully,

Your faithful servant,

R.M.P.

Director.

To/ Capt. E. Nye,
Newark, N.J. }

P.S. Your Mint receipt is also returned
to you.

Newark N. J. May 23rd 1842

Dear Sir,

I have to forward you a certificate
of the amt coined from the silver left
by me at the mint as per inclosure.
I cannot use this cert. knowing the
amt -

Yours truly E Page

P.S.

Please send to Capt E Page
Newark -

Mint of the United States.

May 23d, 1842.

Sir,

On the 14th inst., I had ~~the~~ the
honor to write to you, requesting that you
would issue your warrant in favor of the
Treasurer of the Mint, for ten thousand dollars,
viz., from the appropriation

for salaries of officers & clerks, -	\$ 5000
for wages of workmen, -	5000
	<u>\$ 10,000</u>

As this requisition was made before the
appropriation bill was actually passed
into a law, I have deemed it proper now
to renew it. Our funds are not only ex-
hausted, but I have been obliged to ad-
vance money personally, to enable the Treas-
urer to make payments urgently demanded.

Very respectfully,

Your faithful servant,

R. W. Patterson,

Director

To Mr. Walter Forward,
Secretary of the Treasury,

R. M. Patterson Esq
Director.

San Antonio May 18. 1842.

Dear Sir,

Having an opportunity
to make a shipment direct to Phil^a without
waiting your authority, supposing you would not
object to receive them on the usual terms,
we have shipped for Dec. 16. some a quantity
of planchets, for bill & 13/4 ^{weight} ^{amount} ^{of} ^{the} ^{country} ^{and} ^{if} ^{you} ^{will} ^{notify} ^{us} ^{when} ^{you} ^{are} ^{prepared} ^{to} ^{deliver} ^{them}, ^{we} ^{will} ^{then} ^{inform} ^{you} ^{how} ^{we} ^{shall} ^{like} ^{to} ^{have} ^{them} ^{distributed} -

We are not in immediate want

Very Respectfully,
Yours &c.
Geo. W. Brown

Philad^a May 17. 1842

Dear Sir,

I deposited in the Mint yesterday
\$3000 Mexicanos, in the name of Messrs Grant &
Stone - and was told at the Mint that I could
have that amount in half dollars at once, to
which I replied that I would consider of it & decide
today.

The object of this is to say that it would
be agreeable to me to receive Half dollars at once,
I will therefore thank you to keep that amount to
Messrs Grant & Stone's order.

Respectfully
Your obedient servant
C. Edwin Habicht

R. M. Patterson Esq
Director of the U. S. Mint

This regards a second deposit made by
Mr. Habicht.

Chief of the United States.

May 14th, 1842

Sir,

Our funds are entirely exhausted for conducting the operations of the office are entirely exhausted; and, as the general appropriation bill seems now to be on the point of becoming a law, I have respectfully to request, that, as soon as this shall occur, you will issue your warrant, in favor of the Treasurer of the office, for ten thousand dollars, viz,

From the appropriation for paying the

salaries of officers & clerks, — \$5000

From the appropriation for paying the

wages of workmen, — 5000

\$10000

Should the remittance be made in treasury notes, I pray that ~~they~~ ^{there} may be as large a proportion as possible in notes of a small denomination.

P. M. Patterson

Director

Wm. Walter Forward,
Secretary of the Treasury

✓
Philadelphia
May 1842

Philad 1842 May 1842

R. H. Patterson Esq.

Dear Sir We have your note of
yesterday relative to the \$2.00 to be coined in dimes,
and we thank you for your kind attention.

If you will have the goodness to have the
Dimes put up and in readiness for delivery,
we will send for them as soon as we receive
instructions for disposing of them.

Very respectfully,

Yours truly

Grant Stone

Note. — This has regard to a first deposit
made by them for coin. Habicht.

My Dear Sir,

Mr. Fabrice late Vice Consul of Sweden at Boston is desirous
of visiting the Mint, and your wife deigns me, by having shown him the various
improvements introduced into the establishment under your care. Mr. F. visited
last year the Swedish Mint at Stockholm, and I am persuaded, that he
may have an opportunity of comparing the two systems.

I believe Mr. F. has also some enquiries to make, as to the
production and in the arrangement of foreign coin.

I am, Sir,

Yours &c

John L. Read

Tuesday May 10. 1842

D. R. M. Patterson

Director U. S. Mint

Treasury Department.
May 9. 1842.

Sir

The boxes of dies referred to in
your letter of the 21th were received on Saturday and
forwarded agreeable to your request.

Very Respectfully

W. Fenwick
Sec. of the Treasury.

J. W. M. Patterson
Director of the Mint.
Philadelphia.

Wm. M. P.

May 7. 1842.

Dear Sir,

I sent above a bill of lading
of the two kegs of coins, sent to you this morning
by the Union Transportation Line, as advised
in my letter of yesterday.

W. M. P.

S.

Geo. M. Wood, Esq.,

Pres. Bk. American,

New York.

mm

South American edition, 1842

Dear Sir
With thanks for your obliging
attention in forwarding the Coing as requested.
I return herewith the two warrants with our
Cashing Receipts annexed.

Remain very respectfully
Yours Obedt Servt
J. A. C. Cole

Roll Patterson Esq
Director of the
Philad.

Mont. Wash. May 6, 1842.

Dear Sir,

Your coins are put up as follows, in two bags, and will be sent to you by the R.R. line which leaves here at 7 o'clock tomorrow-morning.

Wash. no. 134, Silver.	Dollars -	\$ 2503. 36
	Half dollars -	3000.
	Coins -	4000.
	Half coins -	1000.
		<hr/> 10,503. 36

Wash. no. 134, Gold.	Half eagles	264. 22
		<hr/> 10,767. 58

Deducted for James Edgar's bill for bags, boxes, expensing, and postage, \$4. 50.

I send enclosed two ^{pro} receipts, ^{on each} ~~which~~ ^{which} I beg you to sign, and return to me by mail.

R.M.P.

Wm. A. Noble, Esq.
First Bank of America
New York

Mint of the U. States
 May 6th. 1842
 Bank of America N.Y. for acct. of R. Bolton,
 Jos. Livingston.

Warr. No 136 Silver Dollars	\$2503.36
Half Dollars	3000. —
Dimes	4000. —
Half Dimes	1000. —
	<u>10,503.36</u>
Warr. No 189 Gold, Half Eagles	264.22
	<u>\$10767.58</u>

May 6. 1842
 Bank of America N York
 To James Edgar Dr

For 2 Kegs	@ \$1.25	\$2.50
" 5 Bags	" 25	1.25
" Coopering	" 12 1/2	25
" Porterage		50
		<u>\$4.50</u>

Rec^d payment
 James Edgar

Mint of the United States
Philadelphia, May 7th, 1872.

~~Dear Sir,~~

You will recollect that in order to enable
us to prepare the dies for a series of "National Me-
dals" ^{for the} being the first of this present "great
father," a medallion likeness of you, in wax,
was made by Mr. Pettick. By covering this
medallion with a thin coat of bluing, we were
enabled to make a mould from it in copper, by
the electrolytic process; and on this mould a
copy in ~~rubber~~ ^{metal} was deposited by the same pro-
cess, and ^{is} the largest medal that we have
yet succeeded in making. May I ask you
to do me the favor of accepting this specimen
of a new and curious art? The process was conducted
by our Chief Engraver, ^{under the} ~~by our Chief Engraver~~ ^{with the greatest respect,}

Yours very faithful servant,
R. M. Patterson.

To
Wm. Tyler,
President of the United States.

Albion N. H.
May 6th, 1842.

Dear Sir,

Your letter of the 30th ult., with its
enclosure, was brought to me yesterday.

The specimen ^{given to you by Mr. Siple} sent of metal ~~sent~~ is ordi-
nary lead, and I am at a loss to imagine
how any different notion came to be enter-
tained as to its nature. A piece of the
same kind, ^{and with the same mysterious pretensions,} sent to me, in February last, by Mr. Cyrus
Edwards of Alton, Illinois. They are both
found to contain, as lead usually does, a
small quantity of silver; but the amount
is only about 10 oz. to a ton, and is therefore
not worth separating.

Very respectfully
and faithfully yours
R. M. P.

Wm. Joseph R. Hughes.

Assay of Lead Silver 10.6 oz per Ton

Dept of Marine Affairs 1842

Dear Sir

I have received your favor of the 4th inst offering to supply us with \$3000 in dimes and \$2000 in half dimes on acct of the button allotted to - If you can give us \$5000 in dimes without any half dimes, we shall prefer it, and will thank you to do so -

Please cause the whole \$5000.00 in Silver, and the \$2000.00 in Gold to be promptly put up in either 2 or 3 days, and would thank you to forward them to us by one of the Rail Road lines at your convenience - advising us thereof - I have also enclosed the official Receipt & Memorandum of the button transferred to us by Messrs C Bolton Fox & Livingston -

Yours very respectfully

John A. Smith

Roll Patterson Esq
Director of Mint
Philad.

C. Bolton Fox & Livingston

Unit of the U. States,
May 11, 1842.

Dear Sir,

The deposits made here on the 13th ult., by Mess. C. Bolton, Fox, & Livingston, shall be held for your account; but we cannot comply with your request, now given, that it be coined into dimes & half-dimes. We can give you, however, \$3,000 in dimes, & \$2,000 in half-dimes, and I hope this will answer your purpose. As instructions were given by the debitors to have small coins, and I need hardly tell you that the bullion is already coined.

Let me know when you will send for your coins, and how you desire to have them sent up.

W. M. P.

A.

To) Geo. M. Wood, Esq.
Pres. Bk. America. }
New York.

Bank of America May 3^d 1842

Dear Sir

The attached Receipt & Memorandum
for Silver Bullion deposited on the 18th ult. by
Messrs. C. Patton Esq & Livingston having been
transferred to this Bank, I have to request
that you will please direct the whole of the
Silver, say \$10,500.00 to be coined into Dimes
and half Dimes, for our account -

I remain very respectfully
Yours obt. Servt.

For the Cashier

Roll Patterson Esq

Printer Wyallent
Philad.

Washington April 30 1842.

Dear Sir

Mr. Triplett of Kentucky has
desired me to forward to Philadelphia for analysis
the enclosed piece of metal. He states that it is found
in immeasurable abundance in his District. It seems to
have many of the properties of lead, but is not as Mr.
Triplett is informed, admitted to be so called. Should it
prove of value the quantity in which it is found would
render it an object of great importance. Your facilities
of analysis at the Mint are I believe altogether
adequate to the object, and I venture to presume upon
your kindness in giving the benefit of your science
and authentic judgment.

Very sincerely & respectfully yours

J. R. Ingersoll

D. R. M. Patterson

Treasury Department.
Comptroller's Office.
April 20th 1842.

Sir,

Your accounts of Copper
Coinage for the 4th quarter of 1841,
have been adjusted at the Treasury
and a balance of \$5166.37 stated
to be due from you to the U. States.
Very Respectfully
Yours Obedt. Servt.
J. W. Caldwell
Comptroller.

Isaac Roach Esq.,
Treasurer of the Mint.
Philadelphia.

(Copy)

Mint of the United States.

Treasurer's Office June 5th 1842

Sir,

I forward you herewith, the quarterly
accounts of the ordinary receipts and expenditures of the
Mint, for the second quarter of the present year, which I
hope you will find to be correct.

Very respectfully,

Your most obedt. Servt.

(Signed) J. Read,
Treasurer.

Very Truly Yours,
John R. Bissell,
First Auditor of the Treasury.

Mint of the U.S. States,
Treasurer's Office, June 30, 1842.

Sir, I herewith forward you the
Quarterly Statement ending this day, as a
Depository of the public money.

Very respectfully,
Yours Ob^d Serv^t
(Signed) Isaac Roach
Treas.

To
Wm. Selden, Esq.
Treas. of the U.S. States,
Washington.

New York Jan 27th 1842
To the Honorable the
Secretary of the Treasury.

Dear Sir I write to ascertain whether
there is any charge at the United States mint for
coining dimes & half dimes from foreign silver
& if so how much

I am Sir very Respectfully
Your Obedt Servt

John Deane
No 62 Wall Street
New York

Copy

Minist of the United States
Treasury Office June 27. 1862

Sir,

I have received the following Treasury
Draft payable to my order by the Philadelphia Bank Philad^a.

No. 881 on July 24 - \$12,000 -

Yours, Sir, Your obedient servant

Wm. B. Wood

Treasurer

William Belden, Esq.

Treasurer of the United States

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,

20 June 1842.

Sir:

Enclosed you will receive *One* Treasury Draft
made payable to your order, together with a descriptive list of the
same, combined with a receipt therefor, which you will please to sign
and return to this office, by return of mail.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant.

WM. SELDEN,

Treasurer of the United States.

Isaac Hoach Esq

Treasury Department
June 23rd 1842

Sir,

In reply to your letter of the 22nd inst. I have
to remark that a warrant has this day issued in favor of Isaac
Roach Treasurer of the U. S. Mint for the sum of Twelve thousand
Dollars on account of appropriations by Congress for the Mint as
follows,

Salaries of Officers & Clerks	5000
Compensation to Workmen	7000

which amount will be transmitted to Mr. Roach by the Treasurer
of the U. S. as soon as the warrant passes the usual forms of
business. I avail myself of the occasion to add, that the law
does not authorize transfers of appropriations from or to other
branches of expenditure, but under certain specified circumstances.

Very Respectfully Sir,
Wm. W. Wood

Secretary of the Treasury

R. M. Patterson Esq.
Director of the U. S. Mint
Philadelphia Pa.

Mint U.S.

June 22d, 1842.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 17th inst., in regard to the gold medal voted by Congress to Lieut. Burrows, ^{which you informed me had been} ~~and~~ deposited at the Mint for coinage.

In the letter from Mr. W. B. Nelson, of Baltimore to Gen. James Thompson of Washington, of which you sent me a copy, it is asserted that this medal had been stolen; and you request me to take the necessary steps to have the offender arrested. ~~Still~~ but you will observe that Mr. Nelson had no knowledge, till he wrote, that the medal was missing, - was therefore ignorant of the time and circumstances of its disappearance, - and had not even made any inquiries of those in whose custody it had been placed.

The facts which we have been able to obtain with regard to the ~~now deposited~~ subject are the following.

On the first of June, a woman named Mrs. J. Catharine Storer deposited at the Mint, for coinage, the original gold medal voted by Congress to Lieut. Burrows, the value of which proved to be \$148.40, which was paid to her the next day in eagles. - On the 30th of

of alloy ~~and had made a deposit of silver plate~~
~~of the value of \$1000, on the day before~~
~~an unimpaired looking silver medal, which~~
Haines, had called with this ~~plate~~ ^{medal} to make
inquiry as to its probable value. This person
was known to the witnesses, who, since and, at
his request, called at the Mint on the 20th
inst., and made a statement to the following effect,
in the presence of the Treasurer, Mr. Roach, and
my clerk Mr. Dunning, - I being absent at the
time.

Allen Storm is the wife of ~~the~~ Jeremiah
Storm, Pawnbroker, Lombard St., two doors
east of Claggett's brewery, Baltimore. On her
recent visit ^{to England}, she brought with her the me-
dal in question, which, she stated, was pawned
with her husband as long ago as October, 1840,
for she recollects having shown it, at that time,
to Mr. Haines, then in Baltimore; a circumstance
which Mr. Haines does not remember. - The medal,
not having been redeemed, was duly advertised
with other articles, and sold at Pambrooke's sale,
by Mr. George Grover, Auctioneer, corner of 2d
St. and Market Space, Baltimore, last spring,
and was purchased by Mr. Storm, who, being
unable to obtain what he considered its value,
sent it to the Mint.

Early in June the Burrows Medal was brought to the
Mint and deposited for coining by a Mrs. ~~Storm~~ ^{Storm}
Mr. Haines of Philadelphia who accompanied Mrs. Storm
says she is the wife of Mr. Jeremiah ~~Storm~~ ^{Storm}; pawn-
broker in Lombard St. near Claggett's brewery, Balt.
That the Medal was pawned with Mr. ~~Storm~~ ^{Storm}
early in the year 1840. and was sold with other
pawnbroker's goods last spring, by a Mr. Grover
Auctioneer corner of Second St. and Market Space
Baltimore, and purchased by Mr. ~~Storm~~ ^{Storm}
Mr. Haines was called on, and he came to the
Mint on the morning of June 20, 1842. and made
the foregoing statement in presence of Mr. Dunning
& Roach.

June 22/42.

On the 1st of June, a woman, who gave her name as Mrs. A. Catherine Storm, deposited at the Mint, for coinage, the original gold medal voted by Congress to Lieut. Burrows, the value of which proved to be \$125.40, which was paid to her on the 2d June in eagles. On her first visit to the Mint, she was accompanied by an elderly gentleman, of respectable appearance, whose name, one of the officers of the Mint who saw him, thinks is Haines. Some information can be given at the Mint which may aid in finding them.

As a check

Monday, June 20, Mr. Haines called at the Mint, at the request of Mr. Colpitt, & stated in substance what follows:

Mrs. Storm is the wife of Mr. Jeremiah Storm, Pawnbroker, Lombard St., 2 doors east of Claggett's Brewery, Baltimore. On her recent visit to Philad., she brought with her the medal in question, which, she stated, was pawned with her husband as long ago as Oct. 1840, for at that time she recollects having shown it to Mr. Haines, then in Baltimore. This circumstance Mr. H. does not remember.

The medal, not having been redeemed, was duly advertised with other articles, and sold at Thornbrough's sales, by Mr. Geo. Snodgrass, Auctioneer, corner 2d St. & Market space, Baltimore, last spring, & was purchased again by Mr. Storm, who, being unable to obtain what he considered its value, sent it to the Mint to.

The above statement was made in presence of Maj. Ronck, and

Geo. P. Lanning

June 22/42.

10000 20 00

With chief fact statement, which was made
with great frankness by Mr. Haines, and others
or other persons persons interested can, I presume,
readily find out to make institute such an in-
vestigation into the matter as may bring it con-
tively to light.

N.M.P.

Dr

To
Hon. A. P. Upshur,
Secretary of the Navy.

* On the 30th of May an elderly gentleman, of res-
pectable appearance, named Haines, called at the office
with the original Burrone's gold medal voted by Congress
to Lieut. Burrows, to make inquiry as to its probable
value, for a lady named Storm. On the 1st of June
this person, who gave his name as Mrs. A. Catharine
Storm, deposited this medal for coinage, and its value,
which proved to be \$148.40, was paid to her in gold
the following day. On the receipt of your last letter,
our Attorney, Mr. Pickford, called on Mr. Haines, and
asked him to come to the office, made an appointment
with him, in compliance with which he
came to the office on Monday, the 2d inst.,
when he made a statement to the following effect, in the presence of the
Attorney, Mr. Pickford, and my clerk Mr. O'Connor, - I being
absent at the time.

Wages June 30 \$12,040.80

Salaries " " 9,550.00

\$21,590.80

Wages June 30 \$5,000

Salaries " " 5,000

Wages " " 7,000

Salaries " " 5,000 \$22,000.00

Chief Clerk

June 22nd, 1849.

Sir,

I have the honor to request that you will issue your warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the Chief, for the sum of three hundred dollars, ~~being~~ out of the appropriations of the present year, viz:

For wages of workmen, — \$7,000.

Salaries of officers & clerks — 5,000

\$12,000

~~As I have already obtained \$10,000, this year, on these appropriations, it~~

As it is but a month since we obtained \$10,000 on these appropriations, it may be proper to state that this amount had to be used, in part, to replace money belonging to the Contingent fund, necessarily used to pay wages and salaries before the appropriations bill was passed. The actual expenditures, for these items, up to the 31st inst inclusive, will be

For wages — \$12,040.80

Salaries — 9,550.00

\$21,590.80

Wm. Mattu Stewart,
Sec. of Treasury

R. M. P.

Esq. Rosal Lloyd
Dear Sir,
Sir.

London June 21. 1842

Your esteemed favor of
the 15th inst. is received. & agreeably
to your request we have made two invoices
of pamphlets dated 18th May. for £25.0.0
each - one of which we have credited
being the amount you propose to forward
to us at this time in cash.

When you are prepared to deliver
the amount of the second invoice we will
receipt it, which we suppose will be
conformable to your wishes, although it
would be perfectly agreeable to us to do
now -

Very Respectfully
Yours &c.
G. C. C. C. C.

To the Treas. U.S. Mint, New York June 21st 1842
Philadelphia

30280 Silver Half Crowns
858.3 do in Bars
We forward you, with this
for which please
make us returns in Dollars
Please make a separate statement of the value
of the half crowns, from that of the bars.
Respectfully Yours

Wm. B. B. B.
per Wm. B. B.

Treasury Department
Comptroller's Office.
June 30th 1842.

Sir,

Your accounts of Copper
Coinage, for the 1st quarter of 1842,
have been adjusted at the Treasury
and a balance of \$ 3632.58 stated
to be due from you to the U. States.

Copper coinage \$ 2,802.10

Other Money — 830.48 \$ 3632.58

Very Respectfully,

Your Obedt. Servt,

Wm. Cullum

Comptroller

Isaac Roach Esq^r,
Treasurer of the Mint,
Philadelphia.

Mr. Sprague

Philad. June 20. 1842

If you possibly can let us have
Amount of Dollars received from us for J. M. Dodd
& in which there was a mistake made by us, in
not thinking to ask to have same coined in
Dimes & 1/2 Dimes at the time we sent it to
you - as I find it impossible for me to get
exchange the 1/2 dollar off for Mexican or
any thing that will answer - and as Mr. M. Dodd
is in a hurry for to receive them as soon as can
be -

Your kindness in the matter will
be much obliged
Yr Obedt Servt
Griswold & Co

Navy Department
17th June 1842

Sir,

I enclose a copy of a letter of the 18th.
inst from William B. Nelson to his uncle, Genl.
James Thompson, of Washington, in regard to the
gold medal presented to Lieut Burrus.

I request that you will retain the
medal, and take the necessary steps to
have the offender arrested.

I am, very respectfully
Your obt. servt.

A. D. W. Parker

W. M. Patterson Esq.
Director of the Mint
Philadelphia

Copy

Baltimore June 11th —

My dear Uncle,

Your letter was duly received by the mail of this morning and I enter upon its immediate reply — I am much astounded at the intelligence it contains and cannot imagine how what you mention could have happened — One thing is certain, namely that it has been stolen I gave it to father or his wife some time ago and have never dreamed that it was otherwise than safe — The only thing that can be done is for the Department to cause its retention as they have no right to its possession, having been stolen. — It will be well to have this attended to, and after securing the medal attempt the arrest of the purloiner, I have not seen father this morning but write as I am anxious you should hear from me by this days mail.

Affectionally
W. R. Nelson

R. M. Patterson Esq.
Director M. Smith.
Sir -

Taunton June 15. 1842

Your esteemed favor
of the 11th inst. we have received, informing
us of an injury which has been done to
the coming ship by which there will be
some delay in forwarding the full amount
of our late bill, in cash.

As the sale of this coin is slow
the amount you propose to forward, with
our present stock already on hand will
be as large as we can expect to find
want for several weeks, the delay
will ^{not} cause us any inconvenience.

You will therefore oblige us by
forwarding the \$2,495⁰⁰ in the proportions
as named in your letter.

Annexed we hand our receipt as
requested, on account of our late

bill - to remain

(With much respect)

(Com Ob. for)

Geo. W. Brown

1/3

Wm. Patterson Esq.
Director - U.S. Mint
(Philadelphia)

MADE
JUN 15
1842

Taunton June 15. 1842. Received of the
Treasury of the United States, under order of the
Hon. Secy, the sum of Two thousand four hundred and
seventy five dollars, 24 cts, in conformity with
account of a bill of exchange, amounting
to \$5017.50

2495.24

dated June 15th 1842
a new Geo. W. Brown

See letter of 27 June 1842. to C. D. & Co

P. M. Patterson Esq,
 United States Marshal
 to the Court of the United States
 at New York
 New York, June 9 1842
 Received of
 George W. Brown Esq
 the sum of \$100.00
 for the use of the Court
 of the United States
 at New York
 June 10 1842
 Geo. W. Brown

P. M. Patterson Esq. Taunton June 9th 1842.
Director U.S. Mint
Sir -

(You esteemed favor
of the 4th inst. we have received)
We will thank you to remit the
amount of our last bill of cents in the
following manner - viz:

Messrs. Everett & Ballou & Co. cash, two thousand dollars,
— A. S. Merrill — — — — — two thousand dollars,
& the balance \$1017⁰⁰ by the Rev. Judge Hitchcock
Capt. Hathaway for this place, who will
call at the mint in a week or two for the
same -

We shall be much accommodated
by your sending us a large proportion of Regs
containing \$100. a lb. - Attached we have also
receipts - Dear Sir -

Yours Very Respectfully
Charles D. Dow

Newark June 11th 1842.

Dear Sir,

Yours of the 9th was duly recd. I will explain the irregularity which has occurred in my manner of drawing the small amt in the Mint. In the first place I indorsed the Mint receipt for the gross amt to Girvin & Co, requesting them to collect it and place the sum to my credit. Soon after they handed over the receipt stating that they could do nothing with it unless they knew the amt in dollars. I then wrote to you enclosing the receipt which you returned with the Memorandum of the sum owed. Shortly after, being in the city with said M^r in my pocket and in want of money, I handed it to Jacob Little & Co, and they gave me the money without any indorsement.

even owing to my haste, and their oversight,
I fancy this will appear rather strange
to you but I beg your pardon
for my first appearance before the
Minut, and I found some others quite
as ignorant as myself. I thought the minut
script for the gift and of an consequence
after I received the notice of the Anti
crimial, and it is by some accident that I
have not destroyed it. I now return it and
beg you to pay the sum to Messrs. Smith
Little & Co. in New York.

I beg you to excuse the trouble I have given

and believe me very Res^t yours

Edw. Pugh

To R. M. Patterson Esq.

Phil^a

Mint of the U. S.

June 9, 1842.

Dear Sir,

I am very sorry that the regulations of our Treasury Office require me to trouble you again as to the mode of drawing the amount of your deposits of plate. The Mint receipt which I returned to you on the 24th ult., had been endorsed by you payable to Messrs. Howland & Kipmull, and it was marked by us on the face as payable to order. It was therefore a valid paper.

To day, another order from you has been presented, drawn on the Memorandum, & payable to other persons. This is irregular, & I must put you to the trouble of marking out a new order on the Mint receipt, or at least of returning this receipt, with your endorsement cancelled, if you desire the order on the Memorandum to be paid.

R. M. P.

St.

To/

Capt. E. Nye,

Wards, N.Y.

} ...

Minist of the U. States,
June 8. 1842.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge
the receipt of your letter of the 14th inst.,
and, in compliance with your request, I
will delay the coming of the gold medal
sent to Lieut. Burrows.

The value of the ~~gold~~ medals, \$148.40,
the amt. has been already paid by us,
to the depositor, in gold coins.

R. M. P.
L.

To/

Hon. A. P. W. Shaw, }
Sec. of the Navy. }

Sullivan,

Mint of the U. States,
June 14th, 1842.

In compliance with the request
made in your letter of the 18th ult. I have
to inform you that the cents required for pay-
ment of your last invoice are now ready for
delivery.

With the supply of copper coins which
we have on hand, I must request that
no more planchets be sent to us, unless ordered.

P. M. P.
Lr

J. J. Crocker, Pres. & Co. }
Frampton,
Mass. }

Navy Department
4th June 1842

Sir,

Your letter of the 1st inst. has been
received - I request that you will postpone
the coinage of the gold medal voted by
Congress to Lieut. Berriou, until you hear
again from the Department on the subject.

I am, very respectfully,
Yours obt. Servt.
A. W. Phelps

W. M. Patterson Esq.
Philadelphia

New York June 1. 1842

Dear Sir

allow me the pleasure to
introduce to you my particular friend Edw.
Craft Esq of Racine, who with a portion
of his family will visit your City and whilst
there may desire to visit and see the op-
-erations of the Mill - Mr. Craft is
a gentleman of the first respectability
and I beg to commend him to your friendly
notice and attention -

Remain with great respect

Very truly yours

Geo. H. Ball

Roll Patterson Esq

Director of Mill

Philad.

Sir,

Mint of the U. States,
June 16th, 1824.

As you have shown an interest with regard to the medals voted by Congress to Officers who distinguished themselves in the Navy, I think it proper to inform you that the original gold medal, voted to commemorate the gallantry of Lieut. Burrows in the affair of the Cutw-
pige & Beres, was deposited at the Mint, this morning, for coinage. The value of the gold is about \$150.

I do not know that you have it in your power to preserve this interesting memorial from destruction; but as Congress has been more than once called upon to replace lost medals, it is at least right that a notice of the fate of this one should exist in your Department. The name of the Depositor is Mrs. Catharine Storm.

Very respectfully,

Your faithful servant,
R. M. L.

Director.

W/
Hon. A. P. Upshur,
Sec. of Navy.

Washington City
June 25th 1842.

Dear Sir:

The President directs me
to say ^{to you} that he has taken much
pleasure in transmitting to Mr
Lewis President of Watkinson College,
your late communications in the
-half of Mr. Minnigerode. He also
desires me to return you his
thanks for the Medallion present
received from you a short
time since.

I am with respect

Yrs. D^y S^r

J. Tyler

Dr. Patterson

P.B.

Mont Wed
July 28/42.

Sir,

In answer to your letter of yesterday, I
have to state that the amount of your dep-
osits made on the 25th, being \$2403.20,
is now ready for delivery, in half-dollars, and
will be kept subject to your order, at any
time.

R. M. P.

Wm Williams Esq.
Care of Mr. M. D. Dandridge,
82 Broad St.
New York.

D
New York, 28 July 1849

A. M. Patterson Esq,

Director of the Mint Philadelphia

Dear Sir, We are pleased with your esteemed letter of yesterday, enclosing memorandum of your deposit of Bullion of 18 instant, the receipt for which we have endorsed to Messrs. S & W Welch, who will receive the coin, when ready. Accept our thanks for your obliging attention in sending us the memorandum, and in entering into the satisfactory details you explain.

Yours, Dear Sir, respectfully

Your most obed^t Serv^t

Howland & Aspinwall

N. B. P. M.

Mr Geo W. Edelman
Treasurer of the mint

Will oblige by
having each package of the Gold assayed
separately, & will further oblige by returning per
bearer the envelopes of the different parcels

Respectfully
W. M. Chazyne Agent
John G. Winton

8 parcels of Gold Dust.
July 28th 1842.

New York July 27th 1852

R. M. Patterson Esq.
Sir,

At the receipt of your esteemed
favor of the 21st Inst. I forthwith sent Mr. Thompson & Mexican
Hallam to Philadelphia and now hold the Mint receipt
dated July 25th 1852 for Sixteen Hundred and thirty
four 75c pieces Silver Bullion. May I again express
to your Kindness to inform me if the Int. Thompson and
Hallam are now ready for delivery and whether
I can have the option of letting them remain in the
Mint while I visit Philadelphia and then obtain
them without any delay other than the time consumed
in delivery.

I remain Sir
Very respectfully your obliged Servant
John William

Please address care of
Mr. Wm. Garrison.

82 Broad Street
New York

\$2003.20

Marks 731.3.2

$$\begin{array}{r} 480 \overline{) 2597955} \quad (5412.40 \\ 240 \\ \hline 195 \\ 168 \\ \hline 27 \\ 24 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

3.552 gr. = 1 mark

1 Mark = 8 oz.
1 oz. = 8 —

731.3.2

5851 1/2 oz. Sp.

444 oz. 1 oz.

$$\begin{array}{r} 23000 \\ 23000 \\ 23000 \\ \hline 2597955 \end{array}$$

Mint of the United States,
July 24, 1852.

Gentlemen,

Enclosed you have memorandum of your deposits made on the 18th inst., for which coins will be ready by the middle of next week.

Rating the Mark at 3552 grains, the weight given in your letter invoice, ^{marks} 731.3.2 is equal to 5,412.40 oz., which agrees remarkably with the Mint weight 5,412.50.

You will observe that the numbers in our memorandum are in the reversed order from those in your letter: our No. 1 is your No. 5, &c.

Our Alloy gives the fineness, in every instance, about 3 milliermes higher than the Spanish.

R. M. P. Director,
per Geo. F. Downing,
Director's Clerk.

To

Mess. Howland & Applewall,
New York.

Anti-M.
July 25/42.

Dear Sir,

As the session of Congress draws near to its close, my anxiety increases with regard to the appropriations for the various items submitted for the proposed contingent expenses. Will you have the kindness to let me know the condition and prospects of this bill?

I am sorry to say that the appropriation for the purchase of the lot adjoining the altar has been deferred too long, and that it is no longer possible for us to make this very desirable acquisition. The whole lot was purchased for by the trustees of the Seventh Presbyterian Church, ~~who~~ I had, for some time, reason to hope that they would sell to us the strip for which we asked; but the appropriation was delayed, - they had not confidence that it would be made at all, - and finally they determined to place their building with its front on Broad Street and its rear on our line. This they have done, and the building is ~~basement~~ is already ~~basement~~ built, and the joists of the principal floor laid. - The appropriation

in question can therefore be no longer avail-
able, and may be withdrawn.
Ever most truly yours,
R.M. L.

Wm. Wm. R. Angell.

Mint Wash July 22/42.

Sir,

The regulations of the mint which have regard to the inquiries made in your letter of yesterday are these:

If bullion deposited be of the legal standard, and sufficiently ductile, the whole weight is returned in coins, without charge of any kind.

If the bullion be below standard or brittle, a charge is made for refining or toughening, estimated upon the actual cost of these operations.

If the bullion be above standard, a charge is made for the alloy introduced.

If gold & silver ~~are~~^{be} combined, a charge is made for separating them.

If the bullion be so base as to be unsuitable for the operations of the mint, it is refused. - It is important for you to keep this regulation in view.

Any deposit of less value than \$100 is refused.

R. M. P.

Dir

Wm. Jacob Walter
Watch-Maker
56 St. Howard St. Baltimore.

Dear Sir

Baltimore July 22^d 1842

Not knowing your name and being
desirous to have some information from you
you will please excuse my mode of directing this
letter to you. I have some ~~to~~ silver on hand
which I purchase from day to day and am desirous
to know upon what terms you take it at the mint,
how much you give the owner, and ~~do~~ ^{you} pay cash for
it, or do you coin it and charge so much for
coinage, please give me all the necessary infor-
mation on this subject, and if not too much
trouble will you please let me also know upon
what terms you receive ~~of~~ God, or if you take it all—

a reply at your convenience will be thankfully
acknowledged by your humble servant

Jacob Walter

Watchmaker No 56 north
Howard St

To Treas W. C. Went
Philadelphia

New York July 22nd 1842

Please forward you with
this 3056 ^{1/2} per Cent Half Cent note coined,
Please forward us the value in half Dollars.

Respectfully Yours

Wm. B. Allen
for Wm. B. Allen

West Med
July 21 /42.

Sir,

In reply to ^{the} inquiry made in your letter
of yesterday, I have to state, that, if no deposits
requiring to be paid in half-dimms be made before
that which you propose to make, you can have
the amount, as you desire it, without any
delay of more than a day.

A. M. Patterson,
Clerk

To J. W. Williams Esq.
Care of Mr. M. Davidson,
82 Broad Street,
New York.

New York Aug 20th 1842

R. C. Patterson Esq.
Sir

Yours will confer a favor
by apprising me whether I can obtain Forty Thousand
Five Cent Pieces within the period of three months from this
date provided I deliver two thousands Mexican Dollars
in the early part of next week.

I am Sir

Very respectfully Yours &c Sir
John Williams

Please address to the care of

Mr Wm. Dawson

82 Broad Street


New York

Mint of the United States.
July 19th, 1842.

Sir, I have the honor to request that you will issue
your warrant, in favor of the Treasurer of the Mint,
for Five thousand two hundred dollars, from
the Appropriations for the present year: viz.

For wages of workmen, — — —	\$ 5000.00
For expenses of our Service, — — —	200.00
	<u>\$ 5,200.</u>

It may be proper to state that the money
drawn for the wages of workmen is entirely exhaus-
ted.


D. M. Patterson,
Director.

Wm. M. Walter Forward,
Secretary of the Treasury.

D. J. W.

New York 14 July 1892

R. M. Patterson Esq.

Director of U.S. Mint Philadelphia

Dear Sir,

We have delivered to Harnden & Co. to be forwarded by their express tomorrow, 4 boxes marked S.I. No 1 & 2, 4 & 5 containing 4 bars Silver, weighing Cast Mks 731.3.2 which we request you will be pleased to have coined and to forward particulars to us at your earliest convenience.

We are, Dear Sir, respectfully

Your most obedient servants

Memorandum of Invoice

Howland & Appinwall

S.I. No 1. 81.3.1 = 11.21 1/2 = 991 Oms No 4

2. 202.3.4 = 11.15 1/2 = 970 Oms No 3

4. 207.5.1 = 11.19 1/2 = 984 Oms No 2

5. 239.7.6 = 11.20 1/2 = 988 Oms No 1

731.3.2 1/8

Treasury Department
Comptroller's Office.
July 14th 1842.

Sir,

Your account of Ordinary
Receipts and Expenditures, for the first
quarter of 1842, has been adjusted at
the Treasury, and a balance stated
to be due from you to the United
States of \$ 1857 ¹/₁₀₀

Very Respectfully
Your O^bt^d S^t
Most Obedtly
Comptroller.

Isaac Roach Esq^r,
Treasurer of the Mint,
Philadelphia.

New York July 9th 1842
Treasury United States Mint
Philadelphia - Dear Sir - We have this
day forwarded to you Mr. Adams & Co 1066 pieces
French Crowns which we wish coined into Amer-
ican half dollars at your earliest convenience.

Respect. y^{rs}

Thos. B. Frothingham

Philad^a 7th month 1842
To the Officers of the
United States mint

The firm of Henry Troth & Co
is not to be dissolved in consequence of
the decease of Henry Troth untill the
end of the present year - after which
our Samuel H. Troth expects to continue
the business in his own name; Having
long served the Mint with articles in
our line, we should be much obliged
for a continuation of the custom, and
will spare no pains to give satisfaction in
every respect.

With much respect
Henry Troth & Co

Mint of the U.S.

July 9th, 1822.

Sir,

The Secretary of the Treasury has referred to me your letter to him of the 27th ult., in which you ask "whether there is any charge at the U.S. Mint for coining dimes & 2 dimes from foreign silver, & if so how much."

I answer that if the foreign silver is of our standard, and sufficiently ductile to be made into small coins, there is no charge for the operation. Such would be the case, for example, with a deposit of Spanish pieces, of which the whole weight would be returned in small coins. But where the silver is below standard, there is a charge for refining, - where it is above standard there is a charge for alloy introduced, - & where it is deficient in ductility, there is a charge for toughening. Mexican dollars are subjected, under these heads, to a charge of 50 cents per \$100.

R.M.P.
S.

Yrs

John Deane Esq.

Mint of the United States,
Treasury Office, July 7th 1842

Sir,

I herewith forward you
the quarterly accounts of the operations
of the Mint for the quarter ending the
30th day of June 1842, which I hope
you will find to be correct.

Very respectfully,
Yours obt. Servant
(Signed) Isaac Roach
Treas.

Wm Tully, R. Wise, Esq.
1st Auditor of the Treasury
Washington

New York July 7th 1842

Wm Patterson Esq
Director of Mint of U.S.
Phila

Dear Sir

We have the forward
to you address per "Jacob Shipman" Our Bag contains
Sixteen packages of Gold Dust weighing 40 lbs. &
gross which we beg to have coined as early as
convenient in order to accommodate a Spanish Gentle-
man and friend of ours who wishes to embark for
South America at an early day. The packages are marked
J.B.Q. you will please order the package No 16
to be kept separate in order that we may know
the separate value of that which is a different interest
from the other 15 packages. Please return us a receipt
as usual and the Certificate of the Value by
mail as early as may be.

We beg to thank you for your attention to
Mr. Martinez who was much gratified with his visit
to the Mint. We remain

Very Respectfully
J. B. Q. & Co. & Co.

Senate Chamber

July 3. 1842

N. M. Patterson Esq

Dr Sir,

My friend, Levi Johnson Esq,
of Maine, being about to pass through Phil^a,
is desirous of visiting the Mount of the U.S.

May I ask of you the favor to allow
him to do so, & if witnessing its operations,

Very respectfully

Yours R. T. Sewt

Geo Evans

Mint of the U. S.
August 29. 1842.

Sir,

In reply to your letter of the 27th,
I have to state, that ^{of Dr. Flügge} ~~the~~ charge of \$30.93, only
the sum of \$15.16 was ^{specimen} for coins, sent to this Mint,
which was forwarded to him in specimens of our own
coinage, on the 14th August 1840; and which sum he
has correctly credited. I should observe, however, that
two billon coins of Saxony were received from Dr. Flügge
through the Department of State, only a few days since;
their value is $\frac{1}{3}$ thaler, or 23 cents of U. S.

As it respects the preceding charges, they are
correctly based, as to the facts, but the charges themselves I
can scarcely understand. The postage on the letter is
stated to be "Gr. 18.3"; and the carriage of the package
is $41\frac{1}{2}$ groschen, & the postage on a previous letter $9\frac{1}{2}$ gr.
making "2.3." I presume the "18.3" means good-gros-
chen & pfennings, & equal to 52 cts. of our money; the
"2.3" must be thalers & good-groschen, about \$1.48.

Respectfully be
I know not what are the customary allowances

of the Department to General, but I deem it right to state,

To
Mr. McIntosh, Chief, Eng. Dep.,
Acting Sec. of Treas. }

R.M.P.
D.

Mint of the United States,
Aug 29. 1842.

Sir,

In reply to your letter of the 28th, I have
to state that ~~we~~ ^{they} at this Mint the German Black
lead crucibles, ~~are~~ ^{are} imported for us by Mr. John Pohlen
of this city. The American article ~~which you mention~~
has been tried at the Mint, but it did not give satis-
faction. We do not know of any in this market that
can be depended upon.

Charcoal is the only fuel used in the melting-furnaces.

Yrs

C. Flint Spear, Esq }
New York.

Wm. L.
D.

R. W. Patterson Esq.
Director. U. S. Mint.

New York August 28. 1832

Phil^a. New York

I have rec^d an order from
the Governor of the Mint at Mexico to forward to him
"German Black Lead Crucible, No. 8. - to melt pure
Gold into bars or sheets." I am not able to procure
them here, those persons who have kept them are
now without them - I have found an American
P. M. Lead Crucible No. 10. Made by Sixas Phil^a
and have taken the liberty to address you - to
ascertain when you procure your German
P. M. Leads, if you use them, if you do not, please
inform me what kind you do use, whether
you burn Anthracite or Charcoal in melting.
I shall be gratified to receive the information
desired & any thing which may be of service
to me in a matter upon which I am entirely
ignorant.

I am Sir

Very Respy to
you Sir

Wm. Spear

called "Account" at the Treasury Department
Aug. 27. 1842.

Superseded by

Transmitted an account received from the
Comptroller at Seaside in Jan. 1841 and returned to him
for some informality and again forwarded by him
to the State Department there are the following charges.
Sept. 16. 1840. 1 letter from the Director of the U.S. Mint
"at Philadelphia acknowledging receipt of two suits of
"Coins & by way of having
"Nov. 11th 1 package from W. Patterson 2 1/2 Goshen
"1 previous letter dup. do q/r do

2. 3

There is the following statement at the foot of the
account viz. "Account rendered Dec. 2. 1839 \$ 30.93

Credit - Received from the Director of the Mint
"at Philad^a for two suits of Dimes Coins from:
"mitted to the Hon^{ble} L. Woodbury Secretary of
"the Treasury and charged in my account
"of Dec. 2nd. 1839

\$ 15.16 1/2
\$ 15.76 1/2

The Department is at a loss to understand whether the charge of \$30.93 was for coins, or whether other charges were included. Be pleased to state whether there is anything due to Mr. Hengel for coins sent by him that his account may be adjusted.

Very Respectfully,

Wm. H. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson

D. R. H. Patterson

Chas. H. H. Patterson

Wm. H. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
D. R. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
Wm. H. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
D. R. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson

Wm. H. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
D. R. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
Wm. H. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
D. R. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson

Wm. H. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
D. R. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson

Wm. H. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
D. R. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson

Wm. H. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
D. R. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
Wm. H. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson
D. R. H. Patterson
Chas. H. H. Patterson

Treasury Department
Aug. 25. 1842.

Sir,

Yours of the 22nd enclosing the bond
of M. Sprague &c was duly received and the bond
approved and filed. I transmit herewith two
pieces of Saxon Coin received from the Consul at
Lipsic thro' the Department of State.

Very Respectfully

W^m C. Young
Act. Sec. of the Treas.

D. R. M. Patterson.

Mint of the United States

August 22d, 1842.

Sir,

Mr. Joseph B. Mitchell, son of the
sureties on the bond given, Jan. 8, 1837, by
Edward Sprague, Clerk of the Mint, having
found it necessary, ~~to~~ in consequence of
change of circumstances, to request that he should
~~no longer~~ to withdraw from this responsi-
bility, I herewith send you a new bond,
with the name of John Cavanaugh substi-
tuted for that of Mr. Mitchell. I have
inquired into the standing of Messrs. Hunt
and Cavanaugh, and deem them sufficient
and satisfactory sureties.

In attending to this business, I have
been surprised to find that the bonds of
two of the other clerks, and the original bond
of Mr. Sprague, were retained in the
Mint, instead of being sent to the Depart-
ment, and submitted for your approbation
as required by the act of Jan. 18, 1837. I
now repair this omission, by sending them
enclosed, with the declaration that I
consider them satisfactory ^{being} ~~in~~ ^{officer} ~~of~~ bond.

Mr. Sprague has the charge ^{of} the
Treasury's vault, and therefore the ^{final} ~~current~~

introduced into his bond is made \$5000; while
the amount for each of the other clerks, who
have a very inferior pecuniary trust placed
in them, the amount of \$1000 was deemed
sufficient.

R. M. P.

W.
Hon. Walter Forward.
Sec. of the Treasury.

Memorandum of Bonds received as above
Ed. Sprague, dated June 8, 1837, for \$5,000: Surtis,
Joseph B. Mitchell & Jas. Hunt.

Dr. Dr., dated Aug. 19, 1842, for \$5000.
Surtis, Jas. Hunt & John Cavanaugh.
Geo. W. Edelman, dated June 8, 1837, for \$1,000.
Surtis Isaac Edelman.
Geo. F. Summing, Director Clerk, dated Jan. 1,
1838, for \$1,000. Surtis Robt. L. Summing, Sec.

Form of Bond.

Know all men by these presents, that We, E. S.
Clark of the Weigh-room in the Mint of the U.S. at
Philadelphia, and J. C., those dealer of Philad.,
& J. H. of Phil. County, are held & firmly bound unto
the U.S. of America, in the sum of Five Thousand dollars,
lawful money of the U.S., to which payment well
& truly to be made, we do bind ourselves and each
of us, our heirs, executors, and administrators, jointly
& severally, firmly by these presents, sealed with our
seals & dated the 19th day of August, in the year
of our Lord, One thousand eight hundred & forty-
two, (1842.)

The condition of the above obliga-
tion is such that if the said E. S. Clark
faithfully & diligently perform the duties of clerk
of the Weigh-room aforesaid, according to law,
then the above obligation to be void; otherwise to re-
main in full force & virtue.

Sealed & delivered,	}	Signed Ed. Sprague. (E.S.)
in presence of us:—		
H. F. L. witness to E.S.		Signed Jas. Hunt. (J.H.)
S. M. P. " do. H.		
J. M. S. " do. C.		Signed John Cavanaugh. (J.C.)

Mount Pleasant
Aug 15, 1842.

Sir, I have to thank you for your letter of the 19th inst., and am glad to learn from it that the Foreign Coin Bill may still escape being smothered by the crowd of business at the close of the session. I am utterly at a loss to imagine on what grounds Mr. Benton can found his opposition; but I am sure that my report of the 11th of February, and my subsequent correspondence with yourself, will put you in possession of such facts as can hardly fail to remove any fair opposition.

R. M. P.

Wm. Geo. Evans,
Ch. Com. on Finance
U. S. Senate.

Mint of the United States,
Philadelphia, August 15. 1842.

Dear Sir,

In accordance with your
letters of January 20. and June 7. 1841, I herewith
send you a copy of the "Manual of Coins and Bullion"
by the Assayer of this Mint, just published, and
~~two~~ copper copies of ^{two} of our National Medals, lately
struck (among many others) by order of Government.
Upon the heads of Austria, Switzerland, and Silver
Plate, in the Manual, you will perceive that your
various communications have been made use of, and
duly credited. The medals are such as are struck
at the accession of each President, for presents to our
Indian Chiefs; and hence called "Indian Medals."

As it is desirable to settle our accounts from
time to time, I beg leave to remind you, that the
Greek coins transmitted by you, still unpaid for, were

valued at \$9.40; and that you estimated that the
Imies coins and pamphlets would not exceed \$2.00; to
which add "postage from Switzerland 1 fl 14 x" or 62 ct.
making a ~~credit~~ total of \$12.02. To meet this, the
price of the two medals is \$5.00, of the Manual \$5.00,
an Imperial dollar of Brazil (scarce here) \$1.00, ^{and} a new
Bolivian dollar, \$1.00, and ~~a few quarter seals of Mexico~~
and Peru to make good the remainder.

Agreeably to your suggestion, I shall forward
this package, if possible, by the Department of State, and
the American Embassy at Paris.

I would inform you that no coins are struck
for Canada, Texas, Guertan, or Montevideo, and
probably none in Paraguay.

I shall be glad to have the favour of your
continued correspondence, and meantime remain,

Yours faithful servt

R. M. P.

J. G. Schwarz Esq.

U. S. Consul,
Vienna.

Mint of the United States
Philadelphia, August 15. 1842.

Dear Sir,

May I beg the favour of you to send, ~~under your auspices~~, to the Austrian Embassy in Paris, the accompanying package addressed to J. G. Schvartz Esq. American Consul at Vienna, containing one book and letter, and sundry medals and coins. This method of transmission was requested by Mr. Schvartz.

I send also a volume (the same as in the package for Mr. S.) entitled "A Manual of Coins and Bullion" just published by the Assayers of this Mint, some of the materials for which were procured through your intervention. The authors have learned, through a ^{letter published} publication in the National Intelligencer, that ~~an~~ a literary institution has lately been opened in Paris, called the American Athenaeum, to which contributions in books and other publications are invited. They would be

Stige to you, if you will present, in their name, this
copy of their work to that Institution.

I have the honor to be
your faithful servt

R M D

His Excellency
Lewis Cass
U.S. Envoy Extraordinary,
Ho. Ho.

Min't of the United States.

Aug. 15th, 1842.

Sir,

In answer to your letter of the 13th inst.,
I have to state that the weight reported in the
attest receipt, as that of your deposits made
on the 11th, was the entire gross weight, with-
out deduction. In confirmation of its ac-
curacy, ~~I have~~^{we} maintain that all deposits
^{of this character} are weighed three times. First on delivery
to the Treasurer; secondly by the Master and
Refiner when delivered to him; and thirdly
by the Treasurer when redelivered to him in
bars. The first and second weighings must
correspond, and were found to do so in the
present instance; the third generally falls
short, from the removal of dirt &c., and you
will see that, in your deposits, the loss by
melting was 2.50 oz.

I have enclosed a memorandum of the
result of your deposits. You will see that
it falls considerably short of your estimated
value.

Very respectfully,

Your faithful servant,

W. J. C. Brown, Esq.

Cash. Suffolk Bank,
Boston.

R. M. P.

D

How Shes A Benton

Cincinnati August 15 1862

Dr Sir

I herewith Enclose to you three
ten cent pieces of the Coinage of 1862. I have
examined minutely the engraving, and I am led to
the belief they are all struck from the same die —
though two of them are ~~bad~~ bad and one good. —
I ask your particular examination. — I cannot detect
the slightest differences, even the folds of the drapery
are cut of the same depth, and correspond with each other
in every figure, as far as I can discover. — The coin
has been made at Phil^a, as I am informed the letter
— on the reverse side designates three mounds at Orleans,
thus and without that mark. — Knowing you
well in common with many others, a deep in-
terest in ~~the~~ the establishment of a
currency of the precious metals, I have taken
the liberty to call your attention to this matter
that it may if you coincide with me in opinion
as to the place of their origin — be investigated
and the perpetrators brought to light.

I am Yours

Wm Lloyd Garrison

you will observe the counterfeits are
thinner than the genuine.

SURREY BANE.

Boston, August 13 1842.

Dear Sir,

On the 8th instant, we sent by Hamilton's express, a sealed Keg of mutilated and thin Silver Coins, containing \$300. and weighing here. 2818 ounces, Eight hundred & Eighteen ounces - for the purpose of recoinage. This morning I have received a

Certificate, dated August 11 1842 signed by Edw. Sprague for the Treasurer, informing W. A. Bond stating the amount to be "gross weight. 2810 ⁹⁰/₁₀₀ ounces.

Will you be good enough to inform me if that was the whole weight of the Silver in the Keg, or the amount of pure Silver, after any spurious metal may have been rejected.

With much respect

Yrs. Obedt Serv

J. A. Brown Cash

To the Treasurer
of the U. S. Mint
And

Wash. Aug 14. 1862

Mr. J. P. Ball

It is my purpose to call up the General
Bill, to which you refer, as soon as possible.
It was postponed a few days ago at the
request of Mr. Denton, who intends to oppose it
& was not then prepared - He threatens, saying
he will refer it, but after what friends I do
not know.

Very respt^{ly}

Yours

Geo Evans

R. M. Patterson Esq

Taunton Aug. 12. 1872
A. M. Patterson Esq.
Director
N. Y. Mining Co. -

We have received
your favor of the 8th inst. - in
reply have to request you to forward
the amount now due to us, in cash to
Messrs. A. J. Willis & Sonnet & Battelle
by canal line, dividing the amount about
equally -

Yours
Very Respectfully
Grover Bros. & Co.

Minist. of the United States.
Aug. 11th, 1849.

Sir,
I have been looking with anxiety for the
action of Congress upon the "Bill regulating
the currency of foreign gold and silver in the
United States", reported by you to the Senate on
the 13th of April. Can it not, even now,
be passed into a law? I consider it an
important measure, and I presume it to
be one that can hardly give rise to oppo-
sition. Excuse me for now ^{calling} ~~reminding~~
drawing your attention to it.

Very

Respectfully

R. M. P.

Dear

To
Hon. Geo. Evans,
Chairman of Committee on Finance,
U. S. Senate.

Unit of the United States,
Aug. 8, 1842

Gentlemen,

In consequence of the breaking
down of our old cast-press, some modifica-
tion had to be made as to your instanc-
tions with regard to the payment for the last
invoice. We are now ready to pay the bal-
ance which still remains due on that ac-
count, and will do so as soon as your wishes
in the matter shall be made known to us.

R. M. P.
D,

Crocker, Bros. & Co.,

Provincetown,

Mass.

Philadelphia,
Aug. 26, 1842.

Dear Sir,

I ask the liberty of presenting
to you a specimen, executed at the
studio, of the new electrotypo process
invented by Jacob.

With high respect,

Your faithful Servant,
R. W. Patterson.

For
Messrs John Quincy Adams.

To Hon^{ble} U.S. Mint New York Aug 28th 1856
We forward you with this
bar of Metal contg about 878 dwt Gold & 1050
Silver for which please forward us the value
in half Eagles & Half Dollars -
We also send \$14500 5 dwt French Silver Coin
for which we will return in Half Dollars - Please
send us a separate Statement of this from the bar
above mentioned

Respectfully Yours

Wm. B. Rogers
Jas. K. Woodbury

Washington July 29. 1842

Dear Sir

I was able yesterday to get up the Bill in which the appropriations in the Mint are contained. They were passed without difficulty - and I believe there would have been the same absence of difficulty in obtaining the appropriation for purchasing the lot - but your letter having arrived the day before in which you announce the fact that the purchase cannot be made - and that the appropriation has therefore become unnecessary, it was struck from the Bill. I regret the inconvenience which will be occasioned by a most unfortunate delay.

Yrs very respectfully

Dr Wm Patterson

Philadelphia

J. R. Ingersoll

Point of the U.S. States,
Treasury Office, Sept 30 1872.

Sir,

I herewith forward you
the quarterly statement ending this day
as a Depository of the public money.

Very respectfully,
Yours ob. Serv.

(Signed) Isaac R. Pack
Treasurer.

To Wm. Selden, Esq.
Treasurer of the U.S. States,
Washington.

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,

Apr 29 1842.

Sir:

Enclosed you will receive *One* Treasury Draft
made payable to your order, together with a descriptive list of the
same, combined with a receipt therefor, which you will please to sign
and return to this office, by return of mail.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant,

WM. SELDEN,

Treasurer of the United States

P. M. Patterson Esqr

Dr. Cabell will oblige Dr. Stewart by leaving this package at the United
States mint at Philadelphia as it
contains medals for the mint - A Monsieur

Monsieur Dr. Beck.

Boîte
renfermant
5 médailles.

A Philadelphie
(Etats-Unis)

Recommandé
aux soins diligents
Monsieur Campbell
St. Louis

Hôtel des Monnaies à
Philadelphie -

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,

26 Sept 1842.

Sir:

Enclosed you will receive *one* Treasury Draft made payable to your order, together with a descriptive list of the same, combined with a receipt therefor, which you will please to sign and return to this office, by return of mail.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant.

WM. SELDEN,

Treasurer of the United States.

Isaac Roach Esq

Mint U.S.

Sept. 13. 42.

Sir,

I take the liberty of sending enclosed a letter for John P. Brown Esq., the Dragoman of the U.S. Legation at Constantinople, which you will greatly oblige me by causing to be sent with the first dispatches for the Department. The correspondence is exclusively on the subject of coins, of which many of much interest have been sent to the Mint by Mr. Brown, accompanied by valuable information.

R. M. P.

Director.

To/ Fletcher Webster, Esq.,
Acting Sec. of State. }

Mint of the United States
Philadelphia, Sep. 24, 1842.

Sir,
I received, from the Secretary of the Treasury, a letter of the 9th inst., in which he stated that he had issued his warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the Mint for \$8000. This amount has not yet been forwarded, and it is of great importance that it should be in our hands before the close of the month. I pray you, then, to expedite me for calling it to your attention.

A. M. P.

Wm. Selden, Esq.,
Treasurer of the United States

Gentlemen,

Min. of the United States,
Sept. 23. 1842.

Our Assayer, Mr. Eckfeldt, has found that an error was committed in reporting the fineness, & consequently the value, of a deposit of gold made by you on the 15th inst. The mistake had its origin in the accidental exchange of two assay-pans, one yours, the other of a deposit made by Mess. Benson of this city; in consequence of which yours was reported at 888, & his at 897, whereas the reports should have been reversed, as has been determined by repeating the assays. The balance due to you, on your deposit, is \$11.68, which will be paid on your order.

Very respectfully,

R. M. P.

S.

To Messrs. Beebe & Posthall,
New York. }

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Second Auditor's Office,

September 22, 1842.

SIR:

A Requisition, No. 6001 dated 21st Instant
drawn by the SECRETARY OF WAR on the Treasury, has this day been sent to the
proper office for a Warrant to be issued in your favor, for

Fifteen Hundred

Dollars, ¹⁰⁰

which will be transmitted to you by the Treasurer of the United States, and for which
sum you are held accountable under the following Appropriations:

"Medals for Indian Chiefs"

On receipt whereof be pleased to forward an acknowledgment to this office, addressed
to the Auditor, as usual. Respectfully, sir,

Your most obedient servant,

*R. M. Patterson, Esq.
Director of the Mint,
Philadelphia,
Pa.*

*Lewis
actg aud*

Navy Department.
21 September 1842

Sir,

I have received your letter of the 17th inst on the subject of the Burrows's medal, & in reply inform you that I can do nothing in relation to it. The gentleman in Baltimore who claims the medal is fully aware of its present condition, & if he will not redeem it, the officers of the mint will, of course, do with it as they please.

I am respectfully
your obt Servt
A W Parker

R M Patterson Esq.
Director U S Mint.
Philad^a.

War Department,
September 30th 1842.

Sir,

In answer to your letter of the 17th instant, in the absence of the Secretary of War, I have the honor to state that \$2000 was appropriated during the last session of Congress for making medals bearing the head of the President to be given to Indian Chiefs. Of this \$500 was paid to Mr. Pettiback, and a requisition has this day been made in your favor for \$1500, which the Treasury Department is requested to remit to you as early as practicable.

Very respectfully,

Wm. Olin. Secy.

S. Parker

Chief Clerk

N. M. Patterson Esq.
Director of the Mint,
Philadelphia Penn^a

West, Mass.
Sept. 19, 1842.

Gentlemen! I have ^{daily receive} the receipt
of your letter of the 12th inst.
in view of our present supply of ap-
ple cores and of the diminished demand
for them, I have to regret that we cannot
receive more than five tons of the plan-
chets which you have prepared for us.
I will not again, however, that you have
new bags made for the order now pre-
sented, but I hope that, for the future,
you will take care to give us a due pro-
portion of small bags.

R. M. P.
Dever

Wm. Crocker, Barn, &c.
Salem, Mass.

Mint Wash
Apr. 17/54.

Sir,

Since my letter to you of the 22d of Jan last, I have heard nothing on the subject of the Burrows medal, deposited at the Mint for coinage on the 1st of that month. May I take the liberty of inquiring whether any steps have been taken in Baltimore such as I suggested, and if so whether they have led to a confirmation of the surmise of Mr. Thompson that the medal was stolen from the family of ~~him~~ ^{him}. As the deposit was actually paid for, the coinage of the medal itself, or of gold to the same value furnished from some other source, is rendered necessary, and the officer who is responsible for the amount is anxious to have the ^{matter} brought to a conclusion.

R. M. P.

To Hon. A. S. Webster,
Sec. of Army. }

Mint U. States
Sept. 13. 42

Dear Sir,

A lad from the R.M. Depot brought the deposit of gold, with your letter of the 1st inst., to my house after the Mint was closed. I at first refused to receive it, but at his earnest desire, ^{as} your letter was addressed to me, I went with him to the Mint, & placed the bar in my own desk. Now from this time, the whole affair was so entirely dismissed from my mind, that the gold remained unthought of until the receipt of your letter of this morning. I have had it deposited, & send you the receipt payable to your order. The value of the deposit, as ascertained by the Assayer, is \$92.65; the fineness 948 parts only.

R. M. P.

To
J. C. Smith Esq.
Baltimore.

R. M. Patterson Esq.
Director.

Taunton Sept. 12. 1892.

Sir -

We are in receipt
of your esteemed favor of the 9th inst. &
take due note of its contents.

Anticipating an order from you this
autumn, we have now packed & ready
for shipment ten tons planchets in kegs
of the same weight as heretofore. These
we should like the privilege of sending
you - This future will conform to your
wishes as expressed in your letter - or if
you require we will do so in the order
you give -

We have recently had made an
unusually large number of kegs - not being
able to purchase a small number on so
advantageous terms -

Awaiting your reply. We remain

Yours. Very Respectfully
Geo. W. D. O. 1892

Mint of the United States
Philadelphia, Sept 10, 1842

Dear Sir,

I have the pleasure of acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 11th of May, which reached me on the 14th of July.

I made inquiry as to the apparent neglect on the part of the Corresponding Secretary of the American Philosophical Society to acknowledge the receipt of your interesting collection of Ottoman Coins, and I was glad to find that ~~the~~ a letter of thanks had ~~been~~ in fact written, and put in the hands of ^{our} Librarian, the late Mr. Vaughan, to be forwarded. It may have miscarried, or, which is equally probable, it may have been overlooked by Mr. Vaughan who was ^{at the time very} ~~very~~ ~~much~~ ~~engaged~~ ~~and~~ infirm. A duplicate is herewith sent to you.

You mention that you have made another collection of coins, and ask my advice as to the Society ^{with} to which I would recommend that it be deposited. I presume you are aware that an ^{instituting} Society has been established at Washington, under the most promising auspices, of which Mr. Peirce is President, and which has the heads of departments and all the most distinguished men about the government and in the United States for

members. It is called the "National Numismatic Association". It has magnificent apartments in the new Patent Office; has the collection of the late Emperor's Expedition committed to its keeping, &c. ~~Would not this be the most proper~~ ^{entirely} "National Institution". Would it not be the most proper Society for you to select for the donation which you propose to make?

Mr. Dubois, ~~prop~~ will add a postscript to this letter, I leave it to him to speak of the work on Coins, &c.

R. M. P.
Director &c.

M. P. Brown, Esq.
U. S. Dragoman,
Constantinople.

Dear Sir,

The Director having granted us the favor of adding a postscript, we think it proper to inform you, that we have availed ourselves of your valuable letters on Eastern Coins, and of the specimens sent therewith, in a publication recently put out by us, entitled "A Manual of Gold & Silver Coins of all Nations, struck within the past Century" together with

original researches in the precious metals, plate, jewelry, &c. embodied in a quarto of 220 pages; with 177 plates, containing a front view of the Mint, and copies of about 200 specimens of coins. In preparing this work, we had the aid of an extensive correspondence with foreign Ministers & Consuls of the U. States, which, in the proper place, has carefully been credited to them; your contributions have been acknowledged under the several heads of Egypt, Persia, & Turkey. The work has been well received thus far. A part of the edition will be published in England & France by arrangements already made.

Very respectfully,
your obliged servants,
J. R. Eckhardt, &
Wm. E. Dubois,
Masters of the Mint,
of the U. S.

Copy

Treasury Department
September 9. 1842.

Sir,

In reply to the request contained in your letter of the 8th inst. I have to inform that a warrant has this day issued in favor of Mr. Road Treasurer of the Mint, for the sum of \$8,000, on account as follows, viz,

Salaries of Officers &	5000.
Compensation of Laborers	3000.

which amount will be transmitted by the Treasurer of the U. S. as soon as the warrant passes the usual forms of business.

It appears by the 32^d Sec. Art. 32 of an Act of Congress approved August 26 1842 that the following are appropriations made on account of the Mint at Philadelphia.

"For Coinage expenses, including materials, implement, fuel, power, Machinery, & repairs of old, die making, & postage of Gold & Silver, at Philadelphia Mint - fifteen thousand, two hundred dollars."

"For house expenses, including water rent, taxes, repairs, lighting, cleaning & heating at the same - four thousand dollars."

"For office expenses, including stationery, postage - six hundred dollars."

Permit me to observe, that when the public service requires a remittance to be made to the Treasurer of the Mint, on account of the above recited appropriations, it is essential carefully to distinguish the object as contemplated by the language of the law.

Wm. Patterson Esq.
Director of the Mint Philadelphia

Very respectfully, Sir,
I remain your Obedt Servt
"Signed" Wm. Patterson
Secretary to the Treasury

Mint of the United States.
Sept. 9, 1842.

Gentlemen,

We have about \$2500 worth of cents on hand, and are therefore not now in want of planchets, yet I think it prudent to order a small amount to be sent any time before the probable closing of the mint. ~~Most of our four cents sold are~~

Now most of our cents are called for in parcels of \$100 each, and it is therefore very desirable that you should send us the planchets in kegs which will hold this amount. I would therefore accordingly beg you to prepare for us twenty kegs of planchets, each containing 240 lbs. *Arvidupris*.

If you have any objections to fulfilling the order as now given, I pray you to inform me.

P.M.P.

To/
Messrs. Crocker Bros. & Co.
Saverton, Mass.

Treasury Department
Sept. 9th 1842

Sir,

In reply to the request contained in your letter of the 8th inst. I have to remark that a warrant has this day issued in favor of Mr. Roach Treasurer of the Mint for the sum of \$5000 on account as follows, viz.

Salaries of Officers &c	5000
Compensation of Laborers	2000

which amount will be transmitted by the Treasurer of the U.S. as soon as the warrant passes the usual forms of business.

It appears by the 22nd Sec No 32 of an Act of Congress Approved August 26. 1842 that the following are appropriations made on account of the Mint at Philadelphia.

"For carriage expenses, including materials & implements, fuel, new machinery & repairs of old, die making, & wastage of gold & silver, at the Philadelphia Mint - fifteen thousand two hundred Dollars"

"For house expenses, including water-rent & taxes, repairs, lighting, cleaning & watching at the same - four thousand Dollars."

"For office expenses, including stationery & postage - six hundred Dollars"

Permit me to observe, that when the public service requires a remittance to be made to the Treasurer of the Mint on account of the above mentioned appropriations, it is material carefully to distinguish the objects as contemplated by the language of the law.

R. M. Patterson Esq.
Director of the Mint
Philadelphia

Very Respectfully Sir,
I remain your Obedt. Servt

W. F. Fennell
Secretary of the Treasury

Albion N. S.
Sept. 8th, 1842.

Sir, I have the honor to request that you
will issue your warrant in favor of the
Treasurer of the Unit for eight thousand
dollars, out of the appropriations for the
present year, viz:

For salaries of Officers and Clerks,	\$ 5000
For wages of men and material,	3000
	<u>\$ 8,000</u>

To

V. R. M. P.

Director.

(Hon. Walter Forward,
Sec. of Treasury.

May I ask you to do me the
favor of communicating to me the items and
amounts of the appropriations made to replace
that ^{expended} ~~asked~~ for ^{the} contingent expenses for this Unit?

HEDGON, PRINTER.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
REGISTER'S OFFICE.

September 7th, 1842.

SIR,

In compliance with the act of Congress of the 26th ultimo, to define and establish the fiscal year for the Treasury of the United States, I have the honor to request that the estimates which have heretofore been prepared for the calendar year ending 31st December, be made for the half year ending the 30th June, 1843, and separate estimates for the year ending 30th June, 1844, be prepared and transmitted to this Office at your earliest convenience, that they may be communicated to Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury at the ensuing session.

I have the honor to be, sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Register of the Treasury U. S.

Robert M. Patterson Esq
Director of the Mint
Philad.

Miss M. S.
Oct. 8, 1842.

Yankee

On the 24th I sent you an order for
five tons of ~~of~~ coal plumbago to be delivered
in cash of 240 lbs each. I now ask you
to send me an additional invoice of five
tons, in the same terms.

R. M. P.

Dear

To

Miss Crocker, Prov. Ver.
Taunton, Mass.

New York 31st October 1842

R. M. Patterson
Director of the United States
Philadelphia

Dear Sir: By the recommendation of
our friends Everett & Bailett, I address
to you by today's mail, enclosing Hard
Express receipts.

For three small packages of gold
dust of very good quality, marked A.D.
N^o 1 & R N^o 5 & 6 which I beg of you
to have coined for me, making two
separate Billions that of A.D. in one
& R in another of - & send them to me
as soon as practicable - in American
gold. The amount in South America
is \$1305.

I always have remittances from
my country in gold dust & availing of
the kindness you conferred on Mr. Monte
any I will always address to you.

Being to offer you my services in
this place.

I Remain my Dear Sir

Yours to the servant

Jeynis Dominguez

6 St. George Place



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Remarks and Numbers. *No.* *New-York Oct 31st 184*

Recd of J. Dominguez
One Parcel said to contain
Gold
Numbered and marked as in the margin, which we promise to forward by our Express to Philadelphia and deliver to as addressed
or Agent, (loss by fire and perils of the Seas excepted.)

Freight, \$ *50*

Paul

N. B. HARNDEN & Co. are alone responsible for the loss or injury of any articles or property committed to their care; not in any case assumed by our cars any be attached to, the New Jersey Steam Navigation Company, in whose Steamers, nor to the New York, Providence and Boston, and Boston and Providence Rail Roads, and on whose Roads, their Cates are transported, in respect to their contents at any time.

FOR HARNDEN & Co. *W. Glass*

Mint of U.S.

Oct. 26. 1842.

Dear Sir,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 24th inst., respecting the weights left at the Mint to be adjusted. I find, on inquiry, that these weights were not put into the hands of the Assayer, but into those of Mr. Saxton, the Mechanician who makes the balances, dies, &c. for the Mint & who was presumably competent to the task. He had considerable changes to make in all the weights, & had several new ones to make, & Mr. Eckfeldt thinks his charge of \$4.50 was a just & moderate one, - though, (as I now learn for the first time,) his bill was returned to him by Mr. Dwyer with a very insulting message. The weights will be sent on to New York, by Hounden line, immediately.

A. M. P.

L. W. Stone, Esq.,

Philadelp^ha,

P. S.

Wm. H. S. Oct. 24, 1842

Gentlemen,
I have to acknowledge the receipt
of your letter of the 22. ult., announcing that
you have shipped for us 29 casts, planchets, am-
ounting to \$3,637.75. Your wishes, with regard to the
payment shall be attended to on the receipt of
the planchets.

I comply with your desire, by authorizing
the shipment of 5 tons more of planchets,
provided that you can send them in rounded
dollar casts, as requested in my letter of Sept.
9.

R. M. S.
D,

Crocker, Bros. & Co. }
Boston, Mass. }

Branch Bank of C. Jones
Raleigh N.C. Oct. 24. 1842

Dear Sir

When I was in Philadelphia and
at the Mint on the 19th ult. you told me, in
answer to my inquiries about gold weights
- that the Assayers would adjust weights for
me if I would get them (that it was a
privilege allowed them for which they made
a small charge) having to leave Philadelphia
afternoon I did not then procure the
weights but shortly after my return home
Mr. Dupuy, one of the Directors of this Bank -
a Silas Smith & Co. was about going on to
Philadelphia & I requested him to take the
weights I had here to the Mint for me &
get them adjusted - and was very much
surprised on his return to learn that
he had not brought the weights - his reasons
for not doing so - and the very rude
manner in which he had returned the
ass for adjusting them & the weights.

I hope from this sample you will not judge
also - there will be some small extra in
all communications and I regret that it was
my misfortune to entrust such a man
with my business - Please make this known
to

Messrs E. & D. Davis and hand them
 my debt on 3rd page on O. & M. 18th Jan \$4.50
 which I suppose tells you is the amount of their
 debt & request them to send the weight to
 Messrs. Bryan & Maitland 176. Front Street N.Y.
 for me. & if convenient to do so I should
 be glad to have them there by next Monday
 as they will have a private opportunity of
 sending them to me.

Very Respectfully

Wm. W. Stone

Dr. R. M. Patterson
 176. Front Street.

D. W. Stone

Philadelphia Pa

Recd. " 26. "
 Oct. 20. 1842.
 Messrs. Stone, Esq.
 New York

R. M. Patterson Esq
Scribble

Danville Oct 22. 1872

Yours -
I have just received
bill for 29 cash, 12 months, shipped
for Eclipse, amounting to \$3.637 ²⁰/₁₀₀ -

We will thank you to forward the amount
in cash, to Messrs. A. J. Wilcox & Co. & Battle
by cash bill, to New York, dividing the amount
as near as convenient -

As one fortieth of cent is small for the
convenience of the writer, we should be glad if you
would authorize a further dividend of five
cents -

Yours -

Yours

Very Respectfully
C. C. B. B. B. B. B.

Dr. Patterson
U. S. Mint.

Dear Sir

We shall bring
the two engravers to visit
the mint in the morning
at 11 o'clock and hope
it will be agreeable for you
to receive them.

Yours truly
W. A. R.

Dr. Patterson.

Oct. 15. 1842

Wm. Patterson Esq.
Director
Sir.

London Oct 10. 1872

We duly received
your letter of the 19th inst. and have
not since found an opportunity of shipping
the plates.

Supposing that you are not in
immediate want, we shall wait awhile
for an opportunity of shipping by one of
our own vessels. & if one does not occur
soon will forward them some other way.

We are
Yours.

Very Respectfully
Charles D. Doro. & Co.

Treasury Department
First Auditors Office
Oct 8th 1842

Sir

Your Accounts of Gold & Silver Bullions
and Copper Coins are rec^d

To
Daae Waack Esq
Treasurer of C^t

With due Respect
Your Obt Servant
Wm D. Vane
Acting Fst Auditor

Dept of the United States,
Treasurer's Office, Oct 7th 1842.

Sir,

I herewith forward you
the quarterly accounts of the operations of
the Mint for the quarter ending the 30th
day of September 1842, which I hope you
will find to be correct.

Very respectfully,
Yours &c &c
Signed J. Isaac Roach
Treasurer

To, Tully, R. W. Esq.
1st Auditor of the Treasury
Washington

Minist. of the United States

Oct. 5th, 1842.

Gentlemen,

The specimen of silver native silver which
you placed in my hands has been examined by
Mr. Palfitt, and yields the following results.

Original weight - 192 grains. —	192 grs.
Weight after melting down with borax —	144 "
Weight of pure metal, — — —	121
Weight of gold in the pure metal —	0.061

It appears therefore that 625 thousandths of
the original specimen was of silver, containing but
1/10 of a thousandth of gold, or a proportion not
worth the cost of separating.

R. M. P.

Wm. Blackburn Pitts

Mint of the United States
Treasury Office.
October 1st 1845.

Sir,

I forward you herewith, the quarterly
accounts of the ordinary receipts and expenditures of
the Mint, for the third quarter of the present year, which
I hope you will find to be correct.

Very respectfully,

Your most obedt. Servt.

(Signed) G. B. Wood,

Treasurer.

Full, R. Blair Esq.
First Auditor of the Treasury.

Minist. U. States,
Oct. 1, 1842.

Sir, I have this day received, from the
Treasury of the U. States, the amount of
the requisition No. 6001, mentioned in your
letter of the 22^d ult., for fifteen hundred
dollars, of the appropriation for "Medals,
for Indian Chiefs."

R. M. P.
D.

To
Mr. J. L. Davis, Esq.,
2^d Auditor.

Washington, D.C. Nov 27th 42.

Dear Sir

Your favor of the 25th inst reached me this morning and gave me the highest pleasure, both as a mark of your esteem for me as an artist, and as relating to contemplated modifications of the coinage. I have thought much on this subject and should deem myself most happy if by any aid of mine your views could be furthered.

However easy it may be to find fault with the coin as it now stands, I believe you will agree with me that any great change in it is a matter exceedingly perplexing and difficult.

I am particularly anxious to learn your opinion on the following points. Should the several coins be similar in design, though varying in size? I have remarked that such a similarity has its advantages, as in the Spanish Dollar, half, quarter, eighth & sixteenth of a dollar. Should every coin of whatever sort bear upon one of its faces and in a most conspicuous position, its denomination and value in full Roman letters?

I have at various times prepared designs for coins of the United States. I shall be happy to lay them before you when I have had a fuller explanation of your own views; at present I will merely say that the objects to which I have mainly directed my attention are, Nationality and Simplicity. To secure these, it would be necessary that each part should have a distinct and palpable meaning and that all such

images as from their vignettes are forced to have their
name written on them, should be omitted

The machine for reducing the medallion
into the size of the coin insures, as I think a union
of design and execution such as has not hitherto been seen.
I am sure that I need not enlarge on the advantages of
such a coinage - the combination of beautiful form and
graceful arrangement with the most effective practical
organization in every department of the Mint shows me
that you are prepared to instruct me on this head

I am Dear Sir

Very respectfully

Your obliged friend & servant

Horatio Greenough

R. M. Patterson Esq

[The following item may be of sufficient
interest for notice in the next Annual Report.]

The crowns & half-crowns of France, a coinage
which terminated with Louis XVI., had of late years
become ^{very} rare, as ~~to~~ ^{they} seldom received for recoinage.
Indeed, it is well understood that the great mass of them
have passed through the French refineries, for the sake of
~~extracting~~ the modicum of gold contained in them.
Hence, our material for the past year (1842) has been
~~largely consisted of these coins~~ suddenly & largely ~~been~~
reinforced by this very coinage. In Novr 1841, some
small parcels were sent here upon trial, by a bank in
Montreal, and found to yield more than their current
value; for altho' the coins were greatly reduced by wear,
~~from 6 to 12 per cent on the~~ the reduction of value by tale
was proportionally too great. This discovery having been
made, the current set in from Canada almost immediately,
so that, from Jan'y 1st to this date (Novr. 25) the
amount is over \$200,000. [171,460 stand. ozs.]

Chas. Battenberg
Director

W
Dorchester Nov 25. 1842.

Dear Sir -

Enclosed we send
bill of 5 tons planches shipped to Bel-
lison, amounting to \$3566.08.

We have received the bill, and will
thank you to forward to Messrs. K. H.
Hooper & Co. Boston, by early vessel.
that part, say about \$2000. in cash -
& the balance of the bill to Messrs. A. & F.
Mills, New York, via canal & railroad.

In order to make this shipment, which
we were compelled to put in a few kegs
of 392.

We shall begin the closing of
navigation with the other fine timber.

Yours Very Respectfully
Geo. H. Brown

War Department
Office Indian Affairs
November 25 1842

Sir,

When the honor to acknowledge the receipt
of your letter of 8 inst asking what number of
medals shall be made of the different sizes -
We cannot do better than to adopt your suggestion
therefore request that you have completed sixty of the
largest and two hundred of the two smaller sizes -
It will be very agreeable to have them sent to this
office as early as possible -

Very respectfully
Thos M. Davis

Wm. H. Burleigh

R. M. Patterson Esq
Director of the Mint
Philadelphia.

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,

18 Nov 1842.

Sir:

Enclosed you will receive *One* Treasury Draft
made payable to your order, together with a descriptive list of the same,
combined with a receipt therefor, which you will please to sign and
return to this office, by return of mail.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant,

WM. SELDEN,

Treasurer of the United States.

Isaac H. Roach Esq

Albany, N. Y.

Nov. 16th, 1849.

Sir,

I have the honor to request that you will
issue your warrant in favor of the Treasur-
er of the Court for Eight thousand two
hundred dollars, ~~and~~ out of the appropriations
for the present year: viz.

For Salaries of Officers & Clerks,	\$ 4,200
For Wages of Workmen,	4,000
	<u>8,200</u>

R. M. Patterson
Director

Wm. Walter Forward,
Secretary of the Treasury.

New York Nov^r 17th 1842

R. M. Patterson Esq
Director of Mint of U. States
Philadelphia

Dear Sir

We herewith forward
a small package of gold dust per "Jacob Shipman"
marked T.W.R. which we wish coined as usual
and shall feel much obliged by a return
of a Certificate of the Value thereof at as early
a period as may be convenient ^{as it belongs to}
a fund from South America who wishes to have her
on the 20th Inst. - Thanking you in advance
for your usual prompt attention.

We beg to remain

Very Respectfully

Yr Obedt Servt

Osmond B. Battelle

P.S. Your favor of 12th Inst.
with Rps for 15 Casks Copper Ore
in Bag "Cayuga" for sale of Messrs
Crocker B & Co is just recd
E. B.

Mint Wash

Nov. 12 / 49.

Sir,

I have received a letter from the Treasurer of the Mint at New Orleans, in which he states that there is now a great desire, at that place, to introduce the general employment of copper coins, and says that, if a supply could be sent from this Mint, he thinks a large amount might be exchanged for its equivalent in silver and gold. Such a transaction would be, on every account, desirable, and I am anxious and ready to enter upon it, but as it is of I deem it improper to do so without the ~~in your~~ consent.

The 35th Sect. of the Mint Act of 1837, states, "that it shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the Mint to deliver the copper coins in exchange for their legal equivalent in other money, to any persons who shall apply for them." And the following Section says: "That the copper coins may, at the discretion of the Director, be delivered in any of the principal cities and towns of the United States, at the cost of the Mint for transportation."

Now I would propose that ~~a number of~~ ^{from time to time} bags of cents should be sent from here to the Branch Mint at New Orleans, and placed in

the hands of the Treasurer of that Branch for distribution.

That the Treasurer of the Branch shall be considered as the Agent of the Treasurer of this Office in the business, and that he have made allowed to him a commission of one per cent. on the amount of coffee sold. — This was the commission allowed by the Treasurer of the United States to his Agent at Philadelphia, while, under the old mint laws, the distribution of coffee coins was made the duty of that office.

That the expenses of transporting the coins, including insurance if deemed expedient, be paid by this Office.

That the Treasurer of the New Orleans Branch Office, in his capacity of agent, shall account with the Treasurer of this Office, as his Principal who will of course account with the Department for these as well as all other coffee ^{coin} transactions.

If the arrangement thus proposed ^{respects} shall ~~be~~ ^{be} given approbation, it shall be entered upon without delay.

Wm. Wallace Forward,
Wm. ~~Levi~~ ^{Levi} ~~Forward~~ ^{Forward},
Sec. of Treasury

A. M. Patterson,
Director

Mount Vernon
Nov. 8, 1842

Sir,

In answer to your letter of the 4th inst.,
I have to state, that all the dies for the Indian
Medals bearing the head of President Tyler are
^{sufficiently} ~~cut~~ and one set is entirely finished, and
the other two will not be long delayed. No
time shall be lost in preparing the medals, and
forwarding them to you.

We have made our estimates for 50 medals
of the largest size, and 200 of the ^{new} smaller sizes.
It is of the smallest that the dies are finished.
Will you do me the favor to say how many of
these size you desire?

R. M. P.

To
J. Hartley Crawford, Esq.
Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

A. M. Patterson Esq.
Director.

Camden Nov 7. 1842.

Dear Sir

We have received your
estimated prices of the 24th 23rd letter
ordering two pairs of planchets of
five tons each.

We have ordered the small iron
casks which will be completed this
week - when we will have them packed
& shipped without delay.

Very Respectfully
Yours.

Frederick Brown

War Department
Office Indian Affairs
November 4. 1842

Sir,

On the 25th Septaber last the sum of \$1,500 was
admitted to you, from the War Department, for the purpose
of defraying the expense of medals to be prepared at the
Mint for the use of the Indians. Nothing has been heard
from you on the subject since that date, and occasions
constantly occur in which the medals are required. I will
thank you therefore to have them prepared with as little
delay as possible & forward them to this office—

Very respectfully
Yours &c

Wm. G. Loring

R. M. Patterson Esq
Assistant Mint
Philadelphia.

Mint of the United States,
Nov. 3d, 1842.

Dear Sir,

I send enclosed a Memorandum
of the product of your deposits made yesterday.
In your letter, you state that the amount,
in South America, was \$1305. You will see
that an assay gives a result far short of this.
Indeed, the first parcel was unusually poor,
the second was about the average of Colombian
gold dust. To produce \$1305, the gold
must have been almost fine, which is far
from being the case with any South American
gold ever received here.

Very respectfully,
Your faithful servant,

W. Gregorio Dominguez Esq.
64 Exchange Place
New York.

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,

3 Nov 1842.

Sir:

Enclosed you will receive *One* Treasury Draft
made payable to your order, together with a descriptive list of the
same, combined with a receipt therefor, which you will please to sign
and return to this office, by return of mail.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant,

WM. SELDEN,

Treasurer of the United States

P. M. Patterson Esq

The proceeds here are \$1052 ⁵⁴/₁₀₀. The first lot was uncommonly poor; the second was about the average of Colombian dust. — The amt. of \$1305 wd. have been realized, if the gold had been almost fine, which is far from being the case, with any S. Am. gold ever used here.

64
20
12 80
3 0
13 10

Mint of the United States,
Nov. 2. 1842.

Dear Sir,
The remittance of gold dust an-
nounced in your letter of the 31st ult. was re-
ceived by us this morning. I now send you
a receipt for it, according to the weight
before melting, and will enclose a mem-
orandum of the product as soon as this
is ascertained.

J. V. M. T.
cl.

To/ Gregorio Dominguez,
Care Exchange Place.
New York. }

Minst. Wk.
Nov^r 1st, 1842.

Sir,
In reply to your letter of yesterday, I have to
state that the ~~same~~ amount of your deposits
made on the 25th ult. is ready for delivery, and
will be paid in gold coins to your order, endorsed
on the Mint receipt which was given to you. I
have enclosed a memorandum of the proceeds
of your deposits.

R. M. P.

To Saml. Wagner, Esq.
York, Penn^a.

Yrk Oct. 31. 1842

Sir,
On the 26th inst. I deposited $122\frac{11}{100}$ ounces
Gold bullion for coinage. Please inform me
by mail, whether the coin is ready, and what
its amt. is. I expected to call again before I
left the city, but had not leisure to do so.

Respectfully Yours

Saml. Wagner.

Treasurer of the Mint.
Philadelphia.

Dept of the United States
Treasury Office Dec 31st 1845

Sir,

I herewith forward you
the quarterly statement ending this day,
as a Depositary of the public money.

Very respectfully,
Yours obt. Serv^{re}

Wm. Selden Esq,
Treasurer of the U.S.
Washington

Washington, D.C. Dec 30th 48

Dear Sir

Your welcome letter of the 28th inst reached me this morning. I am truly happy to learn that though you despair of making any use of the designs which I enclosed, you were not displeased with them, apart from their incompatibility with existing regulations.

I have always considered the matter as one of great difficulty and the objections which you state to the several devices are very natural and I think might easily be made.

I should certainly prefer the eagle of the great Seal to that which was appended on the coin and though it is impossible to make it other than a conventional image, it might be rendered more imposing by modifying the form yet adhering to the posture and attributes.

I regard that clause of the law which requires that "Liberty" shall not only be present

but labelled also as false to that side of the coin. Liberty representing a negative idea does not easily take form or attributes. The fact that her own children require that her name be written upon her to prevent mistakes proved it. "The barbarous age of art" says a Greek historian "produced images so vague and imperfect that their authors feared to trust the public discernment and wrote under what they intended to pass for a tree" *τοῦτο δένδρον ἐστίν.*

They who fancy that real freedom depends in any way upon such feeble adhesion to an antiquated and childish conception, might get a different notion from a glance at the tower in the Grand Duke's Square in Florence, where that magic word inscribed by republican hands, has been allowed to remain in pure contempt by twenty successive princes, while the bayonets that gleam over below as the guard is relieved by day and night and the rattle of arms presented on the passing of each decorated minion, show the difference between words written and things done.

That the coinage is actually a good one for practical purposes there can be no doubt - perhaps it is unwise to endeavour to change it unless step by step with the advance of taste in the country, that such advance is making, I should want no better proof than the actual coin is compared with that of the commencement of this century.

Remain Dear Sir

Very respectfully Yours

Horatio Greenough

R. M. Patterson Esq

U. S. Mint

Philadelphia.



Minist. U. S.

Dec. 26, 1842.

Dear Sir, Above you have a bill of lading
of the remittance of coin, of which I gave
you notice yesterday,

R. M. P.

D.

To/ }
Geo. Newbold Esq. }
Pres. The American }
New York. }

R. M. Patterson Esq

Director U. S. Mint, Philadelphia

New York 30 Dec. 1842.

Dear Sir,

We are much indebted to you for the information received in your obliging favor of 27 inst., and now beg leave to send you, in charge of our friend, Mr John J. Winthrop, the following five Bars of French Gold, with request to return us the proceeds in half Eagles - by the Union Transportation Line - as soon as may be in your power, vizt

n ^o 8627	of 992 th ^{ts}	fr. wt	K ^s 5.880.5
23099	" 996 "	" "	4.817.8
23296	" 998 "	" "	4.638.-
23304	" " "	" "	6.256.8
8687	" 995 "	" "	7.922.

We remain,

dear Sir,

very respectfully yours,

Omine Maudslayi

Minist. of the U. S.

Dec. 29. 1842.

Dear Sir,

According to the request made in
your letter of yesterday, the proceeds of Mess.
Arnold & Sepinwall's deposits, in dimes, will be
sent to you, by the Union Steam Line, via Camden
& Ambry R.R., tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock,
or will reach New York, as I understand, about
9 o'clock the following morning.

The amount of our Messenger's bill, for
Rep, bag, & portage, - \$3.50, - has been retained.

R. M. P.

D.

Mr. M. W. Cold, Esq.,
Pres. R.R. American,
New York. }

Mint of the United States.

Philadelphia, Dec. 28, 1844.

Dear Sir,

I fear you have been surprised at my
long neglect to acknowledge the receipt of your
letter of the 10th inst., and I certainly owe you
an apology for it. I assure you, however, that
I have been greatly obliged and pleased by your
communications, and that your truly classical
sketches have led me more and more to regret
that, in the object which we have in view, we
should be so much confined by the bonds of
law. I must frankly state, however, that I
despair of should look upon any attempt to
obtain the consent of Congress to any of your
beautiful designs for our coinage, as desperate.

Let me for a moment ^{consider what objections could be} ~~assume the place~~
~~made by~~ of a Member of Congress, opposed, as many of
them always are, to every innovation, should
the sanction of law be asked for either of your
designs for the national coinage.

No. 1. — Liberty is put down, rejected.
Our fathers fought and died to obtain it, and now

their degenerate sons reject even its emblem.
Ye. Ye. ~~The~~ eagle is, indeed, retained, but it is
the imperial eagle of Rome, not our own
bold-headed Ye.

Mr. D. The Indian Corn is characteristic enough,
but it is not emblematic. If you adopt, as our
motto with it, "E pluribus unum", out of many
grains we see, we shall be anticipating a
multiplication of states which all the land from
Cape Horn to the Arctic would not furnish.
Then, on the reverse, we have the goddess of Liberty
~~or her friend~~
~~personifying~~, with her head bowed in a suppliant
posture, before the imperial eagle. [For heaven's
sake do not accuse me of entertaining any such
slandorous opinion of this exquisite ^{design}.]

Mr. B. Industry and Liberty, — Agriculture
and Mechanics. — I scarcely know what would be
the priority of attacks against this device; but the
omission of both Liberty and the Eagle would
be seized upon certainly, and would, alone, be
fatal. Then there would be the want, of in
these emblems, of any thing nationally character-
istic. — At the alliest, we should complain

of the groups being too large for our coins, espe-
cially those of small size.

How that the truly classical figure sowing
grain would be attacked as a Virginia field-
hand, and that our slanderers might assert that
we had substituted a ^{victim} ~~victim~~ of Slavery, for the
goddess of Liberty.

I hope I need not again say that I do
not join in these criticisms; I hope, moreover,
that you do not suppose me so weak as to
imagine that any device can be framed that
will not be the subject of attack and perhaps
of ridicule. To succeed in our attempts,
however, we must take care not to deviate too
far from the existing present coins, and it
would be very important to desirable, if good
taste ~~will~~ can be reconciled to it, to keep within
the limits of the present laws.

I pray you not to abandon an attempt
so important as that of improving our coins
as works of art and taste. I cannot advise
you with you: I do not feel competent. I
only have that too great a change from the

existing state of things would perfectly
under our present organization.

The law by which we are now bound is
as follows:

[Then copy Act. 15 of 1861. — "Before
the coins be — — — omitted."

R. M. P.

to
Honable Genl. G. E.
Washington.

Dec. 28. 1861.
Honable Genl. G. E.
Washington.

Kil. 12.411 @ 980 = Kil. 13.514.2 Standard
 " 30.478.5 " 995 = " 33.695.7 "
 " 14.920.7 " 997 = " 16.528.8 "
 57.810.2 63.738.7 "

Stand. K. 63.738.7 = Stand. Troy Ozs. 2049.60 = \$38,132.09
 Mint charges for alloy, say 53.20
 38,078.89

N.B. The assay of French bars is generally found about $\frac{1}{1000}$ too high - in which case the return would be some 38 dolls. less than the above.

Mont. N.Y. Dec. 28/44.

Dear Sir,

The following is our estimate of the value of the gold bars referred to in your letter of yesterday.

12.411 Kil. at .980 = 13.514.2 K. Standard
 30.478.5 " .995 = 33.695.7 "
 14.920.7 " .997 = 16.528.8 "
 57.810.2 = 63.738.7 "

63.738.7 K. H. = 2049.60 oz. Tr. H. = \$38,132.09
 Mint charges for alloy, say 53.20
 \$38,078.89

The assay of French bars is generally found about one thousandth too high, in which case the return would be ~~about~~ some 38 dolls. less than the above estimate.

The delay of making the return ^{will} not be more than a week after the deposit is received.

Wm. Aug. Belmont, Esq.
 New York.

R. M. P. J.

Bank of America Oct. 28. 1842

Dear Sir

With thanks for your obliging offer
to give us dimes at once for the Silver deposits
of \$1201.¹⁰ I enclose herin your Treasury
receipt for the Ballion and I request of you the
favor to have the Coin carefully put up and
forwarded to this Bank by the Rail Road
line on Friday or Saturday next, advising us
thereof -

Very respectfully & truly
Yours
J. K. Wilson

R. M. Patterson Esq.

Director of Mint

Philad.

Albion N.H.

Dec. 28 / 42.

Dear Sir,

You have truly supposed that the commission with which you charged me in your letter of the 14th inst. was not a slight transaction. It has given ^{me} L. fiduciam hominum, & as an individual, to comply with your wishes.

I first ascertained that the bank would charge you 2 per cent for the small coins you wanted. This I thought too much, and I therefore laid the case before my friend the President of the Farmers & Merchants Bank, who kindly consented to cash your check in Mexican dollars. These were accordingly deposited for you in the alliot, and I ~~was~~ ^{will} send you pro-
duct, also of the charge for refining & alloy, \$
1001.34. The coins will be ready in
the course of next week, and shall be sent
to you as you desire.

W. D. W. Howe, Esq.
Care of Mr. B. of Cape Fear
Raleigh, N. C.

R. M. P.

Mint of the United States
Decr. 27th. 1842.

Gentlemen,

In answer to your letter of yesterday, I present to you the following estimates:

3000 pieces of 20 fr. if new, say 1840-42, and not worn, would yield \$11,565; but if of mixed dates, and somewhat worn, they would not yield more than \$11,535, - perhaps even a little less. - On these there will be no mint charges.

The bars, supposing them to hold out the French weight and fineness would result as follows:

Kil. 5.880.5 - 189.10 oz. Fr. at .993 fine = 208.640 oz. Stand.

4.817.8 = 154.92 " " .996 " = 171.445 " "

10.894.8 = 350.34 " " .998 " = 388.488 " "

7.922 = 254.74 " " .995 " = 281.629 " "

949.10 1050.202 "

Value of the four bars, at these rates, \$19,538.64

Deduction for alloy 30.60

\$19,508 04

The fineness may hold out the above rates, but generally it is found, as in the coins, one thousandth short, in which case the proceeds will be about \$19.60 less.

The amount of your proposed deposit could be paid after a very short delay, certainly not exceeding a week if no other

heavy deposit intervenes
Very respectfully
Your faithful servant

P.M.P.

To/
Mess. Prince Ward King
New York.

The 3000 fr. of 20fr., if new, say 1840-42, would
yield and not more, would yield \$11,565. But if
of mixed dates, and somewhat worn, they would not
return more than \$11,535; perhaps a few dolls. less.
On these, there will be no Mint charges.

The bars, supposing them to hold out the
French weight & fineness, would result as follows:

	Oz. Troy		Oz. Troy
Kil. 5.880.5	= 189.10 @ .993 fine	=	208.640 standard
4.817.8	= 154.92 " 996 "	=	171.445 "
10.894.8	= 350.34 " 998 "	=	388.488 "
7.922.	= 254.74 " 995 "	=	281.629 "
	<u>949.10</u>		<u>1050.202</u>
Value of the 4 bars, at those rates,	\$ 19,538.14		
Deduct Mint charges		30.60	
		\$ 19,508.00	

The fineness may hold out the above rates, but
generally it is found (like the coinage) too
short; in which case, there will be less about 19.60
\$ 19,488.44

The above estimates, tho' not very precise, are
as much so as the case will admit of.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Freeholder, N. O., Dec. 27th, 1842.

Dear Sir: The undersigned are glad to welcome you once more to your native village, and to congratulate you on your recent election, by the Legislature, as Treasurer of the State of North Carolina. They would be happy to extend to you all the assistance in their power, and invite you to a public dinner, at such time as may suit your convenience.

Very respectfully,
JOHN VANN, WILLIAM B. WISE,
PERRY CARTER, JOHN W. SOUTHWELL,
ROBT. S. PARKER, ELY CARTER,
GEORGE SPIRES, H. G. TRADER,
L. M. COWPER, MAT. J. GRIFFITH.

Freeholder, N. O., 27th Dec., 1842.

GENTLEMEN: I have received yours of the 24th, welcoming me to my native village—congratulating me on the recent election of Treasurer—and inviting me to a public dinner, at such time as may suit my convenience.

After the approbation of one's own conscience, the most grateful, which a public servant can receive, is the cheering approbation of his friends and fellow-citizens.

From no portion of our State could the approbation of my career be more grateful, than yours. In your village I was born—here are the graves of my ancestors, for two generations—among you the days of my childhood were passed; a recollection of this period reminds me how innocent I once was, while your cooling regard admonishes me how pure I should continue. When but a boy, you generously elevated me to place and power; in after years, sustained and supported me in my efforts; and at all times, though separated by distance, have proved my unwavering friends. To such conduct, my only inadequate return was a constant desire to act faithfully to every trust committed to my charge, and an abiding confidence in democratic principles. In the political deluge of 1840, which covered the whole face of the land with the waters of strife, sweeping with its remorseless tide all who had the temerity to oppose its "corrupted currents," it is not wonderful that an individual even as humble as myself should have encountered some of these waters of bitterness; but even if this were the case, the reproach is more than wiped off by the unspurious testimony of the confidence and regard of my native State, to which you kindly allude, and by the cordial welcome tendered me by the friends of my youth.

Under any circumstances, I should be compelled to refuse the honor of a public dinner. I should have been as happy to have met my friends in social intercourse at any time; but my duties call me to Raleigh to-morrow morning, and I must trust to another and a more auspicious period, when I shall again visit you, and assure you personally how sincerely and truly

I am your friend and old servant,
JNO. H. WHEELER.
To John Vann, W. B. Wise, P. Carter, J. W. Southwell,
R. S. Parker, Ely Carter, Geo. Spires, H. G. Trader,
L. M. Cowper, and M. J. Griffith.

R. M. Patterson Esq. Friend of W. L. Garrison
Philadelphia
New York December 28. 1842

Dear Sir,

I am expecting several shipments of
Bulls & Wares from France, which I may possibly
be in the way of forwarding to your mission for exchange.

Before doing so however I should like to know
the prices of coins attending such an operation &
how long it would take, before you could make me the
return in W. L. Garrison's against the Bulls sent to you. -

I have you in charge a copy of an invoice
of some of the Gold Coins in exchange, & wanting
you to make me as statement how much they will
yield in American Gold. - I am

Yours most obedient servant
R. M. Patterson

Expédition à Monsieur de Belmont à New York par la voie du ^{Havre}

8680. No. 12.411.

81 8.310.

ou 980^{ms}

82 6.492

83 7.865

No. 30.478.5. ou 995^{ms}

84. 7.311.5

85. 7.373.7

14.920.7. - 997^{ms}

86. 7.547.

No. 57.810.2. En 7 lingots d'or fin.

Paris le 29th novembre 1842.

R. M. Patterson Esq^r

Director U. S. Mint, Philadelphia

New York 26 Dec. 1842

Dear Sir,

If you could, without too much trouble, tell us how many Dollars in eagles or halves the under mentioned parcels of Gold would respectively produce by coinage at your Mint, and in what time returns therefor might be expected, we should be very much obliged to you for the information.

We are,

Dear Sir,

very respectfully yours

Amos A. Wing

over

3000 pieces of 20 frames

1 Bar of $\frac{293}{1000}$	Paris m ^t Kr 5.880.5 = 129.10
1 " " $\frac{296}{1000}$	" " " 4.817.8 154.92
2 " " $\frac{298}{1000}$	" " " 10.894.8 350.24
1 " " $\frac{295}{1000}$	" " " 7.922.0 254.74
	<hr/>
	29.515.1 949.10

Mont. W. L.
Dec. 23 / 42

Dear Sir,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday announcing that you hold Messrs. Howland & Chapman's receipt for \$6201.16, as a debt of mine amounting to \$6201.16, and requesting that we may furnish you with a check for the amount. ~~Yours~~

In answer to your letter of yesterday, I have to state, that the amount of \$6201.16, for which you hold Messrs. Howland & Chapman's receipt, can be paid to you in check, as you desire, not later than the 30th inst.

R. M. P.

To
Geo. A. Cobbold, Esq.
Pres. W. L. Amory,
N. Y.

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,

23 *Nov* 1842.

Sir :

Enclosed you will receive *One* Treasury Draft
made payable to your order, together with a descriptive list of the same,
combined with a receipt therefor, which you will please to sign and
return to this office, by return of mail.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant,

WM. SELDEN,

Treasurer of the United States.

Isaac Roach Esqr

Bank of America (Oct. 22. 1842)

Dear Sir

We have received from Messrs
Howland & Hopewell a check Receipt for
Money deposited by them amounting to \$6207.10
and I have to request of you the favor to
furnish us with money for the amount, and
as early as you conveniently can.

I remain very respectfully
Yours obt. Servt.

Geo. W. Wells Esq

Roll Patterson Esq

Director of the Bank

Philad.

Baltimore, Dec. 22. 1862

To the Agent of the United States
Philadelphia.

By Adams' express we
send you a package containing
P. Invoice

471.74 Centenares of old gold
64 1/2 do " Gold dust.
which please receive, and send us
as early as convenient a certificate
for proceeds same.

We are
Very respectfully
Yours obdt. Serv.
Richard G. Pearce

D paid

New York, 22 December 1892

N. M. Patterson Esq.

Director of U.S. Mint, Philadelphia

Dear Sir,

We have to acknowledge receipt, with thanks, of your favour of 19 instant, enclosing memorandum of our 5 bars Silver, showing the satisfactory result of \$6201.16, the receipt for which we have endorsed to the Bank of America of this city.

We are, Dear Sir, respectfully

Your most obedient Servants
Howland & Aspinwall

Ozs. 969.60.
 2 m^l gold = 2.155 ozs. stand^d = \$40.09
 Parting @ 4 ct per oz = 38.78
 Balance 1.31

Wm. H. S.
 Dec. 21. 1874.

Gentlemen,
 The bar mentioned in your letter of the 19th was twice assayed for gold, and was found to contain two thousandths of this metal. This would give, in the 969.60 oz. of the deposit 2.155 oz. standard gold, equal to \$40.09 in value. The cost of parting, at 44 cents per oz., would be \$38.75, - the balance \$1.31. Now according to the Mint regulations, parting is never done for the benefit of the depositor when the net proceeds are less than \$5. Hence the bar in question could not be reported for gold.

R. M. P.
 Dir.

To
 James Boyd, Esq., }
 Boston }

Frank & Rand & Co. Secs.
Raleigh N.C. Dec 19. 1842.

Dear Sir,

We are very much in want here of
fine Dinner; Half Dinner; & Quarters; and for
the purpose of procuring them, I have taken the
liberty of enclosing you the within check for
on the Farmers & Mechanics Bank Philadelphia for
\$1000- and have to beg the favor of you to
send me in Dinner \$300.

" 1/2 Dr. 200-

& in Quarters 500-

addressed to me as Cashier of the Cape Fear
Bk at Raleigh N.C. & shipped to the care of
Thos. H. Wright Cashier to Wilmington N.C. - in
which place I believe there is a regular Packet
running once a week from your City - where
shipped please have it insured and retain
out of the Quarters whatever may be necessary
to pay expenses &c.

I think it probable that I am asking you
to do for me things beyond your usual busi-
ness - if so please get some competent agent
to attend to the business for me. I earnestly have
to retain his pay out of the Quarters -

Res.

Am pleased to acknowledge the receipt of
this letter & say when the coin can be furnished
you & you will very much oblige

With much respect

Yrs. O. W. Howard

Dr. Robert M. Patterson

Director of the Mint

Philadelphia

O. W. Howard

Carlin

Mont H. S.

Dec. 19. 1842.

Gentlemen,

In compliance with your request, I send enclosed a memorandum of the proceeds of your deposits made on the 17th inst. It is remarkable that all the silver should have proved to be of absolute purity.

Very respectfully

R. M. A.

S.

Messrs. Howland & Aspinwall,

New York.

Boston 19th Dec 1842

R. M. Patterson Esq
U. S. Mint Phila
Care

Your esteemed Jan. 10th
note with enclosure, came duly to hand. On examination
of the Certificate, we think there has been a mistake
made, in the No. 236 (package 231) it is supposed
to be as containing 35 grains of Gold, the value thereof we
make \$101.58. as per calculation below.

The Bar is marked 955.11.93.90. ^{marked} 101.58. The Mint
Certificate is 970.50. 959.00. ^{by the apt. making 950 grains} ^{to form 1000} ^{to form 1000} ^{to form 1000} ^{to form 1000}
the assay not showing any Gold, must have been from
the Bar tested again & inform us of the result.

We shall probably receive our share of the Liberty
bells, to draw the same down as a part of it, in
the course of this week.

Very Respectfully

Wm. C. C. Lincoln

James Lloyd & Son

Gold ... 35 grains
multiplied by weight ... 151.58

151.58

151.58

151.58

151.58

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151.58

Mint of the U. S.

Dec. 19. 1842.

Sir,

I have the honor to request that
you will issue your warrant, in favor
of the Treasurer of the Mint, for ten thou-
sand three hundred dollars out of the
appropriation for incidental expenses for
the present year, viz:

For Carriage Expenses	—	\$ 8,000.
“ House	—	2,000.
“ Office	—	300.
		<u>\$ 10,300.</u>

R. M. T.

D.

Wm. Walter Forward,
Sec. of Treasury.

Mont. Wt.

Dec. 15 / 42.

Gentlemen,

In compliance with your request,
I send enclosed memorandums of the proceeds
of your deposits made on the 12th inst. -
The amount can be paid, to your order, in coin,
in the course of next week.

R. M. T.

D.

To/
Mess. James Boyd & Sons.
Boston.

Bank of America (Oct. 14. 1842)

Dear Sir

Messrs. Beecher & Parshat will
either this day or tomorrow place in the
vault for acct. of this Bank the sum of
\$25,000 - on the receipt of the money you
will please apply it in payment of the
Treasury transfer draft on this Bank for the
like amount now held by the attaint, and you
will be pleased to transmit to me the draft,
with the receipt of your Treasurer thereon

Very respectfully,
Saml. Abbott

Geo. Newcomb Esq.

Wm. Patterson Esq.

Director of attaint

Philad.

Miss W. L.
Dec. 14, 1844.

Dear Sir,

Your letter of the 12th, concerning the
request made in mine of the 4th, is but another
example of the liberality of the Institution
over which you preside. The amount of
the transfer draft, — twenty five thousand
dollars, — has been paid to us, in specie, by
Messrs. Parshall, Beebe & Co., — and the draft
has been accordingly placed in their hands, and
will be presented to you by them.

R. M. P.

I

To
Geo. A. Abbott Esq.
President of the Bank of America,
New York.

2
Bank of America (Oct. 12, 1842)

Dear Sir

I have this morning received
your letter of the 9th inst. advising me that the
Treasurer of the United States, a U.S. Treasury
transfer draft on this Bank payable on the
11th inst. for \$25,000, and requesting me
to advise you whether we will agree to pay
the said draft before it becomes due -

In reply I have the pleasure to inform you
that we will pay the draft within the
present week, or whenever you shall request
it -

I remain with great respect

Your obt. Servt.

Geo. W. B. T. H.

Rollin Patterson Esq.

Director U.S. Mint

Philad.^a

Mint of the United States

Dec. 14, 1844

Dear Sir,

I have the pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 12th, and I thank you for the liberality which you have shown in consenting to my request for an advance of the amount, (\$50,000,) of the Treasury transfer draft on you in our favor. The arrangement which you propose has been this morning effected with the Philadelphia Bank, and the amount of the draft has been paid to us, in full, in specie.

P. M. P.

I am,

W/

Geo. Curtis, Esq.

Cashier Bank of Commerce,

New York

Bank of Commerce in New York

Oct 14. 1842

Dear Sir,

I have rec^d your fav^r of 9th inst and beg to reply that it will be quite convenient for us to mat the Transfer Draft referred to through the Philadelphia Bank. If you can negotiate with Mr. Snow to hold the draft until maturity and then forward it to us, we will on our part refrain from drawing on him until our balance in his bank shall amount to \$50,000 and will not diminish our balance below that sum until 1st Jan^y, when the transfer may be completed in due form. We have now in his hands between 30 & 40,000 dollars. In view that we may regulate our drawings on him, I have to ask the favor of an immediate answer.

I am very respectfully

Yours O^bd^t Serv^t

Geo. Cortis (Sgt)

Am. Patterson Esq

Director of the Mint

Philadelphia

Washington, D. C. Dec 10th 1872

Dear Sir

Obediently to the suggestions of your second letter, I herewith transmit several sketches of coins, made without reference to the existing law. I regret that not having with me my portfolios, I am forced to send rude outlines made from memory instead of accurately elaborated designs.

In No 1 you will remark that I make one more desperate struggle to drive the heraldic eagle off the field. I need not say how much more of symmetry is attainable in lettering the face of this coin, even in retaining its general features.

To the group of corn in No 2 I am very partial, not only because it is one of the few fruits which form a staple from Maine to Georgia, but because it strikes me as capable of much variety and richness of effect, added to a simplicity always desirable.

I send these sketches that I may learn your objections to them and that I may be guided in my future efforts. Requesting that you will retain them for me as they are but sketches I remain

Dear Sir very respectfully

Your friend & servant

Horatio Greenough

R. M. Patterson Esq

U. S. Mint.

Mint H.S.
Phil^a Dec. 9. 1842.

Dear Sir,

The Treas. of the Mint holds a loan,
for draft on your Bank, from the Treas. De-
partment, payable at Philad^a, on the 1st Jan.
next for \$25,000.

If it would not be inconvenient for you
to pay the amt. to us before the 1st proximo,
your doing so would be a great convenience
to the Mint. Let me know whether they will
be in your power, others are more obliged.

Your faithful servant

R. M. P.

D.

Yrs

Geo. Mottel Dy,
Pres^t Mc. Amine,
New York.

Mint U.S.

Dec. 9. 1842.

Dear Sir

The Treas. of the Mint holds a trans-
fer draft from the Treasury Department,
on your Bank, payable at Philad.?, on
the 1st Jan. next, for \$50,000.

It would not be inconvenient for
you to pay the amt. before it falls due, your
doing so would be a great convenience to the
Mint, you will confer an obligation on me
by letting me know whether this will be
in your power.

R. M. P.

To

Cashier of the
Bank of Commerce
New York }

Mint of the United States,
Treasurer's Office. Decr. 8th 1842.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 6th inst. enclosing three drafts as follows:

- No. 17. on the Philadelphia Bank payable on demand for \$25,000.
- 18. on the Bank of Commerce at N.Y. payable to order for 50,000.
- 19. on the Bank of America at N.Y. payable to order for 25,000.

which sums, upon receipt, I will place to your credit on the Books of this Institution as directed by you.

Very respectfully,
Yours obt. Servt.

(signed) Jas. Reed
Treasurer.

To Wm. Selden Esq.
Treasurer of the U.S.

Baltimore. Dec 5th 1842.

Sir, We send by Mr. Gusswell
Eleven boxes Mexican Bar Silver which
you will please receive & we have
requested our friend Mr. Robert Creighton
to call for the receipt & also the
certificate of value when ready.

This Silver is considered to be of a superior
quality & usually contains some Gold.

We are

With much respect

Yours etc. etc.

J^{as} Wilson & Son

To The Director of the Mint
Philadelphia.

Miss W. A.

Dec. 5
Philadelphia, ~~Jan. 29~~ 1842.

Sir, The box of minerals which you brought
on for James Steel Esq. was left with me
this morning. They are not of a kind which
we could undertake the analysis, and, indeed,
they are too well characterized to need any
such examination. The heavy black portions
are an oxide of iron, strongly magnetic.
The yellowish parts are of sulphuret of iron,
or iron pyrites. The last is useless: the
first, if abundant, might be valuable.

R. M. P.

Wm. Edward Burke,
House of Representatives,
Washington.

Union Hotel Philadelphia
Dec. 4th 1842.

Sir,

Accompanying this is a box of
minerals submitted to my care by James
Neal Esq. of Lehigh Co. Pa. on whose
property they were found. He has
been informed (or he says) that min-
erals sent to the U. S. Mint by a
member of Congress, will be ana-
lyzed free of expense, and this
result communicated to the
member presenting them. For
that reason he has submitted the
very case the box of minerals
which you will receive with
this letter. You will do me the
favor to acknowledge the receipt
of the box & contents in a letter
addressed to me at Washington, and
also communicate to me the results
of the analysis, if you make one.

Very respectfully,
Yours Obedt. Servant
Edmund Burke

To the Superintendent
of the U. S. Mint, Phila.

Minist. of the United States

Dec. 3d, 1842.

Sir,

Our present government deposits stand
as follows:

Cash	\$ 57,678.58
Bills	47,282.36
	<hr/> 104,960.94

Now it is a consequence of this small amount, particularly of bills, that our returns to depositors are so long delayed as to give rise to just complaints.

Between the 17th of August and the 9th of Oct., our House deposited with us \$215,600 for coinage, and was subjected to an average delay of 25 days in receiving their returns. — This House has, hitherto, escaped the injury from loss of interest by an arrangement with the Philadelphia Bank, which made advances on the Mint Certificates, for \$1000 on every \$1000; — an operation which seems to be to the advantage of both parties, and especially to the Bank, since it gets a premium, though a small one — runs absolutely no risk, — ~~and~~ incurs its amount of specie, — and really loses nothing by delay, since the possession of specie in our vaults is as good a security for their paper currency.

time as if it were in their own. I am informed, however, by the House in question, that the Philadelphia Bank refuses to continue its arrangement any longer, in consequence of our delay in making returns, and requires full interest for the time during which the advance is made.

Now in the operations of the mint, a large amount of bullion must always ^{be} ~~sent~~ in the form of transit, through the several departments. It is in bars, in ingots, on the refining test, in solution, in sheets, in planchets, in shippings, &c. — and it is impossible to make our payments promptly, unless the public deposits be equal to the amount of bullion thus under operation. But, with the present business of the mint, the deposits in any one means, sufficient for this purpose, and hence the delay which is an inconvenience and loss to our depositors and a mortification to us.

Under these circumstances, I most respectfully beg that you will increase of the public deposits, by the amount of at least \$100,000 ~~dollars~~. I understand that the United States has a large sum in deposits at the Philadelphia Bank. Such part of it as you

Time of Deposits	Am't deposited	When paid	Am't paid
Augt. 17	20,000	Sept. 8	20,122.95
" 23	15,000	" "	15,105.38
" 25	15,000	" "	15,101.74
" 27	20,000	" "	20,124.67
Sept. 9	11,000	Oct. 12	11,094.42
" 20	8,100	" "	8,171.58
" 21	15,000	" "	15,099.56
Oct. 4	17,000	" 22	17,114.55
" 7	22,100	Nov. 8	22,201.62
* " 21	15,000	" "	15,150.04
" 25	15,300	" 23	15,360.33
* " 26	10,000	" "	10,311.35
Nov. 8	13,000	" "	13,228.72
" 9	19,000	" "	19,019.39
	215,500		10,354 217,201.33

* Besides about \$60,000 in smaller deposits of from 2 to 8 thousand dollars, by the same depositors

Balance of U. S. Bullion Account. — Gold \$57,678.58
Silver 47,282.96
104,960.94

Sec. of Tr.
Dec. 3, 1842.
President.

may be proper to transfer to the agent, who
certainly he is or seems keeping, and ^{it will}
be always accessible for the government, ~~when~~
on a short notice, when required. ~~After~~ ^{Since} ~~known~~
It is well known how important the agent
deposits was to the ^{government} ~~Department~~ during the dis-
putes and embarrassments of 1837 and 1841.

R.M.P.

To
Hon. Walter Forward
Sec. of the Treasury.

Dec. 26, 1842

You ask if the several coins should be similar in design, though varying in size. — I answer, first, that the law requires the eagle on the reverse of ~~all our coins~~ makes a distinction between the dime, the half-dime, cent, and half-cent, and the other coins, by requiring that the first four have simply the designation of their value on the reverse, while the others must have the eagle. — We have moreover made another distinction, by introducing the full figure of Liberty on the face of the future coins, and the bust merely on that of the gold coins, — but on

Your gentleness as to the propriety of having the denomination and value of ^{every} coin marked conspicuously upon one of its faces, is one that has frequently occupied our thoughts. I would be very glad if we could adopt, as to this point, the plan employed in the French ^{and some other good currencies}, the plan adopted in the French ~~Currency~~ coins, ^{and the new French coins} or also in the four French denominations of francs. If ~~we had~~ ^{we had} this ~~circulation~~ ^{circulation} instead, it would require a change of the law; but, if this

improvement could be shown to be as great as the
appearance of the coins, as in the security from
mistake, I think that Congress would not refuse
to sanction it.

In your ^{observing} ~~present~~ view as to the objects to
be kept in view in deciding ~~upon~~ ^{upon} some of the
proposed new devices, I humbly concur
with you.

I shall be much gratified to see your designs.
If you can select ~~devices~~ ^{one} to suit your own
tasteful views, I must then ask you to ~~submit~~ ^{submit} the
metallic ~~forms~~, and with regard to these there
will be many points, ~~for~~ having a prolonged
hearing upon the coinage, to which ~~we~~ must call
your attention.

In making your designs, I wish you to be as
free from restraint as possible. You see that I
would not have you bound even by existing
laws, much less by suggestive instructions or even
suggestions from me. What you shall decide,
I feel confident that we can execute. It is the
artist that we want, not the mechanician.

I am, dear Sir, very respectfully,

your faithful servant,

R. M. P.

Wm. Greengough, Esq.
Washington.

A. M. Allen Esq.
Director.

San Antonio Dec 5. 1892

Dear Sir,

We duly received
your letter of the 28th ult. & now have
amixed our bills of the last parcel
of blankets, made conformably to your wishes.

In reply to your inquiry as what terms
we will supply blankets payable in gold
& silver or their equivalents, and payment
to be delayed for such reasonable time as will
enable you to make sale of the same we
have to say that we will deliver them
in Phil^a without expense at 30 cents per lb.

We should like to hear from you as soon
as convenient on the subject, that we may
make arrangements to supply the blankets
without delay.

We are, Sir, Very Respectfully,
Oscar B. Brown

New York 1 Mo 28. 1843

Thos W S. Hunt

Esq. Hunt

By direction of Crocker
Bro. we are in the of loading for 43
Cass's planchets which we trust
will arrive safely

Respectfully Yours

Ashtons

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Jan'y 28. 1843.

Sir:

Enclosed you will receive *Per* Treasury Draft
made payable to your order, together with a descriptive list of the same,
combined with a receipt therefor, which you will please to sign and
return to this office, by return of mail.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant,

WM. SELDEN,

Treasurer of the United States.

R. M. Patterson Esq.

Branch Bank of Cape Run
Raleigh N.C. Jan'y 27. 1848.

Dear Sir

I received last night yours of the
23rd. instant with bill of lading to five boxes
of silver change which you were kind
enough to have attended to for me; for
which I beg to return you my thanks; and
to say that it will afford me pleasure
to reciprocate your kindness whenever
occasion may offer.

The receipt of the box shall be acknowl-
-edged as soon as it gets to hand.

With much Respect

I am Very Truly Yrs. D. W. Stone

Dr. C. M. Patterson

Director W. Mint

Philadelphia Pa

D. W. Stone

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES,

26 Jan 1843.

Sir:

Enclosed you will receive *one* Treasury Draft
made payable to your order, together with a descriptive list of the same,
combined with a receipt therefor, which you will please to sign and
return to this office, by return of mail.

I am, respectfully,

Sir, your obedient servant,

WM. SELDEN,

Treasurer of the United States.

Isaac Roach Esq

Min't of the United States

Jan. 25, 1843.

See,

an application for

Sir,
On the 21st ult. you issued proposals for
executing fac-similes of the 'Certificate of Registry
of the vessels of the United States first engraved
under the act of 3d March 1813.'— The die
by which the impressions of the words Register of
Vessels was made on the original plate was the
work of Mr. Christian Gobrecht now Engraver of
the Mint. Applications have been made to him
by Mr. Underwood of this city, an engraver who
means to present proposals, ^{to you} ~~for the work~~, to ~~also~~
make a new die for the words in question, in-
stead as he must be the most competent person
to make an exact copy of his own work. To
his conducting this task I see no objection, as
it will be done without interfering, in any manner,
with the work at the time required for of him at
the Mint. If you do not disagree with me in
this opinion, and if Mr. Underwood's proposals
should meet your approbation, you may be
confident that the one part of the work at least
will be executed to your satisfaction.

Very respectfully

Your faithful servant,

P. M. P.

Wm. Walter Forward,
Sec. of Treasury.

Sir

Treasury Dept
2^d of Aug. office
Jan. 7. 25. 1843

The Treasurer U. States will
transmit you \$751.71. the balance found
due the Mint at Philad. for three dies
of the head of the President U. States for medals
for Indians - for striking 200 medals - for
silver for that purpose &c. agreeably to an
account dated 9th Inst. and approved by
the Commissioner of Indian Affairs - on
receipt of which, be pleased to forward
an acknowledgment to this office

With much respect
Yours obed^t Serv^t

W. D. Lewis

Robert M. Patterson Esq^r
Director of the Mint
Philad^a

✓

R. M. Patterson Esq. Quaker of the
United States Bank
Philadelphia

New York January 25. 1848

Dear Sir,

In reply to your favor of yesterday I
beg to acknowledge the receipt of \$ 13039.14
through E. C. Palmberg on account of Gold
Warrants of 19. - The Balance of
\$ 25000. due thereon you will please
deliver when ready to the same gentleman on
my account. - Yours most respectfully
August Belmont

Mint of the United States,
January 24, 1843.

Sir,

I have the honor to transmit to you the enclosed communication, from the Secretary of the Treasury, stating that you have been appointed, by the President of the United States, one of the Commissioners to attend the next Annual assay at the Mint.

I pray you to inform me whether, (as I sincerely hope,) it will suit you convenience to accept this appointment; and, in that event, I have respectfully to request your attendance, at the Mint, on Monday, the 13th proximo, at half past nine in the morning.

Very respectfully,
Your faithful Servt.,
(signed) R. M. Patterson,
Director.

By D. W. Richards, Ck.
Prof. Geo. B. Briggs, Secy.
Prof. J. Torrey - New York.

* Mr. Rob. Patterson, Phila.,
Mr. Richards having declined.

Mint of the United States
Jan'y. 24th. 1843.

Gentlemen,

The amount of your deposit, which
you wished to be made into small coins,
amounting to \$14,980.15 is now ready for
delivery.

Very respectfully

Your faithful servant,

R. M. Patterson
S.

Messrs. Howland & Aspinwall
New York.

Mont Pel
Jan 24/43.

Dear Sir,

In compliance with your request
we have paid to Mr. Galusha \$13,039.14,
in account of your deposits of gold made
on the 19th inst. The balance, - \$25,000,-
will be ready for delivery in the course of a
week.

R. M. D.

J. Aug. Belmont Esq,
N. Y.

Mint of the United States.

Jan. 24, 1843.

Dear Sir,

Your box containing specimens deposited to be a metallic ore has been at last received, and I am sorry to say that the mineral proves to be nothing more than an ordinary sand-stone, ^{of sand} ~~stone~~, as usual, with an oxide of iron. It certainly contains neither gold, nor silver, nor copper. If the ~~silver~~ smiths, ~~when you consult them~~, can find these metals

P. M. P.

To
Mr. John Huff
Minchinton, Va.

Wm. Ballinger Esq.
Chicago.

7
Davenport Jan 23. 1873.

Dear Sir -

Enclosed we send
bill of exchange, forwarded to New York
to be paid down by a firm there by
cash. Being amount \$3.691.52 -

In most of our invoices, a deduc-
tion is made for short weight - please
inform us whether this deduction is made
for an actual deficiency in weight, or
the pounds ~~being~~ too heavy - to come
at the requisite number -

We wrote you on the 1st Decr in reply
to your inquiry, but have not had the
pleasure of hearing from you on that
subject -

Very an

Wm. Ballinger

Wm. Ballinger
Chicago & Davenport

A. M. Patterson Esq. Director of the United
States Mint
Philadelphia
New York January 23. 1845

Dear Sir,

I beg to hand you enclosed certificates for
for 1858 $\frac{9}{16}$ of amount in Slaves, requesting you
to hand them over to Mr. E. C. Galusha,
New York, on my behalf as soon as it is finished.

If you can send him to-morrow
part or the whole of it I should feel very much
obliged to you.

Yours most respectfully,
August Belmont

Treasury Department.
January 19th 1843.

W. A. M. Patterson
Director of Mint, Philada.
Sir.

The President has directed three Commissioners
to be appointed in addition to the Judge and District Attorney of
the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania and the
Collector of the Port of Philadelphia for the purposes mentioned in
the 32^d Section of the Act of Congress of 15th January 1837, entitled
"An Act supplementary to the Act entitled 'An Act establishing a
Mint and regulating the Coins of the United States,'— and I
herewith transmit their letters of appointment with a request
that you will cause them to be delivered and forwarded to the
gentlemen appointed.

I am &c.

N. T. Edwards
Secretary of the Treasury.

Mont. U.S.
Jan 19 /43

Sir, I have this day sent to the President my
Annual Report for 1842. It is every year
left back till about this time in the month,
in consequence of the necessity of waiting for
the final reports from the Branch Agents.
I send herewith a copy of the report
the statements referred to accompanying that sent
to the President.

R.M.P.

Wm. Walter Forward,
Sec. of Treasury.

To H. McCulloch Esq
Comptroller of Treas.

No. 444 Milt
Philad^a Jan 18. 1843

Sir,

I hasten to acknowledge the Error
in the Pay Roll of Jan^y 1843, in which ~~the~~ ^{the} sum
of \$2.60.00 being that sum
charged to Martin Somers, than actually paid him.
The Pay Roll. I had retained as appears correct, I have
enclosed it, and request the incorrect one may be
returned, and my account credited with 2.60.00—

Yours instructions, to have the signatures
on the pay Roll, placed on the same side with the sum
charged, will be complied with as well as the subject
of Taxes—

Very respectfully,

Wm. C. Fort

J. Noach
Treasurer

Manchester Va January 18 1843.

Sir

Your favor of the 15th Inst came to hand this evening and I hasten to reply.

Receipt for the Transportation on the Baltimore & Philad^a Rail Road was recd some days since of the box and I expect it is at the Depot, waiting to be sent for. It is a quarter sized box directed to the United States Mint. Will you please send for it? I have no friend to ask that favor of or I would not trouble you. Much richer specimens have been found since by a little excavation (those sent were collected on the surface) and I am exceedingly anxious to hear your report. Another box has ~~been~~^{sent} to the University of Virginia for information. No report from them yet.

To Mr W Patterson
Caretaker of the Mint
at Philadelphia

Respectfully
Burr A. Savender

R. M. Patterson Esq. Director of the Mint
of the United States
Philadelphia

New York January 18: 1848

Dear Sir,

Referring to my receipt of yesterday's mail
I send you these lines through my clerk Mr. Leopold Schumann
who will deliver you Two Boxes containing
AB # 10 & 11 containing 7 Bars Gold of \$575.10.2
in form of statements, with which please follow
the directions contained in my recent letter.

I also have you inclosed three Mint certificates
for the Gold deposited previously by me:

\$14352.93

22170.92

46764.57

Left \$83288.42 to the

on loan to Mr. Leopold Schumann, the amount of
which you will please send to credit him in enclosed No 38.

Yours most respectfully,

Augustus S. S. S.

War Department
Office Indian Affairs
January 17. 1843

Sir,

Your letter of the 10th inst. has been received, with the account enclosed therein for expens of two hundred & sixty Indian Medals. The acct. has been sent to the V^{ce} Auditor with a request to ~~convert~~ the balance due, viz 751.71^{ff} to be admitted to you. This sum with 1500^{ff} paid to you, and 50^{ff} credited by Mr Peale makes up the amount of the account, viz 2301.71^{ff}.

The Medals have been inspected and need the approbation of the President, Secretary of War & myself.

Very respectfully
Yours Obedt

Wm Patterson Esq
Director of the Mint
Philadelphia

Wm Patterson

R. M. Patterson Esq. Director of the
United States Mint
Philadelphia

New York January 17th 1843

Dear Sir,

I beg to advise you that I shall send to you
to morrow through Mr. Eschold a bill for

7 Bars Gold say:

5100	-	12.410	-	9800mg
51		8.510		
52		6.992		
53		7.865	18.30478.5	995/100
54		7.3115		
55		7.3737		
56		7.547	149.207	997/100

1857.810.2 1/100

which you will please receive & have coined into $\frac{1}{10}$
Pieces (Eagles) - I prefer to have them coined
into 10 $\frac{1}{10}$ Pieces as the Coinage of half Eagles seems to be
considerably restricted.

I just this moment received your favor of
yesterday & shall give you through Mr. Eschold some
distinctions as regards the Gold coins which you wish
we will be ready for delivering on Thursday next.

Yours very respectfully,
R. M. Patterson

Copy of letter from Hon. J. Pratt to the
Sec. of Treas., referred by the latter to the
Sec. of Treas. for answer.

Copy. "Washington Jan. 17, 1843

Sir,

Will you do me the favor to inform
me from official statement of the principal sources
from which are received all precious metals that
are coined at the Mint in Philadelphia, Penn.
What portions come from New York, Boston, Bal-
timore, Philadelphia, and other places, for the
last five years.

I am yours truly

(Signed) J. Pratt."

To/

Hon. J. C. Spencer,

Sec. of Treasury."

Enclosed: "Referred to the Director of the Mint at Phil-
adelphia, to furnish the information, if in his possession,
to enable the Department to comply with Mr. Pratt's request.

J. D. Jan. 26, 1844."

Treasury Department.
Comptroller's Office.
January 16th 1843.

Sir,

Your accounts of Copper Coinage
for the 3^d quarter of 1842, have been adjusted
at the Treasury, and a balance of \$4,899.98
stated to be due from you to the U. States.

Copper Coins	\$ 4106.98	
Other Moneys	793.00	\$ 4,899.98

Very Respectfully,
G. A. Co. & Co.

W. C. Cullough
Comptroller.

Isaac Roach Esq.
Treasurer of the Mint -

Mont. Wk
Jan 15 /43.

Dear Sir,

The Chief Coiner informs me that
the gold coins, for your deposit made on
the 4th inst., will be ready for delivery on
Thursday next. —

R. M. P.

I

To
Messrs. Belmont &
Co. N. Y.

Treasury Department
Comptroller's Office

January 16th 1843.

Sir,

Your accounts of Ordinary Expenses, for the 3^d quarter of 1842, have been adjusted at the Treasury, and a balance of \$ 10,350.19 stated to be due from you to the U. States.

Balance per your accounts \$ 10,347.39
Add. Over addition of Wages of Laborers for July - The aggregate is the same in each abstract, while the pay of Martin Summers is \$ 2.60 less in July than either in August or September.

2.40
\$ 10,350.19

It is desirable that the signatures of the Laborers should be on the same page with and opposite to the sums they respectively receive.

The Attorney General having decided that the property of the U. States is not liable for the payment of taxes, you will be pleased in future to pay no taxes on the U. States Mint without instructions from the

Department.

Very Respectfully
Yours &c &c

Wm. C. Cullum
Comptroller

Isaac Roach Esq
Treasurer of the Mint
Philadelphia.

Sir

Willm. C. Cullum

Comptroller of the Treasury

Washington January 16th 1843
Recd

Adjutant of
Army &c
Third District 1842

Director as to Receipts
bills of Sales and pay-
ment of Taxes.

New York January 16. 1848

Dear Sir,

As nearly a fortnight is now elapsed since
the report of my lecture in the States could have
been given me if I wished to send a word to
acknowledge the kind part of the notice of the whole country
is not yet finished.

Your kind & anxious letter by return mail will oblige

Yours most respectfully,

Augustus Lincoln

R. M. Patterson Esq
Director of West & North-West

Philadelphia

(Private.)

Wm. Allen
Jan. 14, 1843.

Sir,

I send herewith an official request for the appointment of the additional Commissioners for our approaching Annual Assay; and I take the liberty of suggesting the names of Benjamin M. Richards Esq., Prof. J. Torrey, and Prof. John F. Fraxer.

The character and standing of Mr. Richards are well known to you, and I hope that his name will be acceptable to the President. Dr. Torrey is Professor of Chemistry in Columbia College at New York, and eminent as a man of science. Mr. Fraxer is Professor of Chemistry in the Franklin Institute, and Professor of Natural Philosophy in the Central High School of this city. It is always desirable to have among the Commissioners men who can judge scientifically of the operations proposed before them, and professors Torrey and Fraxer certainly possess this advantage.

R. M. P.

Dr

Wm. Walter Forward, }
Sec. of Treasury. }

Mont. W. L.
Jan. 11/43

Sir,

As the Annual Survey at the Mint is
to be made on the 13th of next month, I have
the honor respectfully to request that you
will ask the attention of the President to the
appointment of the additional Commissioners
provided for in the 32^d Section of the Act of
Jan 18, 1837.

R. W. F.
Jr

To / Hon. Walter Forward,
Sec. of Treasury.

Phil^a Jan^y 18th 1843

Dear Sir

I having consulted with my Brother
Asa B. Alden in the subject of your communication
I hereby authorize you to use the new printing
machine (invented by my late husband) in the
U. S. Mint in the Terms suggested in your favour
of the 11th. That is to say. The Mint to pay
me 3 cents for every thousand pieces printed with
it exclusive of the labour.

With Respect

Yours &c

Elizabeth Tyler

Dr R. M. Patterson
 Treas. U. S. Mint
 for

We take the liberty
 of submitting to you our prices for the manufacture
 of Blank Books. We have been engaged for many
 years in this business, and are warranted our work to be
 equal to the very best manufactured, and at prices
 much below those ordinarily charged. Should
 you favor us with the custom of the U. S. Mint it will
 be our endeavor to give every satisfaction.

Very Respectfully

David
 Griffith Simon
 188 North 3rd St

Cap. Paper	Rupia Ends	75¢ per 200
Small Do.	Do.	\$1.00 Do.
Medium Do.	Do.	\$1.50 Do.
Royal Do.	Do.	\$2.50 Do.
Super Royal Do.	Do.	\$3.25 Do.

Yours
 D. Griffith

Minst of the United States,
Jan. 11th. 1843.

Gentlemen,

We received yesterday, per
Brig Sulla from Boston, 18 kegs of conc
planchets, without bill of lading, or an-
nouncement of any kind, and without
instructions as to the payment to be made.
Will you be good enough to supply these
omissions?

Yours f - serv

To
Messrs. Crocker, Brewster & Co
Salem Mass.

Mint of the United States,
January 11, 1843.

Dear Madam,

You are probably aware that I gave my approbation to a charge, at the New Orleans Mint, for the use of the counting machine invented by your late husband. The rate which I recommended, and which has probably been adopted, was 3 cents for every 1000 pieces, — exclusive of the labor.

I am now disposed to introduce the employment of this counting machine here, at the same rate of paymaster for its use, and I write for the purpose of knowing whether this design has your approbation. I know that the property in the machine rests in your Son William, but the delay necessary to obtain his consent would lose an amount of some importance to your family; I will therefore not hesitate to act upon your written approbation, especially if it be given with the concurrence

of Mr. Baldwin. I presume that you son
will not hesitate to allow you to receive the proceeds.

I have, on full consideration of
the matter, felt unwilling to apply to the
present Congress, for an appropriation to pur-
chase the whole right to the use of the
counting machine for the Mints. The plan
now proposed is within my own power. If
found advantageous, it may probably lead to
a purchase in full, at the next session of Congress.

Very truly yours,

Mrs. Taylor.

Mint of the United States.
Jan. 10, 1843.

Dear Sir,
Your letter of the 7th inst. was not received until this morning. I am glad to hear of the difficulty you present to my native originator from your using an approximate instead of a true value of the standard dwt. of gold.
As the eagle weighs 258 grains, or 10 3/4 dwts., it follows that 4 eagles or \$40 worth of standard gold make 43 dwts. To convert any weight in standard gold into Dollars to find the value in Dollars, of any weight of standard gold given in dwts., you must multiply the given weight by 40 and divide the product by 43. By this rule you will find the value of 1 dwt. of standard gold to be $\frac{40}{43} = .9302325$, instead of .93 which you used in your calculations. The difference in large amounts of gold, the difference is too great to be neglected.
Ever very respectfully
H. M. P.

Wm. Prime, Ward & King,
New York.

Minist of the United States.

Jan 11, 1843.

Dundee.

It has become proper to account for
the delay in sending on your box of sil-
ver coins, by stating that it has been pre-
vented by the interruption of the navigation
of the Delaware by ice. There are two
vessels for Wilmington N.C., ^{now at the wharf} and the silver
will be sent by the first that sails.

P. M. P.

J. C. C.

To

W. W. Stone, Esq.

Cash. Br. Bk. of Cape Fear.

Raleigh N.C.

Memorandum of the actual cost of 3 dies
made for the Department of War as
per agreement.

For pressing dies	\$ 31.89
Spec. castings	20.00
Contingent expenses, journey to Washington	35.00
Mr. Gabrielle's fee for attending & lettering	375.00
Freight and postage, etc.	2.80
Director's Mess	60.00
Workman's fees	15.00
	<u>539.39</u>

Charge for 3 dies complete	\$ 800.00
	<u>539.39</u>
Pay for labour & Profit	260.61
Do " " Mr. Gabrielle	<u>375.00</u>
Whole profit	<u>635.61</u>
Actual expenses	<u><u>164.39</u></u>

Wash. Jan 10/63.

Sir,
The Chief Coiner has completed and forwarded the whole series of Indian Medals ordered by the Department, leaving the head of President Tyler. We think they are fully equal, if not superior, to any hitherto executed at the Mints and we hope, therefore, that they have not failed to meet the approbation of the President and yourself.

I send enclosed a memorandum of the cost of this series of medals, amounting in all to \$2301.71, including \$50 already paid to Mr. Pettit by the Department. I have received a ^{check} ~~receipt~~ on this account, of \$1500. I have now, ~~the~~ to beg that you will issue your warrant, in my favor, for seven hundred & fifty one dollars and 71 cents, (\$751.71) the balance remaining necessary to settle the account; and on the receipt of this sum, the bill shall be paid, and the vouchers sent to the Department.

Very respectfully,

Your faithful servant,

R. M. P.

fe

To Hon. J. C. Spencer,
Secretary of War.

Mont. W. S.
Jan. 9, 1843.

Dear Sir,

I am distressed to observe that the object of the bill now before the Senate, relative to foreign coins, should meet with your marked opposition, on grounds the farthest possible from the intention of one at least of those who are favorable to its passage. The acts which have raised the valuation of gold relatively to silver, and have made their proportion as 15 to 1, have my hearty approbation, and I hope that no attempt ^{will be made} to interfere with them, will be made. The market prices of these two metals prove that this relative value attached to them in our coin has been happily chosen. Sometimes one and sometimes the other has been at a premium, and it is a full defence of the views of those who raised the valuation of gold, in our coin, that they ^{it has most frequently} have generally been lower than small premiums on the silver, that the premium has been most frequently in its favor. principal

Now the bill in question has for its object nothing more than to prevent the gold in foreign coins from having conferred upon it a higher legal value than the gold in our coin, and thus prevent doing injustice to the purchaser who confides in the law, and preventing its circulation at our mints, and keeping it from ^{circulation} circulation. — The British sovereigns are remarkably uniform in their fineness, and they are never

up to 22 cents, so that they are overvalued by this supposed hypothesis of the act of 1834. — The French gold coins are also found to be average 899 instead of 900 thousandths, as assumed in the same act. The Brazilian & Portuguese gold coins are still more overvalued, and as to those of Spanish America they are so overvalued in their standard that it would be unsafe and unjust ^{to} establish any legislation upon it. For full information upon this subject, allow me to refer you to the "Manual of Gold & Silver Coins," lately published by the U.S. Survey of this office.

The only legal provisions at present in force as to foreign silver coins, are the 2d. decl. of the act of Feb. 9, 1799, and the act of June 25, 1834. — The first of these makes the Spanish milled dollar and its parts legal tender at their nominal values. The second includes the dollars of Mexico, Peru, Chili, and Central America, and the French five-franc piece. — Allow me to present some remarks upon these laws.

What was formerly called the Spanish milled dollar was almost exclusively a coinage of Spanish America. It is now known as the pillao-dollar, having lost its former designation, because all dollars are now milled, or have their edges raised and imprinted upon them. ~~Since~~ ^{that} since the independence of the Spanish American States, this coinage has ceased. — The dollars of Chili and Central America are rarely met with. The ^{annual} coinage of Chili from 1830 to 1835 inclusive averaged

but \$39,000, and the ^{annual} coinage in Central America is also very trifling. It is not without difficulty that we can find specimens for assay. — Dollars are no longer the staple of Brazil. The last date of such a dollar that we have met with is 1836. You know, indeed, that the present coinage of Brazil is almost exclusively copper and paper.

Under the Spanish American coinage now found in the United States may be considered as practically limited to the old pillao dollars, the dollars of Mexico, Peru, and Bolivia, and the parts of these coins. — Their parts of dollars, (halves, quarters, eighths, and sixteenths, except not a third), to be admitted as a legal currency, are. — The fractions of the old Spanish American coinage, made current by the act of 1793, are so numerous to be nearly all under weight, and there are the only small foreign coins now a legal tender in this country. Many of the other Spanish American small coins are not only light, but debased. There have been recently large issues of halves and quarters in Peru and Bolivia worth but 36 and 18 cents respectively.

With these explanations, I am sure you will be able to credit to say that, in urging a change in the laws of 1793 as to foreign ^{gold} coins, I had no intention of driving them out of the country. My wish, on the other hand, is to keep them in the country by issuing an act which discourages their reception by giving them a false and an excessive valuation. As to silver coins there is practically no change proposed, except the exclusion from legal circulation of the fractions of the Spanish milled dollar.

Wm. M. B. Blanton,
U. S. Senate.

R. M. P.

Treasury Department,
First Auditing Office
Jan 7th 1843

Sir

Your return, Ordinary Expense, & Copper
Coinage Account for the 4th Quarter 1842
are received

To Isaac Roach Esq.
"Treasurer" &c

With due respect
Your Obedt. Servant
J. N. Ware
1st Auditor

Mont W. L.
Jan. 7 / 43.

Dear Sir,

I send enclosed memorandums of the proceeds of your deposits made on the 14th inst. In my estimate I told you that our assays frequently fell a thousandth below those marked on the French bars of gold. I am sorry to observe that the average of your deposits is 14th thousandth ^{in defect} ~~the~~ ~~most~~ ~~defective~~ greatest difference is in the three which I have marked in the memorandum of the largest parcel. The French assays reporting them 987, 988, 995, and our assays 984, 985, & 993 respectively. All these assays were carefully repeated, and with the same result. We have never, before I think, before, found a variation from the French assays of more than 2 Pts. The assays made on these bars was I.A.B. For your information I have marked the French assays in the memorandums, in red ink. The most defective on the 14th, 5th, & 16th of the largest parcel of the largest parcel, which permit, I think, the first examples, ^{we have found} of a variation from the French assays of more than 2 Pts. ^{The assays were carefully repeated and with the same results.} Your bullion will be coined into half-eagles as you desire, and I will let you know when they are ready for delivery.

Wm. Belmont, Esq.
New York.

R. M. D.

Mont. U.S.
Jan 7/43.

Dear Sir

I have to thank you for your letter of the
5th inst.

I could appreciate Mr. Benton's opposition to the Bill relating to foreign coins, if it proposed any alterations in our standard, or any change in the relative values of gold and silver; but you have truly remembered that its only object is to make the legal valuation of foreign coins correspond with that of our own, which the act of 1834 does not do.

My suggestions to the passage of foreign coinage bills, Feb. 7, 1836, sent and

the 25th of Feb. last present a justification of the proposed changes which I think Mr. Benton himself could not resist.

Chilley &c, to whom you refer in your letter, are not brokers, but the editors of a paper. I have read their remarks. Some of them are ~~very~~ just, but others are founded in an entire misapprehension of the spirit and effect of the bill. They ~~say~~ ^{they argue} of a remodelled standard, when the change in the standard is thought of. It says the bill banishes utterly all but French & British gold. If this means that it prevents their importation, it is unfounded, because gold always sells at its full value, at least at the mints. If it means that they will not be used here as a circulating medium, it is true. They never ought to be, — they are not now, — and they never were.

Again, the article in question says that the bill "includes foreign silver, for it admits only dollars & five-franc pieces, diminishing the value of Spanish dollars." (The last admission you know to be unfounded). And what silver, that can did circulate among us, is excluded by the bill? Only the fractions of the Spanish-American dollar, and it would be a fraud upon the public to make them current at their nominal value; and besides they interfere with the general use of our federal currency. —

The writer in one of his paragraphs acknowledges that the English & French gold coins fall below ~~their~~ their legal standard, and says "there is good reason, then, for equalizing according to fineness." Such is precisely the object ~~and~~ the of the bill, and the circumstance which makes the bill necessary.

R. M. P.

Dec

To
Hon. Geo. Evans,
U. S. Senate.

0

New York 7th Aug 1893

R. M. Patterson Esq

Director of the Mint, Phila

Dear Sir

Since addressing you yesterday we have examined the statement of returns for the 5 Gold Bars recently transmitted by you and find on computing the yield, as given by your figures, at 93% per cent of $\frac{900}{1000}$ that you have overpaid us about \$1= per ingot say in all \$4.90 as per demand now at foot.

As we imagine that to be owing to some circumstances unknown to us in your mode of estimating we shall feel obliged by an explanation at your convenience.

Pray excuse the trouble, and believe us

Always Yours Respectfully

Frederick A. Briggs

Shipped in our favor upon the 1 st ingot	—	.97
" " " " " 2 nd	—	.81
" " " " " 3 rd	—	.77
" " " " " 4 th	—	1.04
" " " " " 5 th	—	1.31
		<u>\$4.90</u>

Mint of the U.S.

Jan. 6, 1848.

Gentlemen,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday. Your deposit made on the 17th inst., of nearly 5000 oz. of silver bars, all absolutely pure, is without precedent at the Mint. Your last deposit, which averages about $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. below purity, is more in accordance with our general experience.

Our Clerk of the Weigh-room thinks he recollects distinctly that the request of your agent was that the whole amount should be delivered in dimes; but your real wish is made known to us in good time, & shall be attended to.

R. M. P.
D.

Prof. Howland & Aspinwall,
New York.

New York 6th Aug 1893

R. M. Pullman Esq

Secretary of the Ex. Comm. Phila

Dear Sir

Please to accept our thanks for your favor
of yesterday enclosing a receipt of the Union Transportation Co.
for \$19,482.10 (of \$1.37) in American Gold - which we
expect to receive this afternoon.

In your prompt attention to this matter
we are truly grateful, remaining

always yours very Respectfully

Frederick Douglass

New York January 5th 1843
R. M. Patterson Esq,
Director
Philadelphia

Dear Sir

We have received with
thanks mem^o of proceeds of our Season, enclosed
in your favor of 2^d Inst., and we regret to find
the result will not compare with the last season.
There appears to be some mistake with regard
to coin - our Clerk thinks he desired you to furnish
us with \$10000 in Simes and the balance in
half Simes, at least this was his intention, and
order from us, we trust it is not too late to
rectify the mistake, for in this shape we have
handed the amount over to the Bank of the State
of New York, to whom please account.

The annexed Circular will show a change
in our Circum to which we leave your reference.

Respectfully
Your Obedient Servants
Howland & Spinnall

New-York, 31st December, 1842.

We beg leave to announce the dissolution, by its limitation, of the Partnership hitherto existing under the firm of HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, the dependencies of which will be liquidated by a new house under the same firm.

As required by the laws of this State, we further announce that GARDINER G. HOWLAND and SAMUEL S. HOWLAND, contribute as special partners, in equal shares, Three Hundred Thousand Dollars in money, for their proportion of the capital of the new house; the general partners of which are WILLIAM H. ASPINWALL, WILLIAM EDGAR HOWLAND and JOHN LL. ASPINWALL: we solicit your attention to their signatures, and also to that hitherto used by SAMUEL BYERLEY, who this day retires from the house.

We are, respectfully,

Your obedient Servants,

Howland & Aspinwall

SAMUEL BYERLEY.....ceases to sign

Howland & Aspinwall

W. H. ASPINWALL.....continues to sign

Howland & Aspinwall

W. E. HOWLAND.....continues to sign

Howland & Aspinwall

JOHN LL. ASPINWALL.....will sign

Howland & Aspinwall

Miss W. S.
Jan. 5, 1843

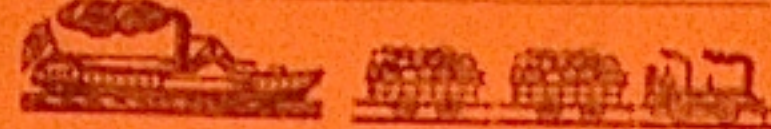
Gentlemen,

In conformity with the request
made in your letter of the 2^d, (rec^d this morning),
the amt. of your deposits of gold, made
on the 2^d, is sent to the Office of the
Union Trans. Line, & will leave here, as
I understand, tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock.
The amount sent is \$19,482.10 less \$1.37
the charge for box, bags, & portage.

T. R. M. P.
D.

Prof
Messrs. Prince Ward & King,
New York.

G. F. Nash, Stationer and Printer, cor. Wall and Water sts.



Marks and Numbers.

UNION TRANSPORTATION LINE,
BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA AND NEW-YORK.
VIA RAIL ROAD ACROSS NEW-JERSEY.

New-Brunswick Canal and Steam-boat Transportation Company, Proprietors.
For the conveyance of Merchandise, Specie, Baggage, &c. &c. and Insurance effected when
ever required, on any Package, to its full amount of value.
Office in Philadelphia, South 2d Street, immediately below Chestnut Street, W. S. FARMAN, Agent.
NEW-YORK, on Pier No. 2, North River, A. DECKER, Agent.

\$200

Philadelphia, Aug 5 1842

Received from

Prime Ward & King
22 Link

W. S. Mint
Per Key Specie

Shipping \$20.00
Gold

Marked and numbered as per margin, which we promise to forward (dangers of fire, water
breakage and leakage excepted) and to hold ourselves responsible, if lost, stolen, or dam-
aged, beyond the value of Two Hundred Dollars per package; unless insured by mutual agree-
ment) to

Prime Ward & King
in New-York, upon presenting this receipt at our office, on Pier No. 2 North River, and
paying freight therefor. \$20.00 per \$1000.

For the Proprietors.

J. W. Decker

R. M. Patterson Esq. Secretary of the Western
State Union
Philadelphia
Am. Nat. Sem. May 5. 1890

Dear Sir,

I have received the receipt for the Bulletin
delivered to you & am expecting from you the drafts
the copy & must contribute it your earliest convenience.

You will please cover the gold into prior
Dollar bills & let me know, when I can come
for them. -

Yours most respectfully
August 22. 1890

My dear Mr.

Phil. Jan. 5, 1843.

Dear Sir,

Your silver plate will be received at
the Mint as a deposit, and its full value re-
turned to you in coin. It will probably
average from \$1.13 to 1.15 per ounce, if of
American manufacture; if English or French it
will be of higher value. Your best mode
of forwarding it will, I presume, be by
Harnden's Express.

R. M. S.

To

Mr. Gadsby, Esq.
Washington }
D.C.

Mint of the United States
Treasurer's Office *Jan 4 1843*

Sir,

I herewith forward you
the quarterly accounts of the operations
of the Mint for the quarter ending the 31st
day of December 1842, which I hope
you will find to be correct.

Very respectfully,
Yours obt. Servt.
(Signed) Isaac Pickens
Treasurer.

Wm Tully R. Wier Esq.
1st Auditor of the Treasury,
Washington

Mint of the United States

Jan. 4, 1843.

Gentlemen,

I send enclosed a memorandum
of the proceeds of your deposits made
on the 2d inst. The result is a little less
than we anticipated, in consequence
of a greater variation from the repor-
ted fineness.

We are now casting your gold into
half-eagle ingots, that you may have
the choice presented to you in my
letter of the 2d.

R. M. P.

To Messrs. Prime Ward & King, }
New York. }

Mint of the United States
Treasury Office
January 3^d 1813.

Sir,

I forward you herewith, the quarterly
accounts of the ordinary receipts and expenditures of
the Mint, for the fourth quarter of the last year, which
I hope you will find to be correct.

Very respectfully,

Wm. Woodhull, Secy.
J. Roach
Treasurer

To

Wm. R. Woodhull Esq.

First Auditor of the Treasury.

Forwarded to R. M. Patterson Esq^r Director of the
United States Mint at Philadelphia.

8196.	No 9. 946.	gold fine	996.
29158.	" 11 093.	"	996.
28923	" 11 825.	} No 24797.	" 987.
25	" 12 972.		
28	" 14 112.	"	988.
8242	" 3. 2697.	"	995.
	" 8. 0065.	"	993.

No 71.2242. in 7 Gold Bars.

21461.	No 9. 407.	gold fine	992.
8217.	" 5. 764.	} No 12052	" 991.
18	" 6. 288.		
8152	" 6. 162.	} 12227.	" 994.
53	" 6. 065.		

No 33.686. in 5 Gold Bars.

28973.	No 11. 301.	} No 21749.	gold 995.
76.	" 10. 448.		

New York January 3. 1863.

Augustus S. [Signature]

A. M. Patterson Esq. Master of the U. S. Mint
Philadelphia

(New York January 3: 1845)

Dear Sir,

I have received your favor containing
the average weight of a certain amount of French
Gold for which I am obliged to you.

By the *Antares*, which will leave
morning, I shall send a in charge of
Mr. ~~App. ^{James} ~~James~~~~ & Francis *Reynolds*

7 Gold bars weight, 71.224.2 }

5 " " 33.686 }

2 " " 21.749 }

enclosed statements, for which please send me
the Mint certificates at your earliest convenience
& Mail. - I have some new French coins
from Europe, which I intend sending for comparison.

Yours, very respectfully

Augustus Belmont

C
H. M. Patterson Esq^r Director

New York 3 Jan. 1843.

Dear Sir,

We have to thank you for your
favor of yesterday, covering a check
Receipt for $948\frac{18}{100}$ ounces, Gold,
Bullion, which we beg to return herein
endorsed, with request that you will
be pleased to send us the proceeds in
Eagles by the Union Transportation Line,
enclosing their Receipt to us.

We remain,

Dear Sir,

Yours very respectfully

Emmerson Hing

Washington June 3. 1843

Dear Sir Having about 2000. ^{egs} of silver plate
which I have no use for, and money being
so very scarce, I take the liberty of writing
you and request as a particular favor that
you will let me know at your earliest con-
-venience what I can get for it at the
mint, or if there is any better way of dispo-
-sing of it. Your kind attention with
truly etc

Yours very respectfully

Wm. Gadsby

To Doctor Patterson

Director of the Mint
Philadelphia

R M Patterson Esq. Director of the United
States Mint, Philadelphia

Wm. S. S. January 3. 1849

Dear Sir,

Have been with the books & you by W. S. S.
have been with the books & you by W. S. S.

AB at 4 - 1 Box cost \$ 33.68 6.5 Gold Bars.

6 - 1 " " 21749.2 " "

8 - 1 " " 71.224.7 " "

as if statement sent to you by S. S. S. will
with which please follow the directions of my letter
of yesterday. -

Yours respectfully,

Wm. S. S.

1085.02 - 1085.10

699.23 - 699.40

2288.88 - 2289.21

4072.13

Minist. U. S.
Jan. 2. 1843.

Gentlemen,

I send you enclosed, a ^{new} ~~of the proceeds of~~ ^{statement} of your deposits of silver made on the 29th ult. As you wish the whole amount coined into coins, the Chief Coiner tells me that you may probably be subjected to a delay of two weeks before they can be ready for you.

R. M. P.

LL.

To Messrs. Howland & Russell
New York }

Mint of the United States,
Jan. 2, 1843.

Gentlemen,

I send enclosed a Mint receipt
for your deposit of gold made this day.

In your letter of the 30th, you request
that the proceeds be returned to you in half-
eagles. If this be done, you must sub-
mit to some delay, as we have not a
supply of these coins at present. In
eagles, you can be paid without delay.
Let me know what course you will take.
The half eagles you would have to wait
about a week.

R. M. P.
S,

To
Messrs. Prime, Ward, & King,
New York. }

Treasury Department
Jan. 31. 1843.

Sir

Yours of the 19th inst enclosing a copy of
your report to the President, of the ~~annual~~ operations of
the Mint during the year 1842 was duly received.

The communication to the President either did not
reach him or if it did has been mislaid.

Will you be good eno^g to forward as early as may
be a copy of the statements which accompanied the
report.

I am very respectfully
Yours
Sec. of the Treasury

D. R. M. Patterson
Director of the Mint

P.S. In compliance with your request I transmit herewith
a copy of that part of the appropriation bill relating to the Mint
& branches.

Senate Chamber
3rd Jan'y '13

Sir,

In conversing with the Chairman of the
Committee of Finance, the Hon Mr Evans, he has suggested
the propriety of forwarding the accompanying communication
to you, with a request that you will have the goodness to
state your opinion of the propriety of adopting the
suggestion which it contains - and looking to the de-
-volved state of the session, will you allow me to ask
that this may be done at your earliest convenience?

I have the honor to be
Very Respectfully Gt &c
—Mr. Macpherson Dorrism—

Yrs
R M Patterson Esq

Philad^a Jan^y 31. 1843

My dear Sir,

I expect to be absent
from the city on or about the date
mentioned in the note you did me the honor
to enclose me. I fear therefore I shall
not be able to attend at the Mint.

Will you please say therefore that
my previous engagement requiring my
absence from the city will prevent my
accepting the honor conferred on me.

Very resp^t & truly Yrs.

R. M. Richards

To,

Dr. R. M. Patterson

Director of the Mint
of U. S. —

Wash. D. C. Feb 27/43.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 25th inst.

I regret exceedingly that the repealing clause has been left out of the bill regulating the currency of foreign gold and silver coins. Our foreign currency is, ^{in consequence} ~~by the omission~~, left in confusion. The halber, eighth, quarter, eighth, & sixteenth of the Spanish American dollars ~~appears to be~~ are still legalized by act of Congress, although some of them are late, and nearly all of them are under weight. The gold coins of Portugal and Brazil are rated, by law, at 94.8 cents per dwt., although more late than the English coins now rated at 94.6, and the gold coins of Spain, Mexico and Colombia, though so unequal as to be incapable of valuation, ~~remain rated by~~ ~~law~~ remain with a fictitious value given to them by the act of 1834.

I have some remarks to make on your the Senate Bill 134, which I hope may not come too late for its correction, before it

becomes a law.

The bill speaks of the Mare-banco of Hamburg and the Hanse towns. Hamburg is the only Hanse town at which this money of account is used. In the bill it is valued at 35 per cent, the estimate which I presented to you some years ago. Our more recent information gives the value exactly 35 cents, and even this is protested against by the German traders, as too high.

One of the Hanse towns - Bremen - is an important ^{of trade between} ~~trading port~~ with the United States, ^{and} ~~from~~ Germany. The thaler of 72 grotes, is worth 71 cents. Ought it not to be included in the bill?

The bill speaks of the Sicce rupee of Bengal. This, I believe, is no longer a money of account. There is now but one admitted rupee of British India, and its value is 44 cents & 3 mills, including of course that of Bombay and Madras. Would it not then be better to say: - "the rupee of British India shall be deemed and taken to be of the value of forty-four and one-half cents."

We have no information sufficiently recent ^{to} ~~to~~ estimate the milreis of Madras and Goa. I presume that you have been correctly informed with regard to them.

I observe that no valuation is given to Danish, Austrian, &c. money in the bill.

You will find a mass of valuable information with regard to foreign coins and money of account in the Manual published by our exchange, Messrs. Eckfeldt & DeBris.

R. M. P.

W/
Hon. Geo. Evans,
U. S. Senate.

IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

FEBRUARY 18, 1843.

Mr. EVANS, from the Committee on Finance, reported the following bill, which was read, and passed to a second reading.

A BILL

To fix the value of certain foreign moneys of account, in computations at the customhouses.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives*
2 *of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That
3 in all computations of the value of foreign moneys of account at
4 the customhouses of the United States, the thaler of Prussia
5 shall be deemed and taken to be of the value of sixty-eight and
6 one half cents; the ^{*Escudo of Mexico*} mill-rei of Portugal shall be deemed and
7 taken to be of the value of one hundred and twelve cents; the
8 marc-banco of Hamburg ^{*and the Hanse towns*} shall be deemed
9 and taken to be of the value of thirty-five and one-half cents;
10 the rouble of Russia shall be deemed and taken to be of the
11 value of seventy-five ~~and one-half~~ cents; the ^{*British Indian*} sicee rupee of
12 Bengal shall be deemed and taken to be of the value of ^{*forty-four cents & six mills*} forty-
13 seven cents and six mills, and the rupee of Bombay and Madras
14 shall be deemed and taken to be of the value of forty-four and
15 one-half cents; and all former laws inconsistent herewith are
16 hereby repealed.

*the mil rei of Mexico, one hundred cents
the mil rei of the Azores 80% cents.*

*I believe we have no information whatever, sufficiently recent
to estimate the value of Madras & Coorg. As doubt
Mr Evans is correctly informed.*

*I put in Bremen above, because it is an important trading port
with the U.S. from Germany. I never before put Danish, Bremen, London*

Sen. Ch.

Feb. 25. 1863

Mr. Patterson Esq.

Sir - The Geo Bill has passed
the Senate, sticking out the last section.
I was obliged to consent to this, to gratify
Mr Benton, who consented to give all the
objections. We have also passed another
Bill which I send you, for the purpose of
asking whether the value be correctly fixed.
If not, we can amend in the House.

An early answer will greatly oblige,

Your most Obedt Servant

Geo Evans

Dr. Patterson.

My good friend.

Your Report has not yet been
printed - so soon as it is I will
send you a few copies -
Robin joins in love to all.

Yours

Alaska

24 Mar 1893.

Minist of the United States.

Feb. 24th, 1843.

Sir,

On the 7th of February 1840, I received a letter from the Hon. Mr. Evans, ^{House of Representatives of the U. States,} of the ~~House of Representatives~~, ^{making inquiry,} on behalf of the Committee of ^{Foreign Affairs} ~~Finance~~, as to the value of the Mark Banco of Hamburg. I reply now given to him, in some detail, but the valuation of 35 fr cents, on which the action now about to be taken in Congress, is probably founded, was derived from ^{a statement of} the U. S. Consul at Hamburg, that the price paid by the Bank for one Cologne Mark weight, (equal 360.8 grains Troy) of fine silver, was $27\frac{3}{8}$ marks banco.

More recent information, received since my letter to Mr. Evans, states the price of fine silver at $27\frac{3}{4}$ marks banco, which makes the value of the mark banco exactly 35 cents.

The valuation derived from the direct metal is 37.6 cents.

The most current, being a coin, is susceptible of exact valuation, and is worth 28 1/2 cents; but the bank loan, being a mere matter of account, is out of the range of our Mint operations, and its value, in terms of gold and silver, is constantly varying.

Very respectfully,

Your faithful servant,

R. M. Patterson.

To
C. N. Buck, Esq.
Consul General of Hamburg,
Philadelphia.

~~P.S. I find that in 1840 Mr. Evans was in the House of Representatives, and was Chairman of the Committee of Ways & Means. He is now in the Senate, and Chairman of the Committee of Finance. Hence the mistake in my letter.~~

Washington February 19. 1843

Dear Sir

I received yours of the 17th last night. A day or two since Mr Croker called up his Bill, and I at once mentioned that there were doubts about the propriety of its passage and that I had received a letter to that effect from you. He assured me that if there should be any difficulty whatever he would agree to its being stopped in the Senate - but he seemed very anxious that it should get through the House of Representatives - and so I had not again heard from you I thought it better to accept the offer (of arresting it in the Senate if necessary) and withdraw any opposition, which I was of course not able exactly to explain. If I had seen your letter to Mr Berrien I should have spoken to the action on the Bill. As it is I will see Mr Croker in the morning and claim the benefit of his promise - and if necessary I will
also

also see Mr. Perren. I regret that I was entirely
without information at the moment the matter was
brought up in our house but considering your judgment
to be against the immediate change I shall endeavor
to prevent it from being made.

Yrs very faithfully

J. C. Sigurdson

R. C. M. Patterson

Mint of the United States,
Feb. 15. 1843.

Sir,

The meeting of the Commissioners for
the Annual Assay at the Mint, as provided
by the Act of June 18. 1837, was held on
the 13th inst., and I have the honor to send
you herewith a copy of the Minutes of
their proceedings.

Very respectfully,
Your faithful servant,
(Signed) R. W. Patterson,
Director.

To
J. M. Waller, Esq.,
Sec. of Treas. }

My dear Sir
I have the honor
to acknowledge
the receipt of your letter
of the 11th inst.

Washington February 11th 1843

Dear Sir

Previously to the receipt of your letter
I had enclosed the Bill which it calls for. I know
nothing of the news of Mr Cooper except as they appear
in the face of the Bill. I have thought it best to wait for
any information you may desire to communicate. Sometimes
a change of this kind apparently not very important passes
without much notice altho things may have been settled as they
were before.

Very sincerely & respectfully yrs

J R Ingersoll

W R M Patterson

Philadelphia

Treasury Department.
Comptroller's Office.

February 10th 1843.

Sir,

Your accounts of Gold and Silver Bullion, for the 3^d quarter of 1842, have been adjusted at the Treasury, and a balance of \$223,986.27, stated to be remaining in the hands of the

Chief Coiner, Gold Bullion	By: 621.496	\$ 11,562.62
Melter & Refiner, do	474.979	8,836.98
do Silver Bullion	By 21,643.3	25,184.90
Coiner do	37,397.114	43,516.64
Treasurer Gold Coinage		46,347.26
do Silver Coinage		88,537.87
	Dolls:	<u>223,986.27</u>

Very Respectfully
Your Ob^t Serv^t

Wm Cullahy

Comptroller

Isaac Roach Esq^r
Treasurer of the Mint
Philadelphia

Philad^a, Jan. 9. 1843.
R. M. Patterson, Director of the Mint,
for the War Department of the U. States,
To Franklin Peale, Dr.

To three dies (head of President Tyler,) -

hardened & polished complete, as per

estimate

\$ 800.00

" 828.86 oz. fine silver @ \$1.30 per oz. 1,077.51

" Striking & ringing 60 large size Medals, @ \$2.37 - 142.20

" Striking & ringing 100 of second size do. @ \$1.37 - 137.00

" Striking & ringing 100 of third size do. @ 1.37 - 137.00

" Cases and packing, four invoices 44.00

" Freight paid to Washington, 14.00

\$2,301.71

Exp. By amount paid by Department

to Mr. Pettrich, for his model,

50.00

\$2,251.71

Feb. 8, 1843, Received of Dr. R. M. Patterson,
Director of the Mint, Twenty two hundred ^{fifty} ~~large~~ one ^{hundred} ~~hundred~~
Dollars, in full for the above account.

(Duplicate.)

Franklin Peale

Wm W. H. Bates

Platua Dec 31/

Memorandum of Dies and
Medals made for and trans-
mitted to the War Department
at Washington 1897

3 Dies for Indian Medals

as per agreement \$800.00

100 of the 8th Regt Medals

as per bill of lading dated

Dec 12 to 1892 - does 397.00

30 do 2nd Regt - 1st Regt

dated Dec 16 to 1892 - does 165.50

18 of the 1st Regt as per

bill of lading dated Dec 24.

1892

113.51

\$ 1477.61

Received Platua Dec 31 st

1892 of J. W. Patterson Comdr

Hundred dollars, the above amount

being being received that word

that this sum is due by the War

Department to the order for dies

and Indian Medals.

\$ 1400.00

Wm W. H. Bates

Dr. The Treas^r. of the U.S. for the Dept. of War, in acct. with R. M. Patterson, Director U.S. Mint, Co.

1843.

Feb. 8 To amount paid Franklin
Plate, for engraving 3 dies,
with head of Pres. Tyler, &
furnishing 260 Indian Medals,
as per accompanying bill
receipt, \$2,251 71

\$2,251 71

Mar

Oct. 1 By Draft No. 1745, on U.S. War
Treas^r No. 2502, on the Phil.
Bank, \$1500 00

1843

Jan. 30 " Draft No. 2691, on War
Treas^r No. 2606, on the
Phil. Bank, 751 71

\$2,251 71

Mint of the U. States,
Philad. Feb. 8. 1843.
Signed R. M. P.
Director.

Mint U. S.

Feb. 10, 1863.

Sir,

I have the honor to send herewith the account for the ^{Medals} bearing the head of Pres. Tyler, which I had made at the Mint, at your request.

R. M. P.
D.

Hon. John C. Spencer, }
Sec. of War.

We understand that the Special Commis-
sions appointed by the President to attend the
Annual Meeting to be held at the Wash. Hotel
on Monday next, are General Robert Patterson,
Professor J. Torrey of New York, and Profes-
sor John F. Frazer. - The Commissioners,
in office, are the Hon. Archibald Randall
Judge of the U. S. District Court, Henry W.
Watts Esq. District Attorney, and Thomas L.
Smith Esq. Collector of the Port.

U. S. Gazette	}	Mr. E.
Penn. Inquirer		
Pennsylvaniaian		
Ledger	}	Mr. D.
Evening ^{Chronicler} Sentinel		
North American.		

Mint of the United States,
Feb. 8, 1873.

Sir,

Under the 32^d Sect. of the Mint Act of
Jan. 18, 1837, (of which I send you a copy,)
you are designated as one of the Commissioners,
ex officio, to attend the Annual Assay at the
Mint. I beg leave, therefore, to ask that
you will give us your attendance, for this pur-
pose, at half past nine, on Monday morning
next.

Very respectfully,

Your faithful servant,

(Sig^d) R. M. Patterson,

Director.

To
Hon. Archibald Randoll

Judge of the U.S. Dist. Court, for the E. Dist. of Penn.

Henry M. Watts, Esq., U.S. Dist. Attorney for D.C.

Thos. S. Smith, Esq., Collector of the Port of Phil.^a

P.S. As your attendance will probably be re-
quired for some hours, I beg to mention that a
lunch will be prepared which may perhaps serve you in place of a dinner.

Treasury Department
February 7. 1843.

Sir

Your communications of the 3rd have
been received and I transmit enclosed a letter of
appointment for Genl. R. Patterson as a Commissioner to carry
into effect the 32nd Sect. of the Act of Jan: 18. 1837 &c &c
which I will now to cause to be delivered to that Gentleman.

I am very Respectfully

Yours
Sec. of the Treasury.

Wm. Patterson
Phila. A. C.

Miss Peter Samsony & Co
New York.
Gentlemen.

Mint of the U. States
February 5. 1839

More than a year ago, a small
bag of Counterfeit Spanish & Mexican dollars was brought here
as a deposit for coinage, on your account, by Mr. St. Berthoud.
As it is usual to reject such deposits as unsuitable for ^{Mint} operations,
we declined receiving the one in question, and Mr. Berthoud left it here,
~~probably~~ merely in safe keeping, as we suppose, until you could send
for it. - Very recently, the Assayers have been pursuing sundry inquiries
in regard to Counterfeit coins, and having found this lot a suitable
one for their purpose, it was thought best to accept the same as
a deposit for coinage. Accordingly, I have to inform you, that
there stands to your credit here, a deposit of silver bullion, weighing
gross $143\frac{52}{100}$ ounces, standard weight $98\frac{20}{100}$ ounces, value \$114.13
for which ~~amount~~ the coins will be paid upon your sending for
them, with a proper order.

Very respectfully
your faithful servant

Director.

Mint of the United States
(Feb. 3, 1843.)

Sir,
On the receipt of your letter, ^{communicating the 19th ult.} conveying the
~~sub~~ letters of appointment of B. W. Richards Esq.,
Prof. J. Torrey, and Prof. Jas. F. Fraser, as
Commissioners to attend the Annual Assay at the
Mint, their letters were sent to the gentlemen
th named, and Messrs. Torrey and Fraser
have accepted signified their willingness to
serve. The answer of Mr. Richards was
not given till yesterday, and I regret to
state that he is expected absent from the
city ~~and~~ prevents his acceptance of the ap-
pointment. Permit me, then, to beg that
you will ask the attention of the President
to the case, ~~and~~ in order that the vacancy
thus left in the Commission may be filled.

R. M. P.

De

Wf
Hon. Walter Forward,
Sec. of Treasury }

W. L. Hunt. Feb. 3, 1843.

Dear Sir,

I send herewith an official letter & stating that B. W. Richards Esq. is unable to serve as an Assay Commissioner on the 13th inst., and begging that the vacancy may be filled by the President. I shall always be most happy to receive here any gentleman that may be selected by the President or yourself; but as it has been customary for the Director to bring names to your notice, I would respectfully suggest that of Gen. Robert Patterson.

Very respectfully

I truly yours,

J. M. Patterson.

W. L. Hunt.
Hon. Walter Forward.

New York, Feb. 2nd 1843.

Dear Sir

I am really ashamed that I have allowed your kind letter (enclosing a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury) to remain so long unanswered. For several weeks past I have had more than ordinary demands on my time, so that my correspondence of late has been greatly neglected. Please receive this apology for my silence, & believe me that I accept the appointment of the President with much pleasure. I purpose leaving Princeton early in the morning of the 13th proximo, & to ^{hope} meet the other Commissioners at the mint as soon as the first train from Trenton arrives at Phil: Delphian.

A few days ago I purchased the beautiful work on Coins published under your auspices, & have greatly enjoyed its perusal. I have some ancient Syriae of Persia, as well as some modern Turkish Coins, lately received from a friend in the East, which I should like to show you. Several of the Turkish

Coin (such as are now current in Mesopotamia of Hindis-
tan) are not in your new work. You shall see them
when I go to Philadelphia.

Have you Edwards' splendid work on the Napoleon
Medals? The author makes no allusion to the inven-
tions of Gobrecht & Spencer, but gives the credit to
Achille Collas alone.

Hoping to see you soon, I am
Dear Sir -

Cordially yours.

John Torrey

Dr. Patterson

Th^o July 2 1858

Dear Sir

Our male is at Harrisburg I believe but is expected
to return this evening or on Monday when no doubt he will
reply to your note of today

R. M. Patterson Esq

Yours Respectfully
Chas. B. Penick

U. S. Mint
Feb. 1. 1862

Sir

I have not had the pleasure of receiving from you an answer to my communication of the 24th ult. regarding your appointment, by the President, to attend the annual assay, at the Mint on the 10th inst. I am expected to make a report of your reply to the Treasury Department. Let me then beg that you will do me the favour to let me know your determination; while, at the same time, I express my sincere hope that you will be able to accept the appointment.

Most respectfully,

and truly yours

R. M. Patterson

Prof. J. Torrey

U. S. Mint

Feb. 1. 1848

Dear Sir

May I ask the favour of an answer
to my communication of the 24th ult., regarding
your appointment by the President, to attend
the annual assay at the mint, on the 13th inst?
I am expected to make report of your
reply to the Treasury Department. I sincerely
hope that it may be that you accept the
appointment.

Most respectfully

I remain yours

A. M. Patterson

W. B. Richards Esq

Albion N.S.
Feb 7 1. 1843

Sir,

In compliance with your request, I
send you herewith a copy of my annual
report, and statement, sent to the President
on the 19th ult. Our Messenger has
a distinct recollection, of having placed the
packet addressed to the President, in the Post Office.
I regret the delay caused by its being miscarried
or mislaid

R. M. B. —

Hon. Walter Forward

Sec. Treas. —

Number of deposits of silver & gold. Monthly -

1838	-	193 deposits	=	\$ 141,800.
1839	-	182 "	=	113,035.
1840	-	278 "	=	121,858.
1841	-	388 "	=	161,974.
		<u>1,036</u>	=	<u>\$ 538,667.</u>

At Charlotte

1838	-	248 "	=	\$ 130,600
1839	-	242 "	=	126,226
40	-	239 "	=	124,726
41	-	<u>255 "</u>	=	<u>132,521</u>
				<u>514,690</u>

New Orleans must be considered as proportionate to our effort in the number of (Number of silver & gold).

Wastage for 1841, is Census Dept.,
 on \$ 710,475 gold \$ 228. - }
~~1,597~~ silver }
 \$ 577,750. silver \$ 552. - }
 1840, 1,207,437 = gold \$ 554.
 " 1,949,136 = silver 408

Two Years - Gold - \$ 1,917,912 - - - - - waste \$ 782 }
 Silver 2,526,886 - - - - - " 960 }

Apr 6 Feb 28.38 ^{924.45} ^{6527.91} ^{924.45} dep.
 March — 23 deposits — 1233.22

Whole number of deposits in 1838 from Feb. 22. 1838 = ^{op. guess} 6527.91
 Deposited from Feb. 28. — Aug ²⁵ = 924.45
 193

Deposits in 1839 — 182 =
 — 1840 — 273
 — 1841 — 371 388
 — Dec 31 — 3315
 398

Apr. 21 —
 May 35
 June 25
 July 38
 Aug. 38
 Sept. 46
 Oct. 40
 Nov. 40
 Dec. 48
 331

Mint of the United States

Treasurer's office

January 5th 1843.

Standard Weight of Gold Coins and half coins re-
ceived for Coinage from January 1. 1842. to the 31st day
of December A. D. 1842. inclusive, viz.

179,459.82 ounces

= \$208,825.97

Summary of the coinage at the
Mint of the United States and its Branches
from the commencement of its operations until
December 31, 1842.

Commenced operations	Mints.	Whole coinage, in pieces.	Whole coinage, in value.
1793.....	United States Mint.	255,087,181	85,873,052.46
1838.....	Branch at Charlotte, N.C.	162,118	666,030.00
1838.....	Branch at Dahlonega, Geo.	178,534	827,637.50
1838.....	Branch at New Orleans.	14,179,656	3,155,443.00
		269,607,489	90,522,162.66

Mint of the United States
Treasury Office
January 6, 1843.

The Gross value of Gold deposited for Coinage in 1842, \$ 977.911 -

The Sources whence derived, viz,

United States Coins, (U.S.)	\$ 25, 621	
Virginia,	42, 163	
North Carolina,	61, 629	
South,	223	
Georgia,	180, 276	
Alabama,	5, 579	
Tennessee,		59, 271
Mexico,	34, 167	260, 577
South America,	202, 034	12, 972
Europe,	394, 167	273, 507
Africa,	34, 146	
Branch Mints	725	
Unlabeled,	27, 178	597.911

The form in which it was derived viz,

Coin,	\$ 580, 036	
Sundry,	20, 845	
Other forms	377, 030	\$ 977.911

Coinage of 1842.

Gold	81,507	Eagles	\$ 815,070. —
	27,578	Half Eagles	137,890. —
	2,823	Quarter Eagles	7,057.50
	111,908		956,017.50
Silver	184,618	Dollars	184,618. —
	2,012,764	Half Dollars	1,006,382. —
	88,000	Quarter Dollars	22,000. —
	1,887,500	Dimes	188,750. —
	815,000	Half Dimes	40,750. —
	4987,882		1,442,500
Copper	2,383,390	Cents	23,833.90
pieces	<u>7,483,180</u>		<u>\$ 2,426,351.40</u>

Mint of the United States -
Treasury Office
January 6. 1843 -

The Gross value of Silver deposited for coinage in 1842, \$1,567,420

The Sources whence derived viz,

Mexico, -----	\$ 1,141,459
South America, -----	94,520
Europe, -----	291,782
North Carolina, -----	6,101
United States (Coins defaced & Branded) -----	1,312
Not ascertained, -----	32,246
	<u>\$1,567,420</u>

The form in which it was received, viz,

Mexican Dollars -----	\$ 1,055,374
Other Spanish - American Dollars, -----	26,372
European Coins, -----	292,146
Plate, -----	23,410
United States Coins (defaced & Branded) -----	1,312
Unwrought bullion, of all other description, -----	138,806
	<u>\$1,567,420</u>

Gold

507
518
1025
326
1,351 gold at London

1822.5
1040.7
1207.4
710.5

4,581 ^{at London} ~~104~~ ¹⁰⁴ ~~104~~ ¹⁰⁴ 1,351 : 307 dollars. add cost of Gold
for gold melts.
for freight
5404
1351
4,581/14,0504 (307. dols)
13743
30740 \$31...

Ph. gold
4,581 ¹⁷⁰ : 170 : 1,351 :
94570
1351
4,581/229670 (50 dols. Cost for melts)
22905
620

4,581 : 138 : 1351 :
138
10808
4053
1351
4,581/186438 (41 dols. - for emitts.)
13743
18524
3198 398 say \$400 in Master's Dept.
122 dols.

Waylago in China dept.
1,918 : 782 : 1,351 :
782
2702
10808
9457
1918/1056482 (551 dols. in waylago)
9390 449 say \$950 altogether
9748 50 say 50 for fuel with
15402 1000 Gold
122
673 dols.

New York March 10 1848

Dear Sir

We write you in great
hurry yesterday the messenger waiting
for the letter I forgot to request to
you whether Government would not
add 2 or 3 % to their deposit in
the mint which would facilitate
the depositors of gold bullion and
cause to be coined a large amount
of foreign gold you must be aware
the Banks will not take the trouble
and private depositors like ourselves
suffer a great loss of interest
Should your capital be increased
we shall be able to continue to
furnish you large amounts of
foreign gold particularly French
which will pay us a surving sum to
use at Paris We are

Very respectfully

Yours obediently

Richard D. Davis

R M Patterson

New York 15th March 1843
R. M. Patterson
Philadelphia

Dear Sir

Availing myself of your
kindness I forward you by today's
express a small package subd. & d.
containing 52 1/2 oz of Gold dust
of very good quality, to have it coined
for me as soon as practicable. In
the last remittance my friends
in the South sent \$499. So I hope
this will prove to be of a better quality.
I want to have separate bullions
T.B. & 1 in one & R. 1 in another.

Being again to excuse the
trouble I give you

I remain

Dear Sir

Yours Obedt^{ly}

J^o Dominguez





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BOSTON, LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, HAVRE, ANTWERP,
NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, ALBANY, TROY AND BUFFALO
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Bills of Exchange may be had at Boston Office, on England, Ireland, Scotland, France and Antwerp, from £3 to £100.
 Collections of Drafts, Notes and Bills, and purchases of Goods, made as above.

Marks and Numbers. <div style="font-size: 2em; margin-top: 20px;">G.D.</div>	No.	<div style="text-align: right; margin-bottom: 5px;">New York Dec 11 1847.</div> <p style="margin: 0;">Received of <i>J. Thompson</i></p> <p style="margin: 0;"><i>On hand said to contain Eight</i></p> <p style="margin: 0;"><i>Numbered and marked as in the margin, which we promise to forward by our</i></p> <p style="margin: 0;">Express to <i>Phil.</i> and deliver to <i>him</i> at <i>his</i> cost</p> <p style="margin: 0;">or Agent, (less by fire and perils of the Seas excepted.)</p> <p style="font-size: x-small; margin-top: 10px;">N. B. All Parcels must be marked "HARNDEN & CO'S EXPRESS." Harnden & Co., or their Agent, will constantly accompany, and have the exclusive care and custody of their Package Car, and will be responsible for the Goods carried in or destined for it. The New Jersey Steam Navigation Co., and the Rail Road Corporations assume no liability therefor.</p> <p style="text-align: right; margin-top: 5px;">For HARNDEN & CO. <i>McClaff</i></p>
Freight, \$		

New York Mar 15 1843

Dear Sir
your favor of the 14th to our
Mr. Rubin in hand. The publisher will attend
to the alteration. I thank you for
your politeness in this matter.

Our friend Parshall & Co. of
this City will continue to furnish
you with bullion as fast as we
can get it. Silver comes in slowly
Gold we can get with ease.

It would not be too much
trouble could you let us know
whether your supply is larger at
presently at the mint of Gold bullion
as we send on a considerable
lot through Parshall & Co.
if we do not have to wait too
long we are putting large
amounts of American Gold
for New Orleans our Bank.

are all out and if the demand
continues we shall require enough
to regulate the exchange between
New Orleans & this City - about
one million has already been
shipped from this City & some more
will probably put exchange at
par between the two Cities the
last adviced quote exchange at
at 4 per cent on New York for
sight drafts & 5 to 6 for 60 day Bills
We are
Very respects

Yours Obediently

Frederick Parshley

R M Patterson Esq

Albion, N.Y.

March 13 /43.

Dear Sir,

I have received a letter this morning from Prof. Wyall, in which, referring to the subject of your letter of the 2d inst., he asks me to cause a series of the medals of the Presidents of the United States to be forwarded to his residence in New York, which he expects to reach in about ten days. I infer from ^{them} what it appears, that Prof. Wyall is still at Washington, but we hope that you will convey to him the following items of information, ^{which} he may probably otherwise be missing in the dark.

Medals have been struck at the call of seven Presidents, beginning with Mr. Jefferson, and, of each, three medals of different sizes. A series of the first size will cost Prof. Wyall \$22; one of the second size \$18; one of the third size \$14.

The cost will be the same whether the medals be in tin or in copper; and

and it will also be the same whether they be
plain, bronzed, or silvered by the electrotype
process.

~~Successful~~ ^{non-satisfactory} ~~silvered~~ ~~modules~~, cannot be made
by the electrotype process, cannot be made

Then modules cannot be silvered, by
the satisfactory, out of the shell, because,
after the deposit, they require an ad-
ditional blow under the press, to give them
a bright and polished surface.

~~I am, Sir,~~

Our Chief Coiner has the whole charge
of the Mint Department, and it is from
him that I get the above statement, and
at his request that I write.

I am, dear Sir,

Very truly and respectfully yours,
Wm. Patterson.

W/
McClellan, Young, Esq.

August 11th March 18th 1843

Mr. R. M. Patterson

Director of the Mint

Philadelphia

Sir

I have omitted this morning your favour
of yesterday containing the several informations
required respecting the American Gold and
Silver Coins. I will transmit them to
my friends and I beg you to receive
my best thanks for your prompt attention
to my letter.

I remain, Sir, with regard
Respectfully
Yours
D. S. Perrot

Mint Mch
March 10 /43.

Dear Sir

In reply to the inquiries made in
your letter of yesterday, I have to pre-
sent the following statements.

The legal weight of the Eagle is 258 grains,
of which

The United States Standard, both for gold
and silver, is 900 thousandths, - being the
same as the Standard of France.

The weight of the Eagle is 258 grains, -
of which 232.2 is pure gold, and 25.8 alloy.

The weight of the Dollar is 412.5 grains,
of which 371.25 is pure silver, and 41.25 alloy.

I will add, as a deduction from the above,
that 43 oz. Troy of Standard gold are worth
80 eagles, or 800 dolls.; and that 55 oz. of
Standard silver are worth 64 dollars.

The value, at the U. S. Mint, of one oz.
of pure gold ~~now~~ is \$20.633; and that
of one oz. of pure silver ^{the} \$1.289. You may
perhaps remark that ^{this} is less than might be
inferred from the above statements; but it
must be recollected that the alloy introduced
has also its value, and is furnished and char-
ged for by the Mint.

It may be proper to mention that the
bars of fine gold from the French refineries
at Paris are not pure, and that we generally
find them to fall about one thousandth short
of the fineness marked upon them.

P.M.P.

To
A. S. Penot, Esq.
New York.

Washington D.C.
9th March 1849

My dear Sir

I am informed by the Acting Secretary
of the Treasury Mr. Gouvy Esq. that he has requested a
Medal of the President of the U.S. in order to enable
me to present a copy of cash in silver to the National
Institute. Will you do me the favor to forward the
same to my residence 95 Chamber Street New
York at your convenience I expect to be home
in about ten days.

I am Sir

Yours very respectfully

Thomas Wyatt

To W. M. Patterson Esq.
Director of the Mint

New York March 9th 1843

A. A. A. B. B. B.

Director of the Mint

Philadelphia

Dear Sir,

I received of your friend some Gold
in France with the following information
relation to the value of Gold and Silver
in this country and having found no account
around here in any commercial Bank
I have taken the liberty to advise you
about it and will consider it as a great
favor if you please to send me an answer
as soon as convenient.

What is the legal tender of Gold
tendering Grains of pure Gold
tendering Grains total weight
tendering Gold p. Pure Gold

Some questions for Dollars

I have found the law of June 8th 1834 for
Gold but please for the Dollars
how much the value of Pure Gold
and how much of Standard

Some questions as to Silver

Trusting

That you will write to me to my Parents
the information wanted.
I leave the business to be 20 f.
Respectfully
R. S. Perce

20 f.
20 f.
20 f.

20 f.
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20 f.

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20 f.
20 f.

U. S. Mint

March 7, 1843.

Dear Sir,

I send you an M. S. copy of the law respecting which you made inquiry. The estimates of value established by it, are correct. I regret exceedingly that a repealing clause, which would have made this the only ^{law} in force with regard to the currency of foreign coins in the United States was suppressed through the influence of Mr. Benton.

Ever Very Respectfully
and truly yours,

A. M. Patterson

Geo. Newbold, Esq.

St Louis, Mo. March 10. 1843

Dear Sir

I understand that Congress, just at
the close of the Session passed an Act to reduce
the Value of Foreign Gold Coins, and as I presume
that you have a Copy of the Law, I venture to
request of you the favor to forward me a Copy
of it at your earliest convenience.

I remain very respectfully
& truly yours

Robert B. Peck

Rollin Patterson Esq

Quincy Mass

Philad

Albion W. D.
March 4 / 43.

Sir,

I have not seen any notice of the annual Report for 1842 having been sent to Congress, nor has a copy of it come to my hands among the Congressional documents. I will feel under much obligation to you, if you will let me know what course now taken with this paper. The report was sent by me on the 19th of January. On the 1st of February, the Secretary of the Treasury wrote to me that the copy sent to the President, with the balance statements, had been mislaid; and I immediately forwarded, to the Secretary, a copy of these papers. Since that time, I have heard nothing of the matter.

I received, this morning, your letter of the 2d, regarding ^{an} application, ^{about the number} of by Prof. May, for a set of Presidential Medals. His wishes shall be attended to; but I shall have to inform him that the ~~new~~ medals will cost as much money and more labor than a set of bronze medals already proposed, and that, when silver, they will not be so classical in their appearance, and will very soon tarnish.

P.M.P.

W. McClintock Young, Esq.
Acting Secretary of
the Treasury

IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

DECEMBER 20, 1842.

Agreenly to notice, Mr. EVANS asked and obtained leave to bring in the following bill; which was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Finance.

DECEMBER 23, 1842.

Reported without amendment.

~~A BILL~~
du .ser

Regulating the currency of foreign gold and silver coins in the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives
of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That
from and after the passage of this act, the following foreign gold
coins shall pass current as money within the United States, and
be receivable, by weight, for the payment of all debts and de-
mands, at the rates following, that is to say: the gold coins of
Great Britain, of not less than nine hundred and fifteen and a
half thousandths in fineness, at ninety-four cents and six tenths
of a cent per pennyweight; and the gold coins of France, of
not less than eight hundred and ninety-nine thousandths in fine-
ness, at ninety-two cents and nine tenths of a cent per penny-
weight.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after
the passage of this act, the following foreign silver coins shall
pass current as money within the United States, and be receiv-
able, by tale, for the payment of all debts and demands, at the

Rec. March 20, 1843.

5 rates following, that is to say: the Spanish pillar dollars, and
 6 the dollars of Mexico, Peru, and Bolivia, of not less than eight
 7 hundred and ninety-seven thousandths in fineness, and four
 8 hundred and fifteen grains in weight, at one hundred cents each;
 9 and the five-franc pieces of France, of not less than nine hun-
 10 dred thousandths in fineness, and three hundred and eighty-four
 11 grains in weight, at ninety-three cents each.

1 Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the
 2 duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause assays of the
 3 coins made current by this act to be had at the mint of the
 4 United States, at least once in every year, and to make report
 5 of the result thereof to Congress.

1 ~~Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That all acts and parts~~
 2 ~~of acts heretofore passed, making foreign coins current in the~~
 3 ~~United States, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.~~

approved March 3^d 1843

Treasury Department
March 2. 1843.

Sir

Professor S. Wyett will, probably, make application to you for impressions, in tin, of the Presidents of the U. States, from the Dies in the Mint, to enable him to present medals in silver by the Electrotype process, to the National Institute.

If there be no objection to complying with his request you are authorised to do so - any expense incurred, to be, of course, defrayed by Mr. Wyett.
I am respectfully &c.

Wm. Young
Acty. Sec. of the Mint.

D. R. M. Patterson
Director of the Mint

Dear Sir

As Counsel for Mr Field of
Carolina, will you permit me to
see the papers left with you -

as Certificate, notice to take Depositions
& Instructions from his Counsel at
Greensboro NC.

The change of your appointment not
known to, I believe;

Can you make it convenient
to let me see you to morrow
in any hour after 11 O'Clock. or
before 10.

Very respectfully

I am Sir

Yours very obedt

Edw^d C Watmough

Rev Patterson Esq

Rev. Mr. ..

31. March

No 289 Walnut St.

Mint of the United States,
Treasurer's Office, Apr. 31, 1843.

Sir,

I herewith forward you the
quarterly statement ending this day
as a Depository of the public money.

Very respectfully,
Yours obt. Servant
(Signed) Isaac Doach
Treasurer.

To
Wm. Selden Esq.
Treasurer of the U. S. State
Washington

Mont Al.

March 31 / 49.

Sir,

Your remittance to pay the M. L.
Treasury Transfer Draft in our favor
for \$50,000 came duly to hand this
morning, in English gold coins, and the
Treasury returns the draft endorsed and
accepted as you desired.

Very yours, to accept my acknowledg-
ments for the liberality shown by you
in furnishing the Mint with gold bullion
of which it stood in need.

R. M. P.

[Signature]

To/

Gen. Curtis, Esq.

Capt. Bk. of Comm.

N. Y.

Mr Watkinson's note having been
brought to my hands late in the evening
was there answered by a note sent by
his messenger. Of this note a copy was
not kept.

It stated, first, that the papers referred
to had been left, in the afternoon, with
Alderman Birnie, - by myself.

Secondly, that the objections which I
made to the evidence of the Officers & Clubs
being taken had been, at the same time,
withdrawn; though I thought the course
irregular & objectionable, and that the af-
fidavit which I had offered to make was
more proper, and equally satisfactory.

Lastly, I suggested that it would
be better that he should call on me at
the Court, than that I should wait on
him, - as my business there might pre-
vent my going to his office as he requested.

R. M. P.

Mint of the United States
Director's Office, March 31. 1843.

To whom it may concern.

Mr. Jonathan W. Field, of North Carolina, who is an occasional depositor at this Mint of gold for coinage, has to-day produced an authorization of Alderman Binns to take the deposition of Jacob R. Eckfeldt, Assayer, Edward Sprague, Weighing Clerk, and George W. Edelmann, book-keeper, in relation to a certain deposit of gold made by said J. W. Field, on the 12 day of October, 1841, and which is spread upon the records of the Mint. The depositions having been written out, and sent with the authorization, I perceive that their object is to prove nothing but what is shown by the records.

Now be it known, that I do not object to those gentlemen testifying to any facts of their own knowledge and recollection, independent of the record; but I decline permitting them, or any one but myself, ~~from testifying~~ to copying anything of record, and, ~~testifying~~ under oath to the same, as such. I hold myself in readiness to testify to the records of the Mint in this case, as to the receipt of the bullion, the assay, valuation, payment, and any other incidents that may be considered necessary.

J. M. Patterson,
Director.

Bank of America March 30. 1843

Dear Sir

We have received from
Messrs Howland & Spence a check receipt
issued a few days since for \$5,207 ⁴⁰/₁₀₀ Dimes
of Silver Bullion, the proceeds of which we
wish to have in Small Silver Coins, say one
half of the amount in quarter dollars, and
the other half in dimes & half dimes -

Please inform me how soon you can furnish
them -

Remain very respectfully
Yours etc. &c.

J. K. B. B. B.

Wm Patterson Esq
Director U.S. Mint
Philad.

New York 30 March 1843

R M Patterson Esq
Quaker H. S. Mills
Philadelphia

Dear Sir

Our returned farm
of 28th Inst reached us last evening, enclosing
memoirs of our late deposits, as well as of those
made by Mrs. E. H. Ash. Please accept our renewed
thanks for your usual careful attention to this
Bullion - Our letter of yesterday will have explained
to you the disposition we had made of the
proceeds of our parcel, and Mrs. E. H. Ashland
will have the pleasure of addressing you with
respect to them.

We are very truly yours
Ashland & Ashland
Ashland & Ashland

Bank of Commerce in New York

Mar. 20 1843.

Sir

I have in your favor of 28th Dec. and beg to reply that I shall send by the 9 o'clock line hence tomorrow 150,000 in English Gold for the payment of the Branch Aft held by you for that amount. The Gold will doubtless reach you tomorrow afternoon, and I will thank you to deliver the draft to the Bank having charge of the specie, not endorsed in blank, but duly accepted.

I am, Sir, very respectfully

Yours at service

Geo. Carter Cash

Wm. Patterson Esq

President of the Mint

Philadelphia

Boston March 30th 1843
R. M. Patterson Esq
Dear Sir

I am in rec^d of your
favor of 25th Inst with its enclosure - Being
somewhat unacquainted with your regulations
I will thank you to inform me if you will
authorise any one in this City to pay me the
money on surrender of the Certificate, which I
should prefer, or If I am to draw for same
if so at what sight, on whom, for what amt
if the draft may be made pay^{ble} in Gold

Respy Yours Obed^t Serv^t
W^m Goddard

New York Feb 29th 1863

R M Patterson Esq
N.Y. Print Phila

Sir

We had this pleasure
on the 25th inst. & are as yet without a reply.

We now beg leave to advise having dis-
posed of the million deposited with you to
the Bank of America. We request that you
account to it for the proceeds.

Yours very Resp^t

Yours
Howland Spinnell

Philadelphia Nov 29th 1848.

D^r Patterson.

Dear Sir,

I hope you will pardon the liberty I have taken, to trespass upon your valuable time. My situation is the only apology I can offer to you. I have been informed that business is more brisk in the Mint at present. If you have a vacant situation, I will feel very grateful to you by giving me the preference. I can give you satisfactory references as to character & habits to business. I have worked fourteen years for Mr Thomas Fitch. I have been in the employ of Board & Lament, and several others of the same profession in this city. I am well known to several members in the Mint. I have been out of work a few winter a sick wife & three small children depending upon me for support. Now as I am placed at this present time any situation would be acceptable that I could discharge my duty. And believe me to exertion while so waiting in the part to give you satisfaction.

Most respectfully, I am

Joseph A. Fitch.

Mint of the United States.

March 28, 1843.

Gentlemen,

I send enclosed a Memorandum of the proceeds of your deposits of pigs of silver made on the 24th inst. You will observe that they all turn out well, except the last parcel, which was made up of seven pigs that looked so dirty and unpromising that they were ^{together} separately melted, with great care, and the whole silver collected, but with a ~~very considerable~~ loss of weight on melting amounting to nearly one per cent. This ~~few~~ parcel is also below the others in fineness.

The proceeds can be delivered to you ^{in 2 dollars} on Saturday next Friday, in time to go to New York the next morning.

R. M. P.

To Messrs. Howland & Company
New York.

P.S. - I also take the liberty to enclose a Memorandum

Sum of the deposits made by children
G. G. S. Howland.

Albion N.Y.
March 28 /45.

Sir,

I regret to state that Mr. Tupper declines making the payment of the government transfer draft in gold, although he has upwards of \$80,000 of that metal now on deposit at the mint. Now the purpose of the transfer will not be answered by a payment in silver. Our U.S. deposits which of gold is ~~now~~ ^{at present} less than \$55,000, and is entirely inadequate to the desirable object of enabling us to make prompt returns to those who bring to us bullion for coinage. I am under the necessity, therefore, of taking advantage of the kind and liberal offer made in your letter of yesterday, that you would transmit the requisite amount in foreign gold coins.

P.M.T.

J. Geo. Curtis, Esq.
Cashier Bank of Commerce,
New York.

Bank of America March 27. 1843

Dear Sir

I have received your letter of the 24th inst. enclosing a memorandum of the proceeds of our deposits of French Gold Coins on the 22nd inst. and I beg of you the favor to let us have the amount in half Eagles as early as practicable, also the proceeds of our Gold deposits of the 17th inst. —

We have made arrangements with Messrs. Beale & Parshell to pay the Treasury Transfer draft on this Bank for \$50,000 in your favor payable on the 1st apt. and I presume they will pay the same tomorrow.

Remain very respectfully
Your Obedt Servt

Wm Patterson Esq
Director of Mint
Philad^a

For the Bole they

Bank of Commerce in New York

March 27 1872

Sir,

I have rec^d your favor of 25th Inst and beg to reply that under the same date I requested Mr. Liver, Cash^r of Phil^a W^h, to protect the transfer for \$22,000 referred to, and also requested the Treasurer of the Mint to understand with Mr. Liver concerning payment.

Will you do me the favor to advise me if return mail, which it is perfectly agreeable to Mr. Liver to make such payments as you desire. If it is not, we will immediately transmit the required amount in Foreign Gold as requested.

Very respectfully yours,

Geo. Charles Fox

Am. Stationer

Treasurer of the Mint

Philadelphia

Mint Wd.
March 28, 1843.

Sir,
In your letter to the Treasurer of the Mint,
of the 24th inst., with regard to his accounts
of Ordinary Expenses for the 4th quarter of 1842,
you have the following item:
"Christmas Gifts to Watchmen - disallowed - \$2.00"

I think it probable that your objection to
this charge has originated from an impression
that the Watchmen in question are those of the
Mint, who, being in the receipt of wages from the
U.S., ~~ought not have~~ cannot be allowed gratuity
from the same source. But ~~it~~ the charge has
not this objection; for the gifts were made to
the City Watchmen who guard the streets ad-
joining the Mint. In favor of the allowance
I lay to present the following reasons.

First - the Mint has no other out-of-door
watch, and these men, for the small ^{annual} gratuity,
are placed to keep a special eye upon our
premises. On one occasion, they gave
the alarm of a fire that occurred in the
building, and thus saved the U.S. from a most
serious loss.

Secondly - The fee in question is a custom
any one, and is given by all the citizens
who would avoid the character of illiberality.

Three
Lastly - I have always been guided by the
and had given that for your official
think, then Old Chief Coombs, Mr. Adam Eckfeldt
assure me that the custom is of fifty years
standing.

Under those circumstances I hope that
you will not insist upon your disallowance
of this small item.

R. M. P.

H. J. W. McCulloch, Esq.
Comptroller U. S. V.

March 25. 1843

My dear Sir

My particular friend Mr. Gould
of Bergen, a breeding of grapes, for me the
small side of fids that accompany this
letter with a request that I would send it to
you and have the value determined, and pro-
ceed the value of the same about.

Will you confer a favour on me by doing
with the small seal the sheet is accompanying, and
by giving me a certificate with me to satisfy the
bank in the subject.

Yours most truly & respectfully

Rich. Potherson

to Rich. Potherson

Paid

New York, Feb 25th 1875

Wm Patterson Esq
U.S. Mint
Phila.

Dear Sir

We have rec^d the
note for our Silver bullion. I am pleased
to learn from our messenger that the
certificate of value will probably come
by the mail of Monday. That if we
wish it the amt will be at our disposal
early in the week.

Will you do me the
favor to state by return of mail in what
form it will be most convenient for you to
pay us - on what day we shall send
for it?

We are very truly
Yours obed^t

Howland Spinnell

Mint U. S.
March 25/43.

Sir,

A transfer draft on your Bank of Commerce, for \$50,000, has been issued by the Treasury of the U. S., in favor of the Treasury of the Mint, payable on the 1st of April, at the Mint.

The wants of the Mint require that this amount should be paid to us in gold, - our U. S. Deposits being deficient in this metal. May I ask then that you will do us the favor to make such arrangements as will accomplish this purpose for us. Foreign coins, at the Mint value, would answer ~~very~~ perfectly, and would even be preferred.

R. M. P.

D

To/ Geo. Curtis, Esq.
Cashier Bank of Commerce,
New York C.

Philadelphia March 25/43

Gentlemen

Having experienced for more than a year past
a lack of business not having succeeded in making my
expenses good & not being able to better my condition
was obliged to continue in it - yet hoping that it
would take a turn for the better - I still struggle
on - principally on the Credit system - and now I
find myself unable to collect what is due me

I have determined therefore that if I can get hold
of something that will give support to my family
I will gladly and thankfully embrace it

It has occurred to the Gentlemen that Vacancies
may sometimes occur in our public Institutions
and that it would not be deemed improper for a
person situated as I am - to respectfully solicit
for an appointment - therefore I have taken
upon myself to ask of you respectfully that if there
be a vacancy at present in the office or if there
be none at present - should there be one shortly
you would be pleased to appoint me to fill such
vacancy - I shall feel thankful to you and will
in my best endeavors to discharge my duty faithfully

I am Gentlemen

Very respectfully

John T. Clark

To Govt Patterson
Mr. Peck
and Dr. McClinton

No 105 Wood Street
2 doors below Franklin

Mint U.S.
March 25, 1843.

Sir, I send enclosed memorandum of the
proceeds of your deposits made on the 21st
inst. I am sorry to observe that the amount
falls far short of your expectations as stated in
your letter of the 18th. Yet the silver bars were
of high standard, and the gold dust of the full
average fineness; nor is there any circumstance
apparent in the case that will account for the
difference between the true value of the bullion and
the price ^{at} which you were led to value it.

P. W. T.

To
Wm. W. Goddard, Esq.,
Boston.

Mint of the U.S.
March 24. '43.

Dear Sir, I send enclosed a memorandum of the proceeds of your deposit of French gold coins, made on the 22 inst. In your letter of the 21st, you announce British coins, & give a weight evaluation different from those which we have found.

In a letter just received from the Secretary of the Treasury, he states that the Treasurer of the U.S. has been instructed to issue a transfer draft of \$50,000, in our favor, on your Bank, payable at the Mint here, on the 1st of April. I hope it will suit you to pay us out of your gold deposits.

Very respectfully,
your faithful servant,
R. M. P.
D.

To/ }
Geo. Newbold, }
Pres. Bk. America, }
New York. }

Treasury Department.
Comptroller's Office.

March 24th 1843.

Sir,

Your accounts of Ordinary Expenses,
for the 4th quarter of 1842, have been adjusted
at the Treasury, and a balance of \$14,888.83
stated to be due from you to the U. States.

Balance per your accounts \$ 14,888.83
Add.

Christmas Gifts to Watchmen disallowed. 2.00

Charles B. Davis bill for washing towels (P. 132).

over charged - \$ 5 instead of \$ 4 - 1.00

\$ 14,888.83

Very Respectfully
Your Ob^t. Serv^t

MacCulloch

Comptroller

Isaac Roach Esq^r
Treasurer of the Mint -
Philadelphia

Mint of the U. S.

March 23. 1843.

Dear Sir,

Through mistake, my clerk enclosed the wrong memorandum in my letter to you yesterday. We have different rates of deduction for loss on melting of old coins, and too high a rate having been first taken for gold, a new memorandum was made out, & has also reached you. I presume I now write merely for the purpose of explaining this circumstance.

R. M. P.
D.

To Geo. Newbold, Esq.,
Pres. Bk. America,
New York. }

~~Attn.~~ Note. The correct Memorandum was sent last evening by Jacob Shipman.